Regd. No B. 1065 CITY EDITION Regd. No B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL XXV No. 230 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY

Declare Economic Blockade Of Japan

SRIMATI KAMALADEVI-CHATTOPADHYAYA whose stand against gagging orders in Mysore State resulted in the the vindication of the right to freedom of speech.

PANIC IN TWO CAPITALS

Tension Follows Secret Talks Between Hodza And Schuschnigg

VIENNA, Sept. 28.

Political tension prevails in Vienna and Prague following a secret meeting between Dr. Schuschnigg and Dr. Hodza, the Czech Prime Minister at Baden.

It is learned that after receiving a special courier from Germany, Dr. Hodza rang up Dr. Schuschnigg and suggested an urgent meeting to which the Chancellor immediately agreed.

The Government spokesman no longer denies the meeting, but says that Dr. Hodza came to Baden to consult a surgeon and that Dr. Schuschnigg took the opportunity to discuss economic questions concerning Czechoslovakia and Austria.

The spokesman declares that no political questions arising from the Hitler-Mussolini meeting were discussed as alleged in certain quarters.—Reuter's Special.

BELGIUM ELECTED TO LEAGUE COUNCIL

GENEVA, Sept. 28.

The Assembly at its inaugural meeting in the new building elected Belgium as a non-permanent member of the Council by 47 votes out of 52, the remaining 5 being invalid.—Reuter's Special.

Mediterranean Position Easier To-day

GENEVA, Sept. 28.

"It may be that we are entering a better phase of international affairs,—a phase which must have its reflection in the sphere of non-intervention," said Mr. Walter Elliot speaking on the Spanish question at the Sixth Committee. He added:

"We believe that the present moment in the Mediterranean situation is easier than has been for some time past." The British, like the French Government, are using their best endeavours in Rome to ensure that the present improvement is consolidated and used as a basis for further progress.—Reuter.

British Miners' Call To World Workers

GENEVA CONDEMNS AIR BOMBING

But Japanese 'Planes Rain 100 Bombs On "Safety Zone"

LONDON, September 28.

An international boycott of Japanese goods is urged in a resolution passed by the South Wales Miners' Federation at Cardiff to-day representing 120,000 members.

The resolution expresses horror at the massacre of the Chinese and urges the Trade Union Congress General Council to make every effort through the International Federation of Trade Unions and other working class organisations.

To adopt the policy of refusing to handle any goods or materials for export to or import from Japan and create a world-wide movement of boycott of all Japanese goods until the Japanese have left the Chinese territory—Reuter.

LEAGUE CONDEMNS AIR BOMBING

GENEVA, Sept. 28.

The Assembly of the League of Nations adjourned the general debate after unanimously adopting a resolution condemning the Japanese aircraft bombing on open towns.

M. Delvayo cordially supporting said that Spain sent to the great Chinese people the warm expression of their solidarity.

Mr. Wellington Koo thanked the Assembly and declared that he was satisfied that the action will meet with the approval of the whole of the civilised world.—Reuter.

"SAFETY ZONE" BOMBARDED

NANKING, Sept. 28.

Fifteen Japanese 'planes rained a hundred bombs on Wuhu starting two huge fires which have already destroyed the whole blocks of closely packed houses. Casualties are not known.

The bombing was a surprise as the Japanese had listed Wuhu as a safety zone for foreign officials. The Chinese claim that the raiders were intercepted and two 'planes which visited Nanking to-day were shot down.—Reuter.

BRITISH REPLY TO JAPANESE CHARGE

LONDON, Sept. 28.

"There has been no bombing of the natives since the British Flag was flown in Tanganyika." This categorical statement was officially made to "Reuter" in reply to the Japanese assertion which was described as absolutely without foundation.

When Sir Robert Leslie Cragie renewed his representations at Tokio yesterday regarding the recent air bombings he drew special attention of the bombing of the central hospital in Nanking.—Reuter.

JAPANESE 'PLANES RAID NANKING

NANKING, Sept. 28.

Thirty Japanese 'planes briefly raided Nanking, bombing the aerodrome and the arsenal and went on up the river to Wuhu.—Reuter's Special.

HEAVY BOMBING IN PEIPING

PEIPING, Sept. 28.

Heavy bombing is again audible in Peiping indicating local fighting presumably against guerillas.

Severe fighting continues west of the Tientsin-Pukow Railway where large Chinese forces are interrupting the consolidation of a Japanese line across the Hopei plain.—Reuter.

JAPANESE RETORT TO BRITAIN

TOKIO, Sept. 28.

Immediately following Britain's renewed protest against the air-raids of civilians in China, the Japanese Press gives prominence to Italian reports alleging that British authorities are conducting large-scale bombing in Tanganyika "massacring non-resisting negroes."

It is declared here that the Chinese finances are holding out because the Chinese Government are devoting their whole energy

(Continued On Page 7 col. 5)

STOP PRESS

AMBASSADOR FLIES TO MOSCOW.

NANKING, Sept. 28.

The Soviet Ambassador, M. Dimitri Bogomoloff, left by air for Moscow this morning. He is believed to be travelling via Sinkiang and he is expected to reach Moscow on October 2. The reason of the mission is not divulged, but it is presumed that it is extremely important.—Reuter.

RUBBER REGULATIONS.

PARIS, Sept. 28

The International Rubber Regulation Committee met to-day. No communique was issued, but a member of the Committee told Reuter that "no modifications in the existing regulations was decided at to-day's meeting."

H.H. THE AGA KHAN who was elected President of the League Assembly, Geneva, is seen conversing with a member.

Instrument Of Accession Under Discussion

Anxiety To Have Full And Unfettered Sway Over Subjects

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, Sept. 28.

It is understood that the question of revising the general form of the Instrument of Accession, in order meet the objections raised by the Princes is nearing settlement. One objection raised by the Princes refers to the "purpose" clause. They demand total omission of the clause on the ground that the statement of the political ideal in the legal document may have undesirable consequences or difficulty in regard the construction of that particular clause. Secondly, they urge inclusion of the clause to the effect that "no function in respect of any matters specified in the first schedule hereto or under any provision of the act which applied to this state by virtue of this Instrument of Accession shall be exercised in relation to this state by any authority other than the Federal Authority and save in accordance with the terms of this instrument."

It is intended to prevent exercise in relation to the State of the Federal Powers outside the state otherwise than by Federation and also to cover the Railway Tribunal which has been omitted according to their view from Section 294 (2). Another clause which they desire to include is "nothing in this Instrument shall affect the rights and obligations of the Ruler of this State in relation to the Crown with respect to any matter within the functions exercisable by or on behalf of the Federation by virtue of this instrument and no Federal Authority shall have jurisdiction with respect to such rights and obligations."

This is intended to ensure that Federal Authorities do not interfere in the relations between the Crown and the Ruler as they feel Section 285 does not cover the subject fully. There seems also feeling among the Princes that Section 101 in the Act does not give them "sufficient protection and they, therefore, want a separate clause to guard against the possible implication that legislative powers conferred on the Federation by particular Sections of the Act are tacitly accepted by the States. Another clause suggested for inclusion is "nothing in this Instrument affects the continuance of my Sovereignty in and over this State or save as provided by this Instrument or by any law of the Federal Legislature made in accordance therewith the continuance of any of my powers, authority and rights and exercise of any such powers, authority and rights in and over this State is save as above reserved to me." They also demand legal protection to cover Treaty and other rights within the Federal sphere which could be affected by Federal legislation outside the State. It is not yet known how many of these claims if any are likely to be accepted by the Government of India and the Secretary of State.

Plot Against Mussolini?

Two Frenchmen Arrested In Train And Kept In Police Custody

INNSBRUCK, Sept. 28.

Two passengers of the Paris-Bucharest Express have been arrested and charged with intending to prepare a plot against Sgr. Mussolini when he returns. The men are believed to be French and they deny the charge. They are kept under custody.—Reuter's Special.

Provincial Legislature:

Towards Repeal Of Repressive Laws

Orissa Public Safety Act To Go: Bill Passed Without Opposition

CUTTACK, September 28.

The Orissa Assembly disposed of to-day a number of non-official bills.

A Bill to repeal the Bihar and Orissa Public Safety Act introduced by Mr. Jagannath Das (Congress) was passed without opposition.

Welcoming the proposal the Premier said that it was the first duty of the Congress Government to repeal all repressive laws and it was good that such a proposal was brought.

The Deputy Speaker declared that under the order of the Governor the Assembly was prorogued.—United Press.

SHOTGUNS FOR FRONTIER VILLAGES

Resolution Carried In N. W. F. P. Assembly

ABBOTTABAD, Sept. 28.

Without dissent, the Frontier Assembly carried Abdul Ghafur Khan's (Ministerialist) resolution recommending the exemption of Shot-guns from licence for the purpose of defence in the Frontier. The resolution was supported by all sections of the House. It was alleged that the Bannu and Dera Ismail Khan raids could not have happened in such large numbers, if people had been armed.

Sir Abdul Qaiyum, the Leader of the Opposition, said that the province had two wings, a tribal territory and the settled districts; both must be brought to the same level of strength. Instead of non-co-operation, and civil disobedience, new methods were being tried to overthrow the imperialistic regime. Let us try, he said, an experiment of arming the people so that they could protect themselves. This settled districts were now much civilised, he added, and could safely be trusted with Shotguns.

The Premier, Dr. Khan Sahib, felt it was the unanimous wish of the House to supply arms for village protection. He said he would put the case to the Government of India and hoped that the latter would accede to their request.

The Assembly then debated on Mian Jaffarshah's (Ministerialist) resolution recommending Pushtu as the medium of instruction in primary schools which were attended by predominantly Pushtu-speaking students. Minority representatives vigorously opposed. The discussion was not concluded when the Assembly adjourned.—A.P.

First Division In Madras Assembly Lost

MADRAS, Sept. 28.

A lively scene was witnessed in the Madras Assembly this morning when the Opposition demanded for the first time a division on the Cloth Sales Bill, which was lost by 24 against 131, Rao Bahadur M. C. Raja and other Independents voting with the Ministerialists.

Mr. Muniswami, the Minister for Agriculture, moved for consideration of the Madras regulation of the Sale of Cloths Bill. Mr. Abdul Hameed Khan and other Muslim League Members opposed the motion on the ground that the measure hit hard the poor people, as any levy on cloth dea-

(Continued on Page 14, Col. 5.)

Congress 'Gadi' For Subash

All-India Trade Union Congress President's Appeal

CALCUTTA, Sept. 28.

"If we wish the masses of workers and peasants to join the National Congress and participate in the national struggle consciously and harmonious relation to be established between all anti-imperialist sections participating in the national struggle, there can be no better choice for the presidentship of the next session of the Indian National Congress than Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose."

Thus runs a press statement issued to-day by Mr. Sibnath Banerjee, President of the All-India Trade Union Congress, in the course of which he lends support, on behalf of the working class, to the suggestion made from various quarters to elect Mr. Subhas Bose to Congress Presidentship.

Proceeding Mr. Banerjee refers, among the various claims of Mr. Bose to this exalted post, to his active participation in the struggle of workers against vested interests in many fields and says:

"If there is any one among the national leaders who can follow and continue the policy of mass contact initiated by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, it is undoubtedly Mr. Subhas Bose. I wish also to appeal to all others who do not see eye to eye with us, to support Mr. Bose for the sake of a united national front in the grim struggle against imperialism."—United Press.

Jayaprakash Narain's Impression

NEW DELHI, Sept. 28.

Mr. Jaiprakash Narain passed through Delhi to-night 'en route' to Amritsar where he will preside over a peasants' meeting in a village in Amritsar District.

He will visit several other places in the Punjab including Dalhousie where he will meet Mr. Subhas Bose. He returns to Delhi on October 5.

Asked about his opinion about the report emanating from Allahabad about the presidentship of the next Congress he said that he had the impression, from all who had a say in the matter, that Mr. Subhas Bose will be the next President.—United Press.

Shipment Of Cloves From Zanzibar

ATTEMPTS TO TRANSHIP IT TO CALCUTTA

The Indian National Association of Zanzibar has sent the following telegram to Calcutta:—

"Mackenzies shipped four hundred Bombay for transhipment to Germany, but understand C. G. A. trying to arrange shipment to Calcutta. Please watch your side for effective enforcement and prevention of landing and boycott cloves.—Associate Sec."

On receipt of this news in Bombay, messages were sent to Calcutta merchants to take all necessary steps to prevent this shipment from being landed at Calcutta. Messages have also been sent to Calcutta Congress Committee requesting its members to help the Indian merchants to carry out the boycott effectively. The shipment is expected to arrive in Bombay on Saturday next.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

1 ANNA PER WORD—MINIMUM RE. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the 'BOMBAY CHRONICLE' if repeated the same evening in the 'BOMBAY SENTINEL,' will be charged for the Sentinel at half anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words——"Box No. (——) The Bombay Chronicle"——must be paid for. The Management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted District Inspectors and a Branch Manager on Rs. 100—200 p.m. respectively for an established life office. Apply: India Oriol Assurance Co., Ltd., P. O. Box No. 36, Amritsar. (9123A)

Wanted an electrical engineer, having experience of the running of turbo-alternators and electro-pumps for our mills at Hargaon in U. P. Apply to Oudh Sugar Mills, Ltd., Esplanade Road, Bombay. (9127)

Wanted Hindu Motor Driver, knowing mechanics with at least ten years' driving licence without remark. Salary 50—5—70. Apply immediately with testimonials, Post Box 928, Bombay. (9129)

Wanted—A qualified and experienced and well-educated General Clerk on Rs. 36—2—50 p.m. Apply immediately with testimonials stating qualifications and Municipal experience to the President, Ghatkopar-Kirol Municipality. One with special qualifications can be started on pay higher than the minimum. (6916)

Wanted Bank Cashiers, Bill Collectors, Commercial Artists, 4 Deccani Stenographers, Dyers, Gujarathi Typists and Clerks for business firms. Personally apply: Director, Federal Employment Bureau, 31, Forbes Street, Bombay. (9132)

Wanted immediately an experienced Gujarati Graduate preferably with Science as Headmaster. Good prospects. Apply with full particulars stating pay to the Hon. Secretary, Sri Malak Itwari Gujarati A. V. M. School, Itwari, Nagpur City. (6906)

Wanted immediately Stockists and Agents all over India to our "Dutch Drops" Waaning Tilly Oil famous household remedy. Apply the Eclipse Distributing Agency, Dahanu Road, Thana Dt. (9113)

Wanted a qualified and experienced Analytical Chemist for analysing and manufacturing spirituous and non-spirituous medicines for the Standard Drugs Co., Ltd., Amritsar (Punjab). Apply stating minimum pay, etc., to the Secretary. (9122)

62. TO BE LET

To Let, Ground Floor, Nanabhoy Lodge, 558, Hormasji Adenwalla Road, Dadar. Five rooms. Rent Rs. 75. Apply E. N. Kharegat, 16, Alexandra Road, Gamdevi. (9126)

To Let, Khar, near Rly. Station blocks, in Marrott Building. Rent Rs. 33 and Rs. 37. Shakuntla Terrace. Rent Rs. 45. Dagla Cottage Rent Rs. 37. Apply K. C. Marrott or Sind Punjab Restaurant, Marrott Building, Opposite Khar Rly. Station. (6918)

To let at "Jer Building", Queen's Road, opp. Charni Road Station, 3rd and 4th floors. All rooms open to sea view. Apply F. J. Bhugvager c/o Messrs. Batliwala and Karani, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay. Phone No. 27004. (9084)

To Let—A well ventilated block with independent latrine and water tap, near Tardeo Bridge, Lamington Road and a 70 x 26 Godown suitable for a factory at Hathibag, Love Lane Mazagaon. Apply to Manekchand Panachand Javery, 190, Javery Bazar. (8971)

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Local Self-Government Service, L.S.G.D. Diploma Classes under joint auspices of Bombay Government commence at Bombay on 18th October, 1937. Poona and Ahmedabad centres will be reserved for local students only. Apply prospectus Gratis, Local Self-Government Institute, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. (6725)

154. TRAINING INSTITUTIONS

Wanted Students for Wireless Operators' Course, starting 1st October. Calcutta April Examination Results cent per cent (3). Register immediately. Radio Electric (India's foremost Radio School), P. B. 3587, Bombay 4. (6894)

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Pyorrhoea Clinic—48, Abdul Rehman Street, Pydhowni. Pyorrhoea cured by injections and special scientific electric appliances. (9107)

211 HOMOEOPATHY

Get all chronic complicated diseases treated radically. Consult Homoeopathic Specialist Dr. V. S. Tandon—199, Hornby Road. Immediate cures of Asthma, Diabetes, Highblood-pressure, Piles, etc., guaranteed. (8963)

342. COMMERCIAL INSTITUTES

Special New Classes for Diploma Courses in Accountancy, Bank Officers, Companies Secretaries will be conducted from October. Great concession in fees up to 15th October. Best Staff—Best Coaching—Alexandra College, York Building, Hornby Road, Bombay. (9128)

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Pedigreed blue Roan Cocker Spaniel Pups registered K.G.I. parents imported prize winners England and India from Rs. 60 to Rs. 80. Apply Mrs. B. J. Dudley, Port Inspector's House Ballard Pier Station, Alexandra Docks, Bombay. (9114)

655. HIRE-PURCHASE PLANS

Wanted—Candidates for Houses on Hire Purchase Proprietory Rights Free of Rent or any Interest. The Hindustani Bima Co., Ltd., Lahore. (9112)

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

Public Notices

THE RAGHUVANSHI MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the EIGHTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, 11-12 Haines Road, Mahalaxmi, Bombay, on THURSDAY, 30th September, 1937 at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited statement of Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March, 1937.
2. To appoint a Director in the place of Mr. Amratlal Chunilal who retires by rotation, but is eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint a Director in the place of the late Mr. Motilal Kanji.
4. To appoint Auditors for the Current year, and to fix their remuneration.
5. To transact such other business as may be placed before the Meeting by the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from WEDNESDAY, 22nd September, 1937, to WEDNESDAY 6th October 1937, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
RAVINDRA MAGANLAL & BROS.,
Agents.

Bombay, 7th September, 1937.
6851

EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD. BOMBAY.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy numbered 30265 on the life of SORABJI FRAMJI MEHTA of Bombay, the policy moneys will be paid to the assured unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

Bombay, 27th September, 1937.
ALLUM, BHARUCHA & CO.,
Managers.

9130.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE VI by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and Credits of BALVANT MAHADEO NADKAR alias BALVANT MAHADEO KULKARNI alias BALVANT MAHADEO DESHPANDE of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, deceased, residing at Fanaswadi, outside the Fort of Bombay, a widower, retired servant of the Bombay Port Trust, for the use and benefit of the deceased's four minor sons (1) Yeshwant Balvant Nadkar (2) Manohar Balvant Nadkar, (3) Chandrakant Balvant Nadkar and (4) Rajanikant Balvant Nadkar and limited to the period of the minority of any one of the said Minors. ..... Deceased.

and

PRABHAKAR GANESH PANVELKAR, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, the son-in-law of the deceased and employed in the Government service at H. M.'s House of Correction at Byculla outside the Fort of Bombay and appointed by the judge's order dated 23rd April 1937 to apply for and obtain Letters of Administration for the property and credits of the abovenamed deceased for the use and benefit of the said deceased's minor sons.

..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 3rd day of September in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty seven and in the First year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary & Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI

The 3rd day of September 1937.
Mr. KRISHNAJI K. VAIDYA,
Petitioner's Attorney.
6922

Public Notices

NOTIFICATION.

THE CENTRAL INDIA SPINNING, WEAVING & MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

LOST OR MISPLACED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that four Preference Certificates of Shares bearing Nos. 8911|12 and 9503|04 of the face value of Rs. 500 each fully paid up of the Central India Spinning, Weaving and Manufacturing Co., Ltd., standing in the names of Pushpavati Chimanlal and Dr. Chimanlal Maganlal have been LOST or MISPLACED or cannot be traced.

Any person claiming any interest in the said shares must notify the same to the above Company at its Registered Office, Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay or to the undersigned within 14 days hereof, as application for duplicate share certificates has been made by us to the Company.

PUSHPAVATI CHIMANLAL,
and
CHIMANLAL MAGANLAL.

Address:—
Haripura Road, Surat.
16-9-37.

6925

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy numbered 256482 on the life of SHANTILAL MOTILAL SHAH of Bombay. Duplicate Policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

Sd. G. D. SUTHERLAND.
Ag. Manager.

Bombay, the 29th September, 1937.

9131.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that LAKHMIDAS CHANDA RAMJI has contracted to sell to our client free from all encumbrances and claims all and singular the land hereditaments and premises described in the Schedule hereunder written.

All persons having or claiming any right, title, interest claim or demand in to or upon the said land, hereditaments and premises or any part thereof by way of inheritance, sale, gift, trust, lease, underlease, mortgage, charge, lien, or otherwise howsoever, are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned in our Office at Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise at the expiration of the said period the same will be completed without any reference to any such claim and the same if any shall be considered to have been absolutely waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground together with the buildings messuages and tenements standing thereon situate, lying and being at 3rd Agiary Lane, Khara Kuva, in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 142 square yards or thereabouts be the same a little more or less bearing Collector's New No. 251, New Survey No. part of 1382 and Cadastral Survey No. 1367 Bhuleshwar Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "C" Ward Nos. 727 and 728, Street Nos. 12 at 20 and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by the property described secondly, on or towards the West by the said 3rd Agiary Lane, on or towards the South by the 2nd Agiary Lane and on or towards the North by the property of Sobhagchand Fulchand and others.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground with the messuage tenement or house standing thereon situate at the Junction of Second Agiary Lane, and Dhanji Doongaria Street, in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 143 square yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's New No. 251, New Survey No. part of 1382, Cadastral Survey No. 1367 of Bhuleshwar Division and assessed by the Municipality under 'C' Ward No. 697, Street No. 114 and bounded on the North by the sweepers passage and beyond that by the property of Esmail Allibhai Singaporewala on the South by the 2nd Agiary Lane, on the East by Dhanji Doongaria Street and on the West by the property described firstly herein above.

Dated this 28th day of September 1937.

MADHAVJI & CO.
Purchasers' Attorneys.
6923

Public Notices

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE.

With effect from 1st October, 1937, the timings of trains on the Main and Branch Lines of the Broad Gauge System will be revised.

The following are the more important alterations:—

1. No. 5 Down Kathiawar Mail leaving Bombay Central at 21-50 hours same as at present, will be timed to arrive at Ahmedabad at 6-17, dep. 6-45 and arrive at Viramgam at 8-25, instead of 8-42.

2. No. 9 Down Passenger will leave Bombay Central at 9-25 hours instead of 8-55, and arrive at Baroda at 21-20, instead of 21-30.

3. No. 11 Down Passenger will leave Bombay Central at 11-50 hours instead of 13-20 and arrive at Ahmedabad at 5-5, instead of 5-12.

4. No. 13 Down Passenger will leave Bulsar at 7-0 hours instead of 8-0 and arrive at Ahmedabad at 16-55 instead of 18-55, making a new connection with the Metre Gauge No. 4 Down Delhi Express which will be altered to leave at 17-30.

5. No. 4 Up Frontier Mail leaving Delhi at 9-0 hours as at present, will be timed to arrive at Bombay Central at 8-15, instead of 8-30.

6. No. 6 Up Passenger will leave Baroda at 8-0 hours, instead of 7-50, and arrive at Bombay Central at 20-33 instead of 21-10.

7. No. 10 Up Kathiawar Mail will leave Viramgam at 19-21, arrive at Ahmedabad at 21-5, dep. 21-55 as at present but will arrive at Bombay Central at 7-25 or 15" earlier than now.

8. No. 14 Up Local Passenger will leave Ahmedabad at 10-40 hours instead of 10-20, making a new connection with the Metre Gauge 3 Up Delhi Express which will be altered to arrive at 10-5, and reach Bulsar at 20-40 instead of 20-55.

For further particulars, please see Sheet Time Table at stations.

W. T. ALDOUS,
Ag. General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 24th September, 1937.

6905.

S. S. "HAVANA MARU."

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per the above steamer are hereby informed of her arrival here on 26th September, 1937, from Japan via ports en route and requested to present Bills of Lading for counter-signature without delay. Applications for survey should be made in writing to the undersigned within 7 days after discharging and prior to removal of cargo from the Landing Shed. Cargoes for which Bills of Lading have been issued per s.s. "Himalaya Maru," 'Naples Maru" and "Victoria Maru" and consignments of Tallow shipped per M. S. "Brisbane Maru" from New Zealand Ports, have also arrived per this steamer.

N. MATSURA,
Manager.
Osaka Shosen Kaisha.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that RABIABAI, wife of A. Ebrahim of Bombay, Mahomedan Inhabitant, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Fort Chambers, 6-10, Dean Lane (Hummam Street), Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claims and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE.

All that piece or parcel of land, together with the messuages, tenements and buildings standing thereon situate lying and being at Khar being plot Nos. 53|55 in the Survey Scheme No. VII Khar, admeasuring about 1565 sq. yds. or thereabouts bounded on the South by a public Road being Road No. 2 on the North by an open land belonging to Government on the East by public Road and on the West by Motiwalla Building.

Dated this 28th day of September, 1937.

DAYALJI & DIPCHAND.
Purchaser's Attorneys.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE VI by the Grace of God of Great Britain Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for probate of the last will and Testament of VISHNU NARAYAN NIMBKAR, late of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, formerly in service of the G. I. P. Railway Co., a widower and at the time of his death, residing at Zaoba's Oart at Thakurdwar Road, outside the Fort ..... Deceased.

KASHINATH RAJARAM VIRKAR, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, an Accountant in the Office of the Court Receiver and residing at Khatri's Chawl, Gaiwadi, Girgaon, outside the Fort, Sole Executor named in the Will of the said deceased. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit before the Grant of Probate

Witness JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 27th day of September in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty seven and in the first year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI.

The 27th day of September, 1937.
MESSRS AMIN DESAI & NANAVATI,
Petitioners' Attorneys.
6917.

WELLINGTON

THREE SHOWS DAILY: 3-30; 6-30; 10 p.m.

The Glorious Stars of "ROSE MARIE" & "NAUGHTY MARIETTA"

JEANETTE MacDONALD
NELSON EDDY

Surpassing every Romantic Interlude..... every song-filled thrill... they've ever given you! In

METRO-GOLDWYN-MAYER'S MUSICAL SENSATION

MAY TIME

with a cast of 2,000 including

JOHN BARRYMORE

Plans Open. 'Phone: 22666

SUNDAY SPECIAL MORNING SHOW AT 10 a.m.

LAUREL AND HARDY

in "BONNIE SCOTLAND"

PLAZA

—:: DADAR ::—

SCREENS for 3 DAYS ONLY WED., the 29th Sept. to 1ST OCT.

A DELIGHTFUL ROMANCE FROM HAWAII

BIRD OF PARADISE

Starring DOLORES DEL RIO & JOEL McCREA

Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

2ND GLORIOUS WEEK

THEY ARE CHARMED TO HEAR

BAL-GANDHARVA

The Divine Singer of Indian—

SADHVI MIRABAI

(SAINT MIRABAI)

based on Bal Gandharva's famous Stage-Hit:

Amrit Siddhi

A Bal-Gandharva-Ruiker Production

Now DRAWING CROWDED houses

at

THE KRISHNA

TALKIES :: DUBASH THEATRE

Time:—5-15, 8, 10-45. Sat., Sun., and Holidays at 2-45.

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY

Notice Of Declaration Of Dividend.

THE OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE of Bombay has declared a dividend in the following estates as per particulars mentioned below. The dividend will be paid on and after the 7th proximo to those creditors who have proved their claims. The Dividend Warrants will be posted to the addresses of the creditors as appearing in the records of this office.

Serial No.	Insolvency No.		Name of the Insolvent	Dividend declared.	Rate of dividend declared in the rupee.
					As. pies.
1.	180 of 1931	Re:	Percy Welcome.	First	2 6
2.	66 of 1935	Re:	Jivraj Muljı Shah.	"	0 6
3.	469 of 1935	Re:	Satyendranath Damodar Kharkar.	"	1 3
4.	591 of 1935	Re:	John Bartholomew Menezes.	"	0 1|2
5	720 of 1935	Re:	Rajapier Ratanam Brahmin.	"	0 3
6.	776 of 1935	Re:	Francis Agular.	"	0 1 1|2
7.	14 of 1936	Re:	Robert Masquiren.	"	1 0
8.	118 of 1936	Re:	Dattatreya Vinayak Khandaleker.	"	5 0
9.	146 of 1927	Re:	Burjorji Dossabhoy Lawji.	First & Final	0 1 1|2
10.	605 of 1932	Re:	Bhicaji Hari Jadhav.	"	1 6
11.	68 of 1935	Re:	Abdulla Haji Abdul Karim Dulaki.	"	1 10
12.	95 of 1935	Re:	Noormahomed Haji Abdulla Damda.	"	2 7
13.	299 of 1935	Re:	Frank Mendonca.	"	5 5
14.	450 of 1935	Re:	Framroze Pestonji Cooper.	"	1 10
15.	602 of 1937	Re:	John Raymond De Souza.	Second.	3 0
16.	247 of 1930	Re:	Alfred Sam Gabriel.	Third.	2 0
17.	363 of 1934	Re:	Hajibhai Lalji and Co.—a firm.	Preferential distribution	16 0

Bombay, dated this 27th day of September, 1937.

Official Assignee's Office,
High Court, Bombay.

R. S. DILMORIA,
Official Assignee of Bombay.
(6915)

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

NEW EMPIRE
Daily 4, 6-30, and 10 p.m.
TORN BETWEEN TWO MEN ... ...
SHE LOVED AS ALL WOMEN DREAM OF LOVING, BUT AS FEW DARE!

MAX SCHACH presents
ELISABETH BERGNER
in
Dreaming Lips
with
RAYMOND MASSEY · ROMNEY BRENT
Produced and directed by PAUL CZINNER
A Trafalgar Film (Cert. A)

Also Showing
WALT DISNEY'S
1936 ACADEMY AWARD WINNER
COLOUR CARTOON
"COUNTRY COUSIN"
And British Movietone news showing in details scenes of fighting in the
CHINA-JAPAN WAR
And the bombing of
SHANGHAI

NEXT SATURDAY
A THOUSAND LAUGHS . . .
A HUNDRED THRILLS
AND A TEAR OR TWO!
in
ERICH POMMER'S
"FAREWELL AGAIN"
with
LESLIE BANKS
FLORA ROBSON
SEBASTIAN SHAW
A London Films Production
Released thru' United Artists
Plans Open! 'Phone 20286.

THE WORLD HASN'T SEEN THE LIKE OF IT
It's Too Marvellous
Too Surprising
IT'S
THE UNEXPECTED
(DUNIYA-NA-MANE)

प्रभात चित्र
PRABHAT'S
1st Social
The Trailer of which is enjoyed by one and all who have seen it at
CENTRAL
and
MINERVA

3rd WEEK
Huns'
PREMVEER
AT
MAJESTIC
CINEMA
Daily 5-15, 8, 10-30.

PRABHAT'S
TUKARAM
42nd WEEK
AT
CENTRAL
A'so showing the TRAILER of—
THE UNEXPECTED
PRABHAT'S 1ST SOCIAL

SAROJ MOVIETONE'S
Astounding Production
A Tale of Yesterday
A Glorious Historical Spectacle featuring: The Stalwarts of the Indian Screen
DURGABAI KHOTE, SURENDRANATH (B.A., LL.B.) KUMARI ROSE · MUBARAK & ZEBUNISSA
Directed by—
Mr. CHAUDHRY
Presented by—
NANUBHAI B. DESAI
WILL BE SHOWN AT
THE WEST END
TALKIES—LAMINGTON ROAD
From
SATURDAY NEXT

?
HAVE YOU SEEN
DEVIKA RANI
IN
SAVITRI
AT
ROXY TALKIES?
Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
SPECIAL ZENANA SHOW
on
Thursday, 30th at 1-30 p.m.

TWO DAYS MORE
THIEF
of
BAGDAD
PICTURE THAT HAS DRAWN PACKED HOUSES AT
LAMINGTON
DURING LAST FIVE DAYS
SYNCHRONIZED
in Hindi with Vernacular Titles
Daily 5; 8; & 10-45

GENERAL FILMS Ltd.
Present
"CHANDRARAO MORE"
(MARATHI)
PRODUCED AT
FILM CITY
GENERAL FILMS Ltd.,
160, Tardeo Rd., Bombay, 7.
one of the Fazalbhoy Ltd. group
Our next historical Marathi
"RAIGAD"

Mr. Indulal Yagnik (centre) presided over the first Press Workers' Conference held in Hira Baug Hall on Sunday. Group taken on the occasion.

INDIAN NATIONAL SCOUT ASSOCIATION

Provincial Council Elected

The final meeting of the Provisional Council of the I. N. S. A. was held on Saturday, September 25, when in the absence of Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai, Mr. M. C. Chagla presided. The Constitution drafted by the Constitution Committee was passed after additions and alterations. The Constitution is drafted on the basis of the existing scout constitutions all over the world. But these have been modified and altered to suit the conditions prevailing in India. The constitution is so drafted that the National Scout Movement is removed from the controversial atmospheres of religion and politics, and is made to serve educational purposes in the widest sense of the words.

Further the Constitution abolishes the old undemocratic background and the posts of Chief Scouts are abolished. The National and Provincial Councils are fully democratic bodies.

The relations between the various branches of the scout movement are so co-ordinated that all the sections may be trained effectively as a single unit of the Indian population. The relations are established according to the best educational principles theories and practices.

SCOUT TRAINING.

The various tests are made suitable to Indian conditions and whilst adhering to the principle that scout training must be essentially practical, such a practical training is outlined to serve these definite ends. First every scout is introduced to manual labour, secondly the principle of polytechnicalisation is introduced from the earliest possible age, and thirdly practical training is made to serve the double objects of personal training and efficiency and public service of the community.

The scout training will inculcate in youth patriotism of the right type where national reconstruction is based on a broad international outlook.

The greatest importance is given to outdoor life and training in the open so that the youth of the country may be freed from the clumsy atmosphere of the classroom where he receives less useful and impractical education.

The scouts are to be trained as parts of the International Brotherhood of Scouts, imbibing the spirit of fraternity and friendliness to all, free from all caste, religious, political class and sectarian differences.

POLICY OF I. N. S. A.

The Council by another resolution, laid down the following policy for the I. N. S. A.:

That it will strive in all earnestness to bring about a single National Scout Movement in this country and with this object in view will try and help to bring about a unity between all other Scout organisations in this country.

That in order to bring about this unity amongst all National Scouts of the country it will support any move for an All-India Scout Conference by other organisations, or will itself take the initiative to bring about such a Conference.

The Council decided that in order not to come in the way of any move for unity amongst National Scouts, it will restrict the activities of the I. N. S. A. to the Bombay Province for a period of one year for the purpose of affiliation of troops.

The Provisional Council finally decided to adjourn sine die after electing the first Provincial Council for Bombay Presidency. This Council will function for a period of three months after which a Council will be duly elected according to the Rules of the Constitution.

FINANCE & PROPAGANDA.

The Organisation, Finance and Propaganda Committees appointed by the first meeting of the Provisional Council will now work in co-operation with the Bombay Provincial Council of the Indian National Scout Association.

The I. N. S. A. sincerely hopes for the enthusiastic and willing co-operation, support and help of all existing National Scout Movements in India, especially of the Seva Samiti Scouts and of all Provincial Associations and Associations of Indian States which intend to disaffiliate from the Imperial Headquarters and the B. P. Movement. Let us be united, in Scouting at least, and work together to raise the Scout Movement to the present requirements of the country—Unity and unalloyed nationalisation in the interest of the greatest service to the Motherland.

IT'S FOR YOU AND YOUR FAMILY!
Minerva's Biggest Social Hit
Khan Bahadur
Directed by SOHRAB MODI
Starring:—
SOHRAB MODI AND LOVELY NASEEM
Now In Its
3rd CONTINUED WEEK
AT THE MINERVA TALKIES
Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

A Lawyer turns a Vagabond—
Having nothing to live on, he lives on his wits! and
KIDNAPS HIS OWN WIFE!
Meet him in this ultra modern Social Thriller
MILAP
Starring:
PRITHVIRAJ
(New Theatres Star)
BIMLA KUMARI
(Heroine of "Baghi Sepahi")
with
Mazharkhan, Rampyari, and others.
Produced at
EAST INDIA CO.'S
(Calcutta) Studios
MUSIC DANCES!
COMIC PUNCHES!
Coming to
Opera House
Bookings Ramniklal Mohanlal and Co. Khetwadi, Bombay.

Next Saturday
Comes another Great Picture from A. R. KARDAR, the Creator of "Baghi Sepahi"

AROUND THE COURTS

A plea for reduction of the bail amount in the case of Gerald Mitchell was made before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Court.

It will be recalled that Mitchell was arrested some time back at Alexandria and was extradited to Bombay in connection with the affairs of the Investors' Advisory Bureau.

He had been released on bail in a sum of Rs. one lakh and two sureties with a cash amount of Rs. 20,000.

The Magistrate ordered that a bail of Rs. one lakh with one surety with a cash amount of Rs. 15,000 to be deposited till October 12.

The alleged criminal breach of trust is in respect of an amount of Rs. 2,43,700.

On a charge of theft of jewellery, Bowddin Sherkhan was arrested yesterday by the Lamington Road Police.

The accused was remanded into Police custody till 12th October.

George Saloder Fertado, charged of stealing a bicycle from the premises of a teashop in Khetwadi, was arrested yesterday and the Police are investigating.

As Shantaram Gangaram was suffering from iodine poisoning he was admitted to the J. J. Hospital on the 26th instant. He was discharged from hospital this morning.

He was charged with attempted suicide and was released on bail till October 4.

Dock Worker Killed

On the 27th inst., a labourer in the Victoria Docks while removing a rope underneath a couple of bags an unloaded sling of 18 bags came up, swung a little and struck him on the head. He lost his balance and fell down dead. He was about 45 years. The Coroner's Jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

Two persons who were going along Currey Road, yesterday afternoon were, it is alleged set upon and assaulted near the Haji Kasam Building. The two persons were removed to K. E. M. Hospital. One of them is lying in a precarious condition.

The Bhoiwada police arrested Laxman Ghadi in this connection.

Pending enquiries he was remanded at Dadar Court to-day.

A young man of 30 years met his death yesterday at about 5 p.m. when he was going with his sister, along the Railway track from Parel to Elphinstone Road. He was carrying a bundle of grass on his head. An Engine which was passing just then knocked him down. He died on the spot.

'Satta' Convictions

Fines amounting to Rs. 1675 were levied on different persons by Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaon, on being found guilty under the Prevention of Gambling Act. Two were sentenced to pay fine of Rs. 500 each while other fines ranged from Rs. 20 to 150.

The Magistrate ordered that Louis D'Souza who was arrested at Byculla on September 2 on a charge of Satta gambling should pay fine of Rs. 500 or undergo one month's rigorous imprisonment. A similar sentence was passed by the Magistrate on Gafoor Ahemadali who was arrested by the Anti-Gambling Squad on Donlod Street on September 7.

Judgment In Volkarts Case

Simon Mark Raymond Rasquinho, a clearing clerk of Messrs. Volkart Brothers, was found guilty of criminal breach of trust, by the Chief Presidency Magistrate and sentenced to nine months' rigorous imprisonment.

The criminal breach of trust was in respect of money he had drawn by preparing bogus import duty vouchers and extracting from time to time money from the cash department of the firm between May 1, 1936, and April 23, 1937.

The criminal breach of trust was in respect of a sum of Rs. 2,773-13-0.

The accused was arrested by the Parton Road Police on 7th July last.

In convicting the accused the Magistrate observed: "Though the accused pleaded not guilty to the charge when framed, he admits in his written statement the misappropriation of the amount, but he says he was made a tool by the European officers in charge of the Engineering Department."

In regard to the allegation against the European officers the Magistrate observed: 'This is no defence to the charges, but if true, it may be considered by the Court as mitigating the seriousness of the offence."

"In the first place there is not a tittle of evidence. If it were true he could easily have proved it. The explanation of the officers is that they trusted him. He was an old and trusted servant working in the firm for 13 years".

Mr. C. B Velker appeared for the prosecution and Mr. Joachim Alwa assisted by Miss Violet Hari appeared for the accused.

RUNNING BEFORE CROWDED HOUSES
Harishchandra Art's Super Thriller
"Douiat"
Starring:—
Ace of Stunts
CHANDRA RAO KADAM
with HARISHCHANDRARAO, MEHER SULTANA, USHA RANI, SHAH NAVAZ, etc.
Join the crowds at
THE GLOBE
TALKIES:—SANDHURST RD.
Time:—5-15, 8, 10-45.
Fri., Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 2-45 p.m.

Still Drawing Crowds in the
4th Week

MOTILAL
In
"Capt. Kirtikumar"
SAGAR'S
Smashing Success
With BIBBO—KRISHNA KUMARI—YAKUB.
Direction: C. M. LUHAR, B.Sc.
AT IMPERIAL CINEMA
Daily at 5-15—8—10-30
Matinee at 2-30 on Sat. Sun. and Holidays

For
TRAVEL IN UTMOST
RELAXATION
COMFORT AND EASE
USE
Either
Dodge
or
Chrysler
7 passenger SEDANS
or
7 passenger SEDAN
LIMOUSINES
with Glass Partition

Distributors:
BOMBAY CYCLE & MOTOR Agency, Ltd.,
534, Sandhurst Bridge,
BOMBAY. 7.

SIEMENS
AC CEILING FANS
FOR Lifetime Service
AND Silent Efficiency

SIEMENS (INDIA) LIMITED
Tel. 27204 BOMBAY P. O. Box 898

SAFEGUARD
YOUR
HEALTH

GARGLE...
LISTERINE
ANTISEPTIC
FULL
STRENGTH
Destroy the germs
that cause disease.

Prevent the
infection caused
by Dust-storms
VAPEX
TRADE MARK
INHALANT
Sore throat and catarrh, due to the irritating effect of dust, are effectively countered by Vapex. Simply put a drop of Vapex on your handkerchief and breathe the pleasant germicidal vapour. It gives instant relief and protection.
And use Vapex whenever you have a cold. It clears the head, relieves stuffiness, destroys the germs—and soon your cold is gone.
Of all Chemists
MADE IN ENGLAND BY
THOMAS KERFOOT & CO. LTD.
and sold throughout the world
V102

HAMIDA ACCEPTS 'STRANGLER' LEWIS AND Dr. HALL'S CHALLENGE

Prepared To Meet Both Anywhere In India To Retain Rustom-i-Hind Title

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

LAHORE: Sept. 26.

The following two letters, appearing in the "Civil and Military Gazette," will be read with interest by sportsmen in India.

In accepting the challenges of Dr. Len Hall and "Strangler" Ed. Lewis, the heavy-weight wrestlers, Hamida (Amritsar) says that he is prepared to meet them anywhere in India.

Letter I

"It is with no small interest that I have learnt of the statement which has appeared in your esteemed columns under the caption "Heavy-weight Wrestler for India." The communication purports to be a letter from Dr. Len Hall, who has chosen to style himself "as one who is recognised in many countries of the world as the world champion heavy-weight wrestler."

With due deference to Dr. Len Hall's skill and prowess as a wrestler, I wish to say that it is not accurate for him to say that he is recognised as the world champion in wrestling until and unless he has encountered his Indian rivals and vanquished them. This is the more so when he has not even visited our great country with its renowned wrestling champions with their traditions of victory. Among our wrestlers are champions like Gama, Hamida, and Imam Bukhsh, all of whom have so far ben successful in vanquishing their Western opponents.

I would, therefore, willingly join issues with Dr. Len Hall and would personally welcome his visit to our country on behalf of professional wrestlers and like to have a bout with him. The highest laurels which I won by having been declared the Indian champion at Amritsar at the time of Their Majesties' Silver Jubilee celebrations should give Dr. Len Hall an indication of the skill and prowess of wrestlers in India.—"Hamida, Rustom-i-Hind."

Letter II

"I am glad to take this opportunity of accepting on my behalf the open challenge of "Strangler" Lewis who in your issue of September 12, has expressed his preparedness to meet and accept matches with any Indian wrestler.

Hitherto it has been my proud privilege to vanquish all my Western opponents and I have had numerous occasions to be acclaimed as the champion in my profession. I have won the highest awards in wrestling under public, State, and Government managed shows and was declared by Government the Indian Champion ("Rustom-i-Hind") at the time of the Silver Jubilee of His late Majesty the King-Emperor.

As Lewis is arriving in India on September 26, I should like him to meet me at any time and place convenient to him to test his skill and prowess with me.

I am also wiring Lewis intimating him of my acceptance.—Hamida, "Rustom-i-Hind."

Elocution Competition At Bandra

(From Our Correspondent).

BANDRA, Monday.

Neither the roll of thunder nor the threat of a downpour deterred the hundreds that flocked to the East Indian Hall, Bandra Gymkhana, to witness the elocution competition held yesterday evening. This is the second year of the competition and there was a large number of entries from the various Catholic schools of Bombay and the suburbs.

In view of the large number of entries, an elimination contest was held on two previous days at which only the first four were selected.

The standard of the competition was high and the variety of the pieces chosen for declamation did not bore the audience. Applause greeted many a competitor, while individual school rivalry among the student audience was very evident. The judgment was in very competent hands consisting of Mr. E. Hudson-Davies, Inspector of European Schools as President Miss Cecilia Ferreira, Rev. Fr. Llorens, Prof. E. V. Bobb and Mr. Radcliffe-Genge.

The Championship Cup for the highest marks in the aggregate was carried away by St. Teresa's Convent, Santa Cruz, whilst the Antonio deSouza H. S. and St. Stanislaus ran a close second and third respectively.

The following are the results:—

Mr. and Mrs. V. A. Fernandes Championship Cup—St. Teresa's Convent, Santa Cruz.

Mrs. Leo Rodrigues Challenge Cup (Boys not over 8 years)—Master Andrew Braganza, St. Anthony's School, Palli, Bandra.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Dyer Challenge Cup (Girls not over 8 years)—Miss Cynthia Pereira, St. Francis Xavier School, Sherly, Bandra.

St. Andrew's Challenge Cup (Boys over 8 and under 13)—Master Aziz Pabaney, St. Andrew's High School, Bandra.

L. M. D'Souza Challenge Cup (Girls over 8 and under 13)—Miss Maneck Servai, St. Teresa's Convent, Santa Cruz.

Jos. Alex Dias Challenge Cup (Boys over 13 years)—Master Eric D'Costa, Antonio deSouza H. S., Byculla.

Mrs. W. E. Pereira Challenge Cup (Girls over 13)—Miss Gwen D'Silva, Antonio deSouza H. S., Byculla.

St. Joseph's Challenge Cup (East Indian Boys)—Master Roy Gomes, St. Andrew's H. School Bandra.

Basil Gomes Challenge Cup (East Indian Girls)—Miss Gwen D'Silva, Antonio deSouza H. S., Byculla.

After distributing the cups and prizes, Mr. Hudson-Davies congratulated the successful competitors and declared that the standard reached was good and the difference between the various competitors was very slight so that the "cold and calculating" judges had no easy task in making an award. Mr. Hudson-Davies complimented the competitors on their clear delivery and noticed that the use of unuseful gestures was less than in other places. He also pointed out that such a competition fostered a healthy spirit of rivalry among the school's and brought them together for a good object.

DEATH SENTENCE CONFIRMED

Mr. Justice Barlee and Mr. Justice Wassoodev at the High Court confirmed the death sentence passed by the Sessions Judge of Belgaum on one Rudrappa Baswantappa Baddimani.

The accused who was a farmer had killed one Shankarappa Sawlappa Angadi while he was returning from a village on January 30. The motive behind the crime was ill-feeling between the two factions. Two other persons who were alleged to have abetted the accused in the assault were acquitted by the lower court.

The accused's appeal against the death sentence was dismissed by the High Court.

Adulteration Of Ghee And Butter

The following is a list of cases for adulteration of ghee and butter in which convictions were obtained during the week ending 25th September, 1937.

Names of persons convicted and fined by the Municipal Court of Honorary Presidency Magistrates, Fort, Esplanade Police Court:—

(1) Mr. Dongarsi Devraj, owner of the shop at No. 17, Grant Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 75 on 24-9-37, in default to undergo two months' simple imprisonment, for selling ghee adulterated to the extent of 35.4 per cent.

(2) Mr. Manilal Mohanlal, owner of the shop at Laxmi Chawl, Lamington Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 75 on 24-9-37, for selling butter adulterated to the extent of 53.6 per cent

Names of persons convicted and fined by the Municipal Court of Honorary Presidency Magistrates, Mazagaon, Mazagaon Police Court:

(3) Mr. Sitaram Biharilal, owner of the grocer's shop at No. 116, Falkland Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 100 on 22-9-37, in default to undergo two months' simple imprisonment, for selling ghee adulterated to the extent of 93.6 per cent.

(4) Mr. Lalji Velji, owner of the shop at Shrikant Lodge, Hindu Colony, Dadar, was convicted and fined Rs. 180 on 21-9-37, in default to undergo four months' simple imprisonment, for selling ghee adulterated to the extent of 80.0 per cent.

(5) Mr. Jetha Ghela, Vendor in the shop at No. 6, Arthur Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 150 on 23-9-37, in default to undergo one month's simple imprisonment, for selling ghee adulterated to the extent of 43.1 per cent.

WEBER CUP FINALS

Gilder Tank Playground Carries Trophy

In the Finals of the 'Weber Cup' Interplayground Volleyball Tournament held on Sunday evening under the presidentship of Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Minister for Health the Gilder Tank Playground defeated the Mustan Shah Baugh Playground by two games to one taken at 11-15, 15-4 and 15-10.

Sporadic showers continued throughout the game and consequently the playing surface and the ball were rendered smooth and slippery. In spite of the weather conditions the game was exciting and interesting though lacking in the usual rallies which provide a lot of thrills.

After the match Dr. Gilder congratulated the winners for their success and gave away the cup to the captain of the team. He said that it was the first time that he has seen a volleyball match so keenly contested and he really enjoyed having seen it from start to finish.

The evening's function terminated with a vote of thanks to the chair by Mr. J. Callan, the Gen. Secy. of the Y.M.C.A.

HINDI STUDENTS' GATHERING

Plea For Making Hindustani A Language Of Masses

The Social Gathering of the Students of the Hindi Classes conducted under the auspices of the Youths' Lodge, Theosophical Society and the Muslim Students' Union was held on Sunday under the presidentship of Mr. Narayan Ullal, the President of the Youth's Lodge. Among those who were present were Mrs. Perinben Captain Secretary of the Hindi Prachar Sabha, Mr Padbidri of the "Bombay Chronicle" and Mr Sajjan.

At the outset the audience enjoyed the songs sung by Misses Anasuya Nadkarni, Padmavati Padbidri, Kailas Desai and Messrs Shroff, (Taranath), Dhavle, Yeshwantrao Potnis and others. The songs were much appreciated by the whole audience

Mr. Sajjan spoke for about ten minutes stressing the importance of learning Hindi.

Mr. Padbidri gave an account of some of his personal experiences. He stated that he was formerly of the opinion that it would suffice for an Indian to understand what is spoken in Hindi. He said he was wrong. He is now of the opinion that a man should not only have a workable knowledge of Hindi but also should be able to speak fluently.

The controversy regarding Hindi's position as the 'Lingua-Franca' of India was the main theme of his speech. He stated that Hindi is first of all the National Language and not the Provincial Language. More than 50 per cent of the Indian population speak Hindi correctly and no other language has got such a claim over the mass of the Humanity. The whole Northern India including Maharashtra is acquainted with Hindi. Neither Marathi nor Bengali nor any other language has got so much contact with the people as Hindi. Even English people while coming to India for the first time, learn Hindi before leaving England. There are some people in India who cherish the idea that English should be the Lingua-Franca of India. But even after the popular and cheap education is imparted in English for more than a century, not even one person of the population can speak correct English. From his personal experience, as a teacher and Journalist he said that in a majority of answer papers and contributions from the contributors he finds several grammatical mistakes. If this progress is the outcome of the English Education for a century of years, he said that he cannot imagine India adopting English as 'Lingua-Franca.' He therefore dismissed the idea of English as Lingua-Franca. He was really surprised to see the progress of Hindi in Southern India where people speak and learn languages entirely different from Hindi. Scripts are also different. Facing these difficulties, the Dakshini Bharat Hindi Prachar Sabha has published such books which appeal the hearts of the public. People from South take real interest in Hindi and even the City of Bombay had to learn Hindi from a Pracharak from South India. Intelligent and at the same time humorous books are published by the Sabha and that makes the task of spreading Hindi easier. By reading humourous books, one picks up the language easily as the humorous appeal directly to the heart. Once a liking for Hindi is created in the hearts of the people, nothing can hinder them from acquiring the detailed knowledge of the language. Last but not least he appealed the writers not to use difficult words from Sanskrit and Persian Languages. The language, if it is to survive, should be that of the Masses and not a few learned persons.

Mr. Joglekar, the Principal of the Hindi Classes, gave an account of all that has been done in connection with the Classes and the help rendered by the Youth's Lodge and the Muslim Students' Union under whose auspices the Classes are conducted. He hoped that these two lodges will continue to help the Classes in future also.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Bombay Programme

8-30 a.m. Exposition of the Gathas. Ervad Framroz A. Bode. 8-45 a.m. Light Music. Sumati Wadkar.

12-0 noon. "Ditties in Duets." 1-0 p.m. Available Market Rates and Announcements. A Selection of Gramophone Records. 6-0 p.m. Saraswati. The VUB Indian Orchestra. 6-15 p.m. Talk (Urdu): "Urdu or Hindustani." Prof. N. A. Nadvi. 6-30 p.m. To the Bhumijan. A programme arranged for the villager (The News in Marathi and Time Signal at 7-0 p.m.). 7-30 p.m. Popular Songs. By Sunderabai. Assisted by the VUB Indian Orchestra. 8-30 p.m. Commercial News and the News in Hindi. 9-0 p.m. Talk (English): "In Indian Jungles".—No. 9. A Jungle Holliday. By Marcella Hardy. 9-15 p.m. The News. 9-30 p.m. Dance Music. 10-0 p.m. Erwin Klein and his Continental Sextette.

Delhi Programme

8-0 a.m. Rafique Ghaznavi. 8-40 a.m. Sarangi Solo, Paraj. By Sabiri 8-50 a.m. The News (English). 9-0 a.m. The News (Hindustani). 9-10 a.m. Afzal Husain. 9-20 a.m. Duet: "Jiwan Kahani. By Irshad and Aziz. 9-30 a.m. Ham-Bhi-Hain." A programme for women. Amateur Music. By Hena Chatterji. 9-40 a.m. Household Miscellany. 9-55 a.m. Amateur Music. By Hena Chatterji.

12-30 p.m. Indian Music. 1-30 p.m. "Jazz, Waltz, Rhumba, Tango." 6-0 p.m. Sitar Solo. Dhani. By Haider Husain. 6-10 p.m. Afzal Husain. 6-25 p.m. Sarinda Solo. By Pazir Khan. 6-30 p.m. Rafique Ghaznavi. 7-0 p.m. "For Villagers Only." 8-0 p.m. Talk (Hindustani): "At Home and Abroad" No. 6. A Professor. By Shaukat Thanvi. 8-15 p.m. Rafique Ghaznavi. 8-35 p.m. Sarangi Solo. Durga. 8-40 p.m. Anwar Bai of Amritsar. "Classical and Light Music." 9-15 p.m. The News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 9-30 p.m. Time Signal. The News and Weather Report (English). 9-45 p.m. Talk (English): "India to England by Car" No. 4. By J. A. R. Bromage. 10-0 p.m. Classical and Light Music. By Anwar Bai of Amritsar.

LORD HARRIS SHIELD

Anjuman-i-Islam High School's Victory

The second round of the Lord Harris Shield Cricket Tournament was played on Tuesday at the Esplanade Maidan between the Esplanade High School and the Anjuman-i-Islam High School. The Esplanade High School made only 53 runs in the first innings.

The Anjuman-i-Islam High School scored 69 runs with the loss of only one wicket in the first innings. Master Yusuf scored 32 runs not out while Master Nasseem made 24 runs not out. Master Shaikh Husain captured 6 wickets for 12 runs. Thus the Anjuman-i-Islam High School won the match by 16 runs and 10 wickets and qualified for the third round.

Berar Football Tournaments

The Secretary of the Berar Football Tournaments Akola, writes:—

The Berar and C. P. Football Tournaments will be held from Nov. 11 to 14 (both days inclusive). The last date of entry is November 4.

Who Makes A Fetish Of The Charkha?

Mr. Purshottam Kanji, Secretary, A. I. S. A., Bombay Branch, writes:—

Replying to the several suggestions put from time to time to relieve the poverty of Indian Ryots such as poultry farming, Dairy products and improvements in agriculture, Acharya Kriplaniji writes:—

"No schemes for the removal of Indian poverty would be too many. The advocates of the charkha were not born with a faith in the charkha. Rather the other way about. Most of the organisers are modern university people some in Bengal have to their credit the organising of the industry on modern western lines. All their educative training and self-interest were against the charkha. They have taken to it being convinced by the hard cruel facts of Indian village life. They have had to undergo not a few personal inconveniences and they had to put a considerable amount of sacrifice before they could organise the charkha. Surely if they are shown even the theoretical possibilities of the success of any other scheme that promises to put more in the coffers of the peasant than the charkha, they are not the people to hesitate. But the best plan for the advocates of the other schemes would be to live up to their faith and by working their schemes give a practical demonstration of the respective merits of all or any of them. It will then be time for them to invite the Khaddarites who cannot be blamed if they work out the one scheme they believe in and which has given them tangible results."

It is understood that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is visiting the Frontier in October next.

"DAULAT"

(Continued from Page 9.)

"gold" and "silver"—is everything in this world. They do not believe in humanity and they scheme day and night to pounce upon somebody's money by hook or crook. Those persons care not for the results to come and do the most miserable of Satanic things to thrill anybody's heart in this world.

"Daulat" which lays bare a thrilling story of a brigand a hunter of the gold and girls—is full of noval ideas dealing with criminal's methods of working. Ghastly ways of these brigands are most thrillingly described on the celluloid by director Mr. Yusuf. The method by which a gang of robbers work to capture a secret treasure will make your hair raise and the dazzling excitement caused thereby will keep you spell-bound.

Chandrarao Kadam, better known as Indian Tarzan in Indian Filmworld appears as the hero of this great thriller. His wonderful stunts, his daring and death-defying ways of life. Together with Chandrarao Kadam you will see his brother Harish Chandrarao, who is a terrific stunt master. You will be charmed to see Meher Sultana as a leading lady in this great thriller. Then there are Usha Rani, Sadik, Shah, Navaz and Khatoon. This picture is distributed by Empire Talkie Distributors.

"Daulat" is drawing crowded Houses at the Globe Talkies this week.

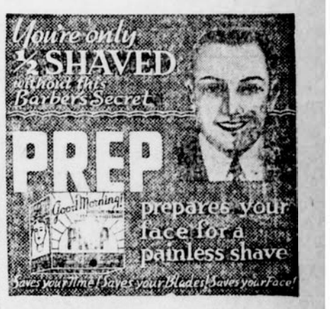
The Bombay Flying Club machines reached Baghdad yesterday on their return flight to India. They are leaving for Bushire at dawn on Wednesday. Flight.-Lt. Simpson is joining them at Karachi.

They fly down to breakfast for
Scott's Porage Oats

For young and old, Scott's Porage Oats are the ideal breakfast—delicious to eat, rich in nourishment for brain and body, easy to digest. These are the choicest of the Scottish crop and Scottish oats, as everyone knows are the finest in the world.

COOKS IN 5 MINUTES

Sole Agents:—Herbertsons, Ltd., Bombay.



PAMPA

LATEST IN QUALITY SOAPS
Delightfully Emollient & F
CALCUTTA:: BENGAL CHEMICAL ::BOMBAY.
Agents. ORIENT DRUG AGENCY, Princess Street, Bombay, 2.

Safely Rely on
AMRUTANJAN BALM

For the Cure of Colds, Cough, Headaches, Rheumatism, Swellings and all other kinds of Aches and Pains.
AMRUTANJAN DEPOTS
BOMBAY AND MADRAS.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-Day

Hindu: Bhadarva Vad 10, 1993
Muslim: Rajab 23, 1356
Parsi: Farvardin 24, 1307
Hightide: 7-48; 19-58
Lowtide: 0-50; 14-28
Sunrise: 6h. 29m.
Sunset: 6h. 30m.

UNANI HAKIM'S ASSOCIATION BOMBAY

A meeting of some Hakims of the Bombay City was held on the 25th Sept. at American Hospital which unanimously decided to convene a general meeting of the Hakim's of Bombay to elect the members of the managing committee and office-bearers.

All the Hakims of Bombay are requested to attend the meeting on Sept. 30, at 9 p.m. (S. T.) in Princess Building (1st floor Room No. 28) near J. J. Hospital.

MUSLIM NATIONAL GUARD

There will be a lecture to the Guards on the importance of carrying out the terms of one's pledge explaining at the same time the implications thereof by Mr. S. M. Husain on the 29th instant at 8-15 p.m. (S.T.) at Shahnu Castle, Mohamed Ali Road.

THE MAPUCA UNION

The sons of Mapuca will celebrate the Feast of their Patron St. Jerome on Sunday, the 3rd October 1937 at the Gloria Church Byculla, at 9-30 a.m (S.T.) with a Solemn High Mass and Benediction, and Sermon.

FREE HINDI CLASSES IN FORT

Hindi classes will re-commence from 3rd October 1937 at Bai Kabibai Hindu High School premises, Holichakla, Bohra Bazar Street, Fort, where Prathamic, Rashtrabhasha Pravesh and Rashtrabhasha Parichaya classes will be conducted. Those desirous of joining any of the above classes are requested to register their names at the above place between 7-30 and 9-30 a.m. (S.T.) on that day. No fees whatsoever are charged.

DEPRESSED CLASSES EDUCATION LEAGUE

Prof. V. G. Rao of Elphinstone College will pay a visit to the Night School, conducted by the League in the Princess Street Municipal School premises, on Wednesday 29th instant.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The Clan line Steamer Macilwraith arrived at Suez on Saturday evening on September 25.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS DISCUSSION GROUP

The Foreign Affairs Discussion Group of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party will meet this week on Friday, 1st October, 1937 at the Party Office at 7 p.m. and not on Wednesday as previously announced. Comrade Asoka Mehta will speak on "The Mediterranean". to be followed by a discussion.

POSTAL NOTICES

Regd. and unregd. Mails for Colombo, the Straits Settlements, Hongkong, Shanghai and Japan per s.s. "Comorin" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 2-30 and 3 p.m. respectively on Friday the 1st proximo.

As the Fast Gulf Mail Steamer s.s. Varsova is now due to sail on 1-10-37 after the arrival of English Mail Steamer s.s. Comorin which is expected to arrive in Bombay on 1-10-37 at 11 a.m. the following will be the latest hour of posting of correspondence and parcels at the Bombay G.P.O. for the offices in Iraq, Iran and Persian Gulf.

Unregistered correspondence upto 1 p.m. on 1-10-37.

Registered correspondence upto 12-30 p.m on 1-10-37.

Parcels correspondence upto 5 p.m. on 30-9-37.

The latest hour of posting in the Town Sub Offices will be notified by those offices, and it will be so regulated as to ensure the receipt of the postings in the Bombay G.P.O. in time to be included in the last despatch from that office.

DUBASH MEMORIAL ELOCUTION COMPETITION

The Annual Elocution Competition for the K. J. Dubash Memorial Trophy will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 5-45 p.m. at the Sir C. J. Hall when the Honourable Mr. Justice N. P. Engineer will preside and Mrs. Engineer will give way the prizes. The Judges besides the President will be Rev. Fr. Balaguer S. J. Mrs. Redcliffe Genge and Principal Rustom Marzban, B. A. Keen Competition is expected and all are requested to be in their seats by 5-30 p.m.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY WOMEN'S COUNCIL

Under the auspices of the Bombay Presidency Women's Council and other women's associations, a public meeting will be held to support Mr. B. Das's Child Marriage Restraint Amendment Act at the Wilson College Hall, to-day (Wednesday) at 4-30 p.m.

RASHTRIYA MAZDOOR SEVA SADAN

Mr. Jinabhai Joshi M.L.A. and Mr. Gokulbhai Bhat will speak to-day at 8-30 p.m. near Mathuradas Mill, Lower Parel Bridge on "Removal of untouchability". There will also be a performance by Veer Bharat Mela.

THE EXCELSIOR
AT 6-30 & 10 P.M.
Ivor Novello's musical treat
"GLAMOROUS NIGHT"
with lovely
MARY ELLIS
singing at her best.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"West Bound Limited" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram". Daily at usual time.
EXCELSIOR—"Glamorous Night." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE—"Doulat" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Capt. Kirtikumar". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Sadhvi Miraibai" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"The Thief of Bagdad" Daily at 5, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Premveer". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Khan Bahadur". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Dreaming Lips". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Gangavataran". Daily at 5-15 8 and 10-30 p.m.
PLAZA—"Bird of Paradise" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m
REGAL—"Robber Barons" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Savitri". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Between Two Women". aily at usual time.
WEST END—"Anath Ashram". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

PUBLIC MEETING AT 'C' WARD

Under the auspices of 'C' Ward Congress Committee a public meeting will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) at Chandanwadi Chira Bazar Sjt. S. K. Patil will preside and Messrs. Yusuf Meherally, Yashvant Parulekar, Gajendranath Sherman, Sarjuprasad Banka will address the meeting.

GANDHI JAYANTI AT SANTA CRUZ

On the second day of the Gandhi Jayanti week, a public meeting was held at the Saraswat Colony, Santa Cruz, on Monday night. Sjt. D. M. Nagarkar, President of the local Congress Committee, under whose auspices the meeting was held, presided. Sjt. Gokulbhai Bhatt gave a discourse in Hindi on the life and teachings of Mahatmaji and exhorted the audience to strive to attain the maximum possible level in the pursuit of the two ideals placed by him before a world in distress, viz. Truth and Non-violence. Gandhiji's ambition was to make this the one country in the world where the reign of these two principles was supreme within human limitations. This was his way of contributing towards World Peace.

Smt. Gangaben Patel also spoke on the need of our helping this cause of elevating the name of our country by following Mahatma Gandhi's simple precepts of Khaddar and Service to our fellow beings.

LATE MR. G. B. JOSHI

At the meeting of the Council of Management of the 'G' Ward District Congress Committee the following resolution regarding the sad demise of Mr G. B. Joshi was passed.

"This meeting has learnt with great regret the sad demise of Mr. G. B. Joshi who was once a Vice-President of our Ward Committee. This meeting sympathises with the family of the deceased in their sad bereavement.

BHARAT EDUCATION SOCIETY

At the meeting of the newly formed Bharat Education Society, Dadar, to take over the management of the schools. The Bharat Vidya Mandir, at Dadar, The children's Model School at Dadar Road, and the Modern English School at Lalbaug heretofore conducted by the Udyam Prasarak Mandal Dadar it was resolved to do so and the following gentlemen have kindly accepted to work on the Managing Board of the Society.

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas; Mr. Jinabhai P. Joshi; Mr. Ganpatrao Bhimrao Afzoolpurker; Dr. S. R. Naik; Mr. S. B. Mahadeshwar; Mr. B. E. Somani; Mr. K. B. Joshi; Shet Kuwarji Shah; Mr. Bhaurao Keny; Mr. Bhau Sheth and Mr. L. F. De Souza.

BOMBAY PRIVATE MOTOR DRIVERS- ASSOCIATION

The First Ordinary General Meeting of the Members of the Bombay Private Motor Drivers' Union will be held on Sunday the 10th October 1937 at 9 p.m. (S.T.) at the People's Jinnah Hall, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay to transact the following business:—

(1) To consider and adopt the Report and Balance Sheet for the year ended 30th September 1937.
(2) To elect Honorary Members for the coming year.
(3) To elect office-bearers for the coming year.
(4) To elect Members of the Executive Committee for the coming year.
(5) To discuss Resolutions.
(6) To transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting ith the permission of the President.

Notice of Resolutions and amendments to the Rules of the Union and of nominations for Honorary Members, President, Vice-Presidents, Treasurer, Secretaries and other members of the Executive Committee should reach the secretary not later than 3rd October 1937.

Resolutions of which notice has been given to the Secretary as aforesaid and nominations of the office bearers and members of the Executive Committee will be placed on the Notice Board at the office of the Union on 6th October 1937.

Members who have failed to pay their subscriptions continuously for the past three months will not be admitted to the meeting. Subscriptions may be paid at the door before the time of the meeting.

"INDIA'S CONTRIBUTION TO WORLD CIVILIZATION"

Dr. Syud Hossain's Lecture

Under the auspices of the Bombay Field Club Dr. Syud Hossain will deliver his first lecture in India on "India's contribution to world civilization" at 1-30 p m. to-day (Wednesday) in the Lecture Hall, on the ground floor, University South Wing.

Mr. S. A. Brelvi will preside.

KHADI UNIFORMS FOR PEONS

POONA, Sept. 28.

It is understood that the Congress Ministry has issued circulars to various heads of departments asking whether Khadi could not be conveniently employed for uniforms, where these are supplied at State expense. At present the vast army of sepoys and menials in Government Service are given expensive uniforms of woollens with golden braids.

It is thought that they do not needs these costly paraphernalia now-a-days and the Ministry is endeavouring to infuse a new spirit into the administration and hopes before long to succeed in briging about a substantial change in the outlook which is necessary for efficiency and economy.

It is understood that as Government have already taken steps no resolution will be brought before the Assembly in this connection.—A. P.

Kenya Governor Entertained

(From A Correspondent.)
NAIROBI, (By Mail).

His Excellency the Governor and Lady Brooke-Popham were entertained at a garden party given by the Islamia Provincial Council on Tuesday, Sept. 7 at the Aga Khan Club, Nairobi. Mr. H. B. Vellani, Member of the Supreme Council, welcomed the guests of the evening on behalf of the Islamia community and during the course of his speech traced the history of about 120 years of the community.

His Excellency in reply expressed his thanks for the eloquent words used by Mr. Vellani, and how pleased he was to be present at the gathering. He mentioned how, on many previous occasions, he had affirmed his whole-hearted desire to do everything possible for the welfare and prosperity of Kenya, and how he had every intention of "having a very good shot at that," in fact it would mean "our taking off our coats."

The Governor referred to his visit to the coast, and stated that he had made many notes of things that have to be done, and which he wants to do, and he hoped to be able to get them done.

SANITARY INSPECTORS' EXAMINATION

Free Studentships And Prizes

The Government of Bombay have revised the rules regarding the grant of free studentships for candidates to be selected for the course of Sanitary Inspectors' Examination. The free studentships have been reduced from four to three, and the number of prizes awarded to successful candidates from five to one.

Of the three free studentships two will be allotted to candidates from the following classes:—

(1) Medical subordinates who are Licentiates of the College of Physicians and Surgeons;

(2) Veterinary graduates, i.e. diplomates of the Bombay Veterinary College;

(3) Medical graduates (L.M. & S. or M.B.B.S.);

(4) Licentiates of the College of Physicians and Surgeons already in the permanent employ of Government, provided the extra cost involved on account of the engagement of substitutes, travelling allowance, etc., is borne by the Department to which they belong.

(5) Candidates not included in items (1) to (4) above, i.e. individuals intending to take up Sanitary Inspectors' work as their profession in life or secretaries of minor municipalities (i.e. those with a population below 15,000) who have put in at least two years' satisfactory service as such and who propose to continue in that service.

The remaining one free-studentship will be allotted to a candidate coming from the following:—

Inspectors of Sanitation and Vaccination, Vaccinators, selected clerks and compilers from the Public Health Department. A candidate from this group is admissible to each session provided the standard of his education in the opinion of the Executive Health Officer, Bombay Municipality, or of the Director of Public Health is sufficient to enable him to follow the instruction in the class. The selected candidate from this group will be entitled to draw his grade pay while attending the course.

The selection of candidates to free-studentships will be made by the Director of Public Health subject, if he considers it necessary, to the sanction of Government.

Medical subordinate officers possessing the diploma of L.C.P.S. and Veterinary graduates will be given preference over the Medical graduates and over the other classes of students in group I.

Government will provide an examination prize of Rs. 150 to the student of the class who succeeds in obtaining the diploma of the Royal Sanitary Institute and who, in the opinion of the examiners, has passed the examination with distinction

In order to be eligible for the prize a student must have attended at least three-fourths of the lectures and demonstrations given.

Candidates in Government and Municipal employ who draw pay during the course of instruction will not be eligible for the prize.

"INDIA ABROAD"

Syud Hossain's Lecture

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, Prof. Syud Hoosain, who has recently returned from America to deliver a series of lectures at the Calcutta and other Universities, will address a public meeting in Bombay at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) to-morrow (Thursday) at the People's Jinnah Hall, Vithalbhai Patel Road. Mr. Syed Hossain will speak on "India Abroad."

STUDENTS IN AMERICA AND INDIA

Syud Hossain To Speak At Jinnah Hall To-day

Under the joint auspices of the Bombay Students Union and the Youths' Association a public meeting will be held at 6 p.m. to-day, at the Jinnah Hall, Bombay, when Prof. Syud Hossain of University of Southern California, who has returned to India after 17 years on a lecturing tour, will speak on "Students and Youths in America and India." (A contrast and a comparison).

Mr. K. F. Nariman will preside.

BOMBAY CONGRESS SOCIALIST PARTY STUDY CAMP.

The Bombay Congress Socialist Party is proposing to arrange a Study Camp in the suburbs from 11th October to 18th October.

Study Syllabus for the Camp will be issued shortly. Those joining will have to bear their own expenses.

As the accommodation is limited, those members desiring to join the Camp are requested to communicate immediately with the Secretaries who will give all other details.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

Kurla's future may be decided at the Suburban District Self-Government Conference shortly to be convened.

A part of the Kurla public is striving hard to restore the Municipality which was dissolved by the Government in 1924.

That Kurla's future will be with the Bombay Municipality, though this change will not take place in the period of a year or two, can be judged from the several attempts made to amalgamate Kurla with Bombay.

The first attempt was made in 1918, when Government and the Bombay Municipality jointly employed Mr. G. H. Gowan to investigate into the matter of amalgamation. He recommended amalgamation. In 1927, the Bell Committee were of the same opinion and this year again the question was discussed in the Bombay Municipal Corporation.

Kurla will certainly profit by amalgamation. It is an industrial town with an illiterate population of factory workers.

This should be the chief reason why Kurla ought to be governed by a body that fully understands the civic needs of the people.

The present talk of amalgamation has been completely dropped; and now as efforts for restoration are being made, the Conference might before deciding in in either way study the complete situation and come to a decision that will be of interest to the residents of Kurla themselves.

ADMINISTRATION REPORT 1936-37.

The report of the Bandra Municipality just out, makes very interesting reading.

Bandra now has a population of 50,000 including Khar and Santa Cruz area and has an area of 7. square miles.

During the year under report, the total receipts were Rs. 8,11,034 as against Rs. 12,14,820 in the previous year which shows a decrease of Rs. 4,03,786. The ordinary revenue is Rs. 7,89,204, excluding extra-ordinary revenue and debt, whilst in the previous year it was 7,64,277.

The total expenditure during the year under report was Rs. 9,55,000 against Rs. 8,54,143 of the previous year.

GANDHI JAYANTI WEEK

Exhibition At Congress House

The Secretary of the Gandhi Jayanti Exhibition Committee writes:—

TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY)

Exhibition will remain open from 4 to 11 p. m.

Booking office will be closed at 10-30 p. m.

Musical Concert by Mrs. Gangubai Hungul (Gandhari) at 9 p. m.

Mrs. Gangubai Hungul (Gandhari)

Broadcasting of Records of well-known musicians done through loud-speakers of Chicago Radio Co.

Admission Tickets:—One Anna for adults and Half Anna for children under 10 years.

MUSIC CONCERT

For the music concert by Mrs. Gangubai Hungul (Gandhari) a small fee of As. 4|- is fixed which includes fees for entrance into the Exhibition. To avoid rush at the Booking office at night, tickets are made available from morning 8-0 at Congress House.

SPECIAL DAY FOR LADIES

Friday 1st of October has been fixed up as a special Ladies Day and the Exhibition will be kept opened from 3 to 5 p. m., only for ladies. An interesting programme has been arranged from 5 to 7 p.m. which will be open only for ladies. On that day, general admission to the Exhibition will be from 5 p. m. to 11 p. m.

Charkha Competition

Charkha Competition will take place on Saturday, 2nd October at 3 p. m. (S.T.) at Congress House. All those ladies and gentlemen who have registered their names for the Competition are requested to be present at the Congress House at 2-30 p. m. sharp (Half an hour before the time fixed, viz; 3 p.m.) Competitors should bring their own Charkhas and Falkas. Cotton punis will be supplied by the Committee.

CHARITY CINEMA SHOW

The first of the series of functions to be held in aid of the Home for Destitute Children at Matunga took place at the Capitol on Sunday morning. It may be recalled that the Home has been run by the Society for the Protection of Children in Western India for the last twenty years.

The programme on Sunday morning consisted of two coloured cartoons, the Coronation film, and a full length Laurel and Hardy comedy "Our Relations". The programme as well as such a good cause attracted quite a packed house, and the Entertainment Sub-Committee of the Celebration Committee could have easily sold twice the number of seats. There was a tremendous demand owing to the showing of the coronation film.

It would indeed be very encouraging if other cinemas, English as well as Indian followed suit in an endeavour to help the Home, which for twenty years has been a mother and father to unfortunate Indian children. The kind-hearted public of Bombay is always ready to give financial help and here is a very deserving cause. It is our duty to help the Home as an expression of gratitude for all it has done in devotion to Indian humanity.

The Celebration Committee is very grateful to the proprietors of Messrs. Globe Theatres Ltd., for very kindly lending the Capitol on Sunday morning. The Metro-Goldwyn-Meyer film, featuring Laurel and Hardy lent by the kind courtesy of Mr. Roland-Jones, the United Artists two films, Micky's Rival and Night before Christmas and the 20th Century-Fox coronation film in technicolour were shown.

MID-WEEK CHANGE OF PROGRAMME AT THE CAPITOL

The exciting incidents of a railroad drama, "West Bound Limited" will stir audiences at the Capitol from Wednesday, 29th instant. From the first toot of the locomotive whistle to the last click of the rails, this movie provides thrilling entertainment. Lyle Talbot, portraying a station agent, is disgraced when, fighting off hold-up bandits he allows a passenger train to pass a switch and go to destruction. He has no witness to prove that he was helpless to prevent the accident when it happened. Convicted of criminal negligence, he escapes the prison guards and becomes a fugitive. Months later he is befriended by Polly Rowles and earns the hatred of Henry Brandon who love Polly Brandon learns Talbot is a fugitive and arranges for his arrest. When a passenger train is in danger of destruction, Talbot risks imprisonment to save it. The unusual climax of the film vindicates Talbot and establishes the actual criminal. Besides Lyle Talbot, Polly Rowles and Henry Brandon, the cast includes Henry Hunder. William Lundigan and Frank Reicher. Ford Beebe directed the offering.

G. I. P. Railway Workers Divisional Conference At Kalyan

The Divisional Secretary, Bombay, G. I. P. Railway Workers' Union, writes:—

The postponed meeting of the Divisional Committee of Bombay of the G. I. P. Railway Workers Union was held at the Parel Office of the Union on the 27th of Sept. at 6-30 p.m. After passing the minutes of the last meeting of the Divisional committee and the report of the activities of the Union on the Division so far, the meeting adopted a resolution to hold the annual General Meeting and the Conference of the Division at Kalyan on the 17th of Oct. 1937. Comrade Ruikar was elected President of the Conference.

The proposed Conference at Kalyan is especially going to focus the attention of the Railway workers on this Division on their immediate burning grievances. Resolutions on non-granting of promotions, the nuisance of the Sawkars, the non-granting of loans by the Co-operative Bank, the inhuman conditions in the Railway quarters and such other things are going to be passed.

The question of recognition of the G. I. P. Rly. Workers Union by the Agent will also figure in the Conference.

REGAL
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
TOMMY FARR
vs.
JOE LOUIS
(Released by RKO-RADIO)
WORLD HEAVYWEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP FIGHT?
RKO-Radio's sensation—
"ROBBER BARONS"
(The Toast of New York)
with Edward Arnold, Jack Oakie, Cary Grant, Francis Farmer
Revelling, fighting in a glittering world of wine and women!

THE MOST SPECTACULAR FILM OF ALL TIME!

OUT OF TENNYSON'S HEROIC PAGES CHARGE THE "SIX HUNDRED"
ERROL FLYNN
OLIVIA De HAVILLAND
The CHARGE of the LIGHT BRIGADE
PATRIC KNOWLES · HENRY STEPHENSON · NIGEL BRUCE · Donald Crisp · David Niven · Robert Barrat
Directed by Michael Curtiz · A Warner Bros. Picture
SATURDAY NEXT
PATHE
BOOK EARLY—'Phone 41561.

CAPITOL
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
SINGING RAILS! LAUGHING LOVE! TENSE ADVENTURE!

A NEW UNIVERSAL PICTURE with
LYLE TALBOT · POLLY ROWLES

Climatic conditions necessitated
the easy-chair,

The Special Chair for the Tropics
The same reason led to the production of Cafiaspirin.
Cafiaspirin the quick reliever of all aches and pains, is so composed as to best suit the special needs of tropical climates and is therefore:
The Special Aspirin for the Tropics
'CAFIASPIRIN'
BAYER
Safe and Effective

Telephone No. 22620
Post Box 223
Telegrams: "CHRONICLE"
Registered No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1937

THE POLICE

The annual conference of district police officers held at Poona under the presidentship of Mr. K. M. Munshi was the first to be presided over by a responsible Minister. The situation in which a person who had been constantly spied upon by the police officers, when not actually in their custody, suddenly found himself as president of their own conference must have come to most of the officers as a great relief, as putting an end—for good and all, they must have hoped—to an unnatural state of things. It is well-known that many Government servants secretly wished the Congress to succeed at the last elections. We shall not be surprised if they included a large number of police officers. Yet many of these officers may now be finding it hard to adjust themselves fast and completely to the revolutionary change. Mr. Munshi said in the course of his presidential speech that "what was once a conflict between opposing hosts had now become a family quarrel." We share his hope, however, that "the changes implicit in the transfer of power would soon be realised by all and would end even this "family quarrel."

The Changes

Mr. Munshi clearly explained the more important changes that particularly affect the police department. Under the new system, he said, "Government could no longer live on the heights of official prestige. They now depended for their existence on public confidence. They had to be accessible to the public as never any Government was before, and to be responsible to popular opinion. They had not merely to see that the Services acted to their satisfaction, but had also to make the public feel that they were doing so." That fact, Mr. Munshi insisted, must be reflected in the relation between all Services and the public, and in no department of Government was it more vital and urgent than in the police. Police Officers all over the country have often and often complained that their department is the most unpopular. But it need not be so except to wrong-doers. Policemen's unpopularity, as has been admitted time and again by many Magistrates, judges and even by some higher police officers, is due to their working not as loyal servants of the people but as their bosses. It is true that police work is often a thankless task and Mr Munshi, realising their difficulties, urged them to "uphold the law by all means without fear or favour," but "with good humour and without being vindictive." They should pursue their duties, he said, "in the spirit of service to the public and maintain not only order but also the reputation of Government and the dignity of democratic institutions in the country."

A Worthy Ideal

That is a worthy ideal not only for the police but for all servants of the State, not excluding the Home Minister himself. So long as the police work in the spirit of this ideal, they need harbour no fears under the new system. They would rather attract the co-operation of the public in an abundant measure. For a time their difficulties will increase with the introduction of prohibition, with the inevitable growth of the workers and peasants' movements to safeguard their rights, and the inauguration of various social reforms by legislative measures contemplated by the Congress Cabinet. But the police may rest assured that so long as they work loyally and in the true spirit of service of the people they will find their burden considerably lightened by the willing and unstinted co-operation of the public. If they can rise to the occasion and display more than ordinary zeal for the success of reforms like prohibition, the public will, indeed, be grateful to them.

The Dutiful Son's Offering

Mr. Syud Hosain's latest book, "Gandhi, The Saint As Statesman," (Published by Sutton House Ltd., Los Angeles) may well be described as a present which a dutiful son has brought back to his motherland on his return after seventeen years of living abroad. But it will also serve to show how in this long period of absence from India Mr. Hosain has not been unmindful of his duty to his people. Indeed this little book clearly shows how an able, cultured and sincere Indian can successfully interpret the spirit and life of his country to foreigners who, owing to diverse reasons, entertain all kinds of false notions about India. Based on his personal contact with the Indian nationalist struggle and its great leader, the author has been able to give a vivid pen-picture of the Mahatma and an excellent resume of India's case for Swaraj. He goes deeper than the outward manifestations of the man and his movement and reveals to the world the true import of Gandhiji's philosophy of Satyagraha and how India is striving to achieve freedom by following this peculiar revolutionary technique. He is also careful to stress the significance of the Indian problem from a larger world view-point and shows how India in bondage is "an affront to the intelligence and idealism of the civilized world." As a model of conciseness the book makes one marvel how so much could be said in the brief space of less than sixty pages. Mr. Hossain has, as it were, revealed the mind and face of his nation and his leader. And with his lectures in America which seek to interpret Indian life and history on the same line, he has richly deserved the gratitude of his fellow-countrymen.

Evil Of Child Marriages

The move on the part of a number of women's associations in the city to hold a public meeting in support of Mr. Das's Bill to amend the Child Marriage Restraint Act (1929) is both timely and highly welcome. The Sarda Act has failed to achieve its purpose not because of any timidity of spirit on the part of its author but entirely because of the tinkering to which the original Bill was subjected by the Government of India and their supporters of the "orthodox" school. The one great defect of the Act—a defect which renders the measure practically impotent—is that the onus of proving that a breach of the Act has occurred or is about to occur is put on the members of the public, who have to turn informants and who are made liable to penalties in case their information is found to be baseless. Even if the report is made to the authorities under a 'bona fide' belief that a breach of the Act is about to take place or has taken place, the deposit which is made compulsory along with the complaint is liable to be forfeited It is obvious that very few persons will, in such circumstances, care to lodge complaints. Breaches of the Act, therefore, are bound to go punished and this has been found to be so all over India. This must be remedied and breach of the Act must be made an offence punishable under the law like any other cognizable offence. The law on the subject just promulgated in French India does not leave any loopholes for evasion of the provisions of the measure like that in India. The public of India has been sufficiently enlightened by now as to the deleterious effects of early marriage and demands a firm suppression of the evil.

VICEROY'S LETTER

Unjustified Interference In Scout Movement

(BY ARIES.)

The Bombay B. P. Association had decided to disaffiliate from the B. P. Movement on the 30th of September, 1937. An ultimatum to this effect was sent to the Indian Headquarters. The Indian Headquarters has sent in its reply. Only five days before the expiry of the ultimatum appears the letter of the Viceroy to the Governor of Bombay—a reply which brims with disregard of public demand and of the stand that the Bombay and Madras Associations have taken up against the Triennial Conference, and with an amazing persistency to explain away the insults which the Chief Scout has hurled against all coloured peoples from time to time.

Unwarranted

With all deference to H. E. the Viceroy, who has during his brief stay in India created an impression of wise judgment and forbearance, I must point out that his position as Chief Scout does not warrant the type of interference which is disclosed by his present letter. The Chief Scout of India has no constitutional authority or position in the Scout Movement according to the Boy Scout Constitution. He holds this position merely because he is the Viceroy of India, and his position has not received the approval of the Scouts of India. The position is meant to be a mere honour in keeping with the high authority which he represents, and yet this honour has been consistently used to meddle with the affairs of a movement which ought to be in the safe custody of the Provincial Associations, the Provincial Councils and their respective Commissioners.

Affront To Sir Jamshedji Jeejibhoy

Not only does he not write as the Chief Scout of India, but he addresses his letter to the Chief Scout of the Bombay Presidency. One does not know if Sir Roger Lumley has had any relation to the Scout Movement prior to his being installed in the highest position of patronage in the Scout world a few days ago merely because he is the Governor of Bombay. But certainly he can hardly know anything of the present situation of the movement which he represents in this Presidency. He cannot be aware of the deep disgust and indignation which has been aroused against the B. P. Scout Movement not only in the public but also within the Scout Movement itself, an indignation which has reached its climax in the bold and self-respecting ultimatum which has been issued by the various B. P. Associations. The only person who knows the full depths of the public indignation, and the unswerving decision of every self-respecting Indian Scout is Sir Jamshedji Jeejibhoy, who is the Provincial Commissioner. He alone is the constitutional authority to whom all things of importance should be addressed, and the Viceroy, if he really cared for the good of this movement, ought to have considered the fact that Bombay and Madras uncompromisingly demanded the abolition of the posts of Chief Scouts, the main source of interference in the Scout Movement by officialdom. But the Viceroy has chosen not to address the proper authority in the Bombay Scout world, and therefore, the public at large and every self-respecting Indian Scout and Guide will do well to give the right sort of consideration such a document will deserve in reaching final decision to end their allegiance to a movement which is made to thrive under official control.

Whether this letter is going to influence Sir C. V. Mehta, the Vice-President of the Provincial Council, Sir Jamshedji Jeejibhoy, the Provincial Commissioner, and the other self-respecting members of the Provincial Council, time alone will show, because they must take their fateful decision by the end of the first week of October. They cannot be unaware of the fact that the life of the B. P. Association hangs by the thread, and any vacillation in face of the utter disregard of their position, as signified by the Viceroy's letter, will spell the doom of their movement. Not only the public but the Scouts and Guides of the Presidency are waiting for a self-respecting and dignified answer from those who are the custodians of the honour of the Presidency at this critical juncture.

So much for the letter H. E. the Viceroy has chosen to address to the Chief Scout of Bombay. I propose subsequently to deal with the major issues raised by H. E.

(Continued on page 8 col. 5)

RURAL UPLIFT AND ENGINEERING

Some Basic Problems

By A. N. DIKSHIT, B.Sc., (London) Engineer.

II

The railways can never hope to reach all villages. From very ancient times, road transport has been a great industry. The rural development depends on quick and effective contact with the great political and industrial centres. This has become easy due to the advent of the bus. The roads will have to act as feeders to the main railways and effectively connect all the groups of villages to the nearest railway stations.

The feeder roads can be easily constructed and maintained by the villagers themselves. It requires little technical skill but great commonsense and practical experience. If rudiments of engineering are known to the village leaders and subordinate officials, a network of useful feeder roads can be constructed at a nominal cost.

Vagaries Of Weather

Coming now to the second aspect of the village life, the great enemy is the vagaries of the weather. Alternate years of drought and floods, have reduced Indian agriculture to a gamble with the forces of nature. Here also modern science and technical knowledge can be pressed into the service of man. Large-scale irrigation works have already converted, specially in the Punjab United Provinces, Sindh and the Deccan, burning deserts and barren wastes into smiling happy fields. Series of tanks constructed and allowed to be filled during the monsoon, help substantially in raising the sub-soil level in wells around. These the people can do easily.

Floods are a little more difficult to control. When in a tropical country like ours the year's moisture is precipitated in a few days, dried up riverbeds become roaring torrents. Their control is both risky and expensive. However, the damage done can be reduced, by proper maintenance and yearly cleaning up of all field subsidiary and cross drainages.

Floods can be mitigated, if not absolutely prevented by a series of balancing tanks. The subject, however, is technical and can hardly be suitably dealt with here. It also lies within the domain of Government, who usually have the expert skill and advice at their disposal. Straightening up winding rivers and giving them better gradients will also help in the solution.

Malaria

This disease is, unfortunately, very common and though not so fatal as other epidemics, it is a source of great economical loss due to sapping of human energy.

Villages without much trouble can easy lend a helping hand. Stagnant pools of water are the great breeding places of the mosquitoes. The depressions here and there can be filled by spare hours labour during slackness in agricultural operations. The surroundings of wells should be improved drains should be constructed and maintained But steady work is required all the year round. The mosquito control spells steady organized effort over long periods and, unfortunately, this is just what is sadly lacking at present in our villages. Sporadic efforts have little permanent effect and men come and go and the mosquitoes go on ruling for ever. A little commonsense in engineering and continuous effort will go a long way to prevent stagnation.

Better Houses

The system of burning cow-dung cakes should be discouraged. Useful manure is thus destroyed and the farmers are usually too poor to utilize chemical manures sold in the market. Cotton sticks, dried branches, pampas-grass and wood should be substituted for cow-dung fuel. Dried branches (Karanthi) are cheaply available in most villages and even if they have to be purchased the farmers should be encouraged to use them and preserve the cow-dung for agricultural purposes.

Many diseases are due to the absence of light and air in the houses. Cheap designs of well-ventilated houses have been prepared in the Baroda State and supplied to all Municipalities and Local Boards Houses costing from Rs. 500 to Rs 1,500 and suitable to rural social habits have been suggested and it is the duty of the village leaders to see that all new houses should at least be built on this improved model. Due to prevailing insecurity in the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries, village houses are like soap-boxes. Things have now changed and more windows and ventilators are badly required. The narrow streets and huddled houses should be widened and separated to allow more fresh air and sunlight in the houses.

Weeding

Even in their own job our farmers often seem to avoid all but the most obvious and essential operations of husbandry. It is quite well-known, for instance, that all land depending upon rains requires embanking and all sloping and unlevel land requires levelling and terracing as well if there be steeper slopes. Bunding is also required. This will retain moisture on the land.

Without these, during heavy showers the land is liable to be washed away. Even though the average Gujarat farmer is shrewd a quarter of this work is hardly done, as it should be, though this costs the cultivator nothing excepting his own manual labour. Even weeding is shockingly neglected specially in Northern Gujarat and parts of Kathiawad, and is properly carried out only in Charoter and Southern Gujarat. The Punjab also possesses the same story. Weeds are rapidly spread-

(Continued on Page 12 Col. 5.)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

SELF-RIGHTEOUS

It is true that neither Hitler nor Mussolini, in their speeches at the State banquet in Berlin, has indulged in direct anathemas against Soviet Russia and its supporters, as both of them have been wont to do at such functions, but still the Nazi dictator could not get rid of the obsession and availed himself of the occasion to have a side thrust at the Soviet. His reference to the "most dangerous elements" attempting "to attack and destroy the old civilization of Europe" is obviously to Bolshevism. Both these dictators do not appear to realise that Fascism and Nazism are doing their best to undermine the foundations of the old European civilization.

LEAGUE WAKES UP

For once a committee of the League of Nations has belied the reputation which the latter has been earning of late for gross ineptitude and insincerity. Apparently the representatives of the bigger European Powers who are running the Geneva show have begun to realise that savagery and blood-thirstiness of the type which the Japanese troops are displaying, may, if left unchecked, one day develop into such proportions as to overwhelm civilization itself, and humanity might rattle back into the dark ages once again. It must be remembered, however, that Japan learnt her lessons of blatant militarism and insatiable earth-hunger at the hands of the very Western Powers who now profess to be shocked at the Japanese barbarities. Practically everyone of these Powers acquired its present hold in the Far East with means hardly less scrupulous than those against which they are protesting. Barbarism such as Japan is displaying at present in China can be eliminated to a large extent only by outlawing aerial bombing altogether. But Powers like Britain are opposed to such a course because they find it serves their imperialistic purposes.

THE DETENU SCANDAL

The inhumanity of the policy underlying the treatment of political prisoners in India is freshly revealed by the disclosures made by the Home Secretary in the Central Assembly. He admitted that seventeen "leaders" among the detenus in the Deoli Camp jail who went on hunger-strike in sympathy with the Andaman hunger-strikers were punished for this their fresh "crime" with four months' rigorous imprisonment and with reduction in their monthly and study allowances by Rs. 7-2-6 to Rs. 3-8 respectively. The harsh sentences were remitted on the abandonment of the hunger-strike, but no refund has been made of the cuts in the allowances. The Huq Ministry, with its lip-deep professions of loyalty to democratic principles and its refusal to release of the detenus is mainly responsible for the continuance of the scandal of the treatment meted out to them. The public in Bengal and elsewhere should not rest content till the evil is put an end to.

CONGRESS MINISTERS AS SUSPECTS

The refusal of the Home Secretary of the Government of India to give a straight answer the question whether it was a fact that the correspondence of some of the Congress Ministers was still being censored, can have only one significance and it is that the sinister practice is still being followed. If the Government of India had a clean conscience, their spokesman would have frankly denied the fact. The suspicion is strengthened by the equally evasive replies given by the Secretary to the supplementary questions put by the Congress members in the Assembly. Asked if the Government would consider the advisability of issuing instructions to put a stop to such practice in future, the Secretary could only remark that it was "entirely a hypothetical question." One fails to understand the propriety of such euphemistic and irrelevant replies. The public want to know definitely whether the Government of India mean to treat even Ministers of State as criminals or suspects. It is a pity that the interpellations in the Assembly were not worded in a more pointed manner to elicit from Government an unequivocal statement of their policy towards Congress Ministers in this respect. We hope the matter will not be allowed to rest where it has been left.

ELOQUENT FIGURES.

The All-India Spinners' Association has recently circulated a statement giving some interesting figures regarding the persons working under its auspices. It appears that more than ninety thousand people from Kashmir to Kerala owe their present occupations as carders, spinners and weavers entirely to this Association. More significant, perhaps, is the fact that out of those nearly thirty-five thousand are Muslims. While the A. I. S. A. is, like the Congress, are entirely non-communal organisation, one cannot help dwelling on its contribution to the welfare of the Muslims particularly. It works silently and unostentatiously, but its work is itself most eloquent. Khadi is as much an asset to the Muslim as the Hindu masses in the villages, and its economic value to the country cannot be too often stressed.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE

Deserved tributes were paid by various speakers to the Social Service League of Bombay at its annual general meeting held on Monday. During the twenty-five years of its existence this League has rendered service in various fields not the least important of which it is the systematic training of social workers. Its most important activities at present are the conducting of five night schools, a number of libraries and reading rooms, a textile technical school and an industrial school for women, medical relief village sanitation, recreation for the working classes, and the management of several co-operative credit societies. The League has indeed won the reputation of being one of the best of its kind in the country. Under the altered political conditions of to-day it can render still more service, particularly in the field of prohibition and the promotion of cottage industries. It is up to the public and the Government to give the League all the financial and other assistance it needs for continuing and expanding its work.

WITHOUT COMMENT

". . . . . Let us least spare the League the indignity of being made an accomplice of the aggressor. Those who pride themselves on the art of crawling out from ticklish situations have to deal with an aggressor who rubs their nose in the crime he had perpetrated."
—Mr. Delvayo, Spanish delegate, speaking at the League Assembly.

* * *

According to a report from London a new effort is being made to secure the withdrawal of foreign volunteers from Spain.

The only way possible seems to be to help Franco to win the war conclusively rendering foreign assistance unnecessary!

* * *

A baby was much in evidence in the Central Assembly in the course of the debate on the Sugar Agreement. The poor brat was being hurled about along with parliamentary and unparliamentary epithets from one side of the House to the other. There is no need, however, to invoke the aid of the Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Children. The "baby" was purely a creature of rhetoric Read on.

* * *

Mr. Ramsay Scott said the Government, in asking for ratification of the London Agreement, were trying to pass on the baby to the Assembly. At a busy businessman, however, he had no time for such obnoxious babies.

* * *

Mr. Dow, the Commerce Secretary, taking the babe for a while from the comforting arms of his boss caressed it fondly. "I would never pass the dear little darling," he said in effect, "to the horrid Mr. Scott unless I wanted it dropped or suffocated."

Sir Leslie Hudson offered to be God-father to the child and Sir Mohd. Yaqub and Sir Yamin Khan fawned on him, too. But ultimately the Assembly refused to touch the baby even with a pair of tongs. And thus the foundling, a result of the indiscretions of an irresponsible Government, was left howling on the door-steps.

Will the Viceroy now "adopt" the "baby" in exercise of his special powers?

* * *

A member asked: Is it a fact that the correspondence of some of the Congress Ministers is still being censored?

Mr. J. A. Thorne: It is contrary to the public interest to give any information of the kind asked for.
—Central Assembly proceeding.

Thanks for the information, all the same.

* * *

Colonel Sir B. H. Nanavati characterizes the Bombay Government's prohibition policy as hasty and premature."

Not sufficiently seasoned in the cellar, eh?

* * *

Another anti-prohibitionist, getting into the "spirit" of the thing, thinks the policy is "beset with inflammable matter."

Isn't that exactly why an attempt is being made to get rid of the fiery liquid?

* * *

Thus says a writer in Bori Bunder—

"One notices with satisfaction that Memsahibs in India, and their husbands, too, are abandoning those prejudices of a few years ago against the Indian domestic servant."

And soon they will have to abandon a few other prejudices, too! What about serving under Nationalist Indian Ministers, for instance?

* * *

A movement is said to have been set on foot in Britain to boycott Japanese goods.

The movement ought to be encouraged in the Empire, too, being one of those rare instances when Britain's self-interest and humanitarian considerations so well coincide.

* * *

'What is an orphan?' asked the teacher. None of the children seemed to know. 'Well, I'm an orphan', said the teacher, as not too plain a cue. A hand popped up, and the owner exclaimed: 'An orphan is a woman that wants to get married and can't.'

Alleged Defalcation Of B. P. C. C. Funds

DEBATE ON PRESIDENT'S CHARGE-SHEET

Bhulabhai Desai To Inquire And Report To Committee

For more than two hours, the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee discussed on Tuesday the allegation of misappropriation of its funds to the extent of Rs. 2,500 by way of drawing for "self" three cheques from a Bank by the treasurer between the months of May and July last.

Need For Inquiry

Discussion was raised by a notice of question tabled by Mr. P. R. Lele. Mr. Nariman, President of the B.P.C.C. who presided over the meeting at the outset, explained the private and confidential circular letter which he had sent to the members. A grave charge had been mentioned to him and his inquiries showed that a free and public inquiry should be conducted into the matter in the interests of the Congress.

Wordy Duel

Mr. I. S. Patel, the Treasurer, said that several misstatements had been made maliciously and declared that he wanted an inquiry into the matter and he was prepared to face it.

Mr. S. K. Patil criticised the procedure adopted by the President and said that it showed bad taste. He questioned the authority of the President in following the procedure he had adopted in the matter.

Mr. Nariman retorted that it was his duty to the Congress and the public.

An appeal to lift the discussion from the plane where much heat and bitterness had been imported into one of sobriety was made by Mr. Yusuf Meherally who moved a resolution to refer the matter to a Committee consisting of three persons for inquiry and report.

Majority Of One

Mr. Bhavanji Arjun Khimji moved an amendment seeking the matter to be referred to a committee consisting of one man for inquiry and report. The amendment was carried by a majority of one.

On a notice of question tabled by Mr. P. R. Lele whether the attention of the President had been drawn to a Press report with regard to the alleged misappropriation of B.P.C.C. funds by the Treasurer, the Chairman made a statement.

"On September 7 last" he said, after his return from Poona he received a letter making serious allegations against the Treasurer and asking him whether he would take cognisance of it and make an inquiry. Immediately on receipt of the letter he first sent for Mr. Chimanlal the account's clerk, on the same day and questioned him about it. After some discussion and inquiry, he found that the Treasurer had withdrawn from the B.P.C.C. Accounts three cheques to the extent of about Rs. 2,500 in his personal name and those cheques were appropriated by him because they were not paid for any B.P.C.C. expenses.

During May 31 and July 12, 1937 three cheques were drawn, he added.

OBJECTIONS RAISED.

At this stage Mr. Nagindas Master asked whether it would not be more advisable to meet the Treasurer himself and verify the matter. Otherwise, he said, the whole statement would go into Press.

After seeing the auditor, Mr. Nariman said that he found that an entry in the cash-book was a false one.

Mr. Nagindas Master again objected to the statement being made on the ground that the whole statement would go into the Press. He asked whether it was not more advisable to meet the Treasurer himself and thrash out the matter.

Mr. S. K Patil said that the House had not been consulted in the matter as to whether the Chairman had to make any statement and further he did not know on what authority the Chairman made the statement.

NO "HUSH HUSH."

Mr. Nariman replied that certain matters had been brought to his notice and that he would be failing in his duty towards the Congress and the country, if "Hush Hush" methods were to be adopted.

When he was interrupted again by Mr. Patil, he retorted that he felt it to be his duty to inquire into the matter. He did not know whether it was a matter to be kept back from the public. There was a circular letter before the members and he wanted an open public inquiry into the charges contained therein. He could not understand why some of them should raise any objection to making a statement. He would not be gagged under any circumstances. The objection amounted to nothing less than suppression of an incident which was really of grave importance.

When another member wanted to know how the circular letter reached the Press, the Chairman replied that as far as he was concerned he had not sent it.

CHEQUE BOOK LOST?

Mr. Nariman, resuming his statement, said that he was surprised to hear in the course of his inquiries that a cheque book had been lost. He then referred to a change in the entry in a cash-book, his meeting and interview with the Treasurer and the latter's explanation.

He concluded that whatever the facts might be, he was pained to know that a colleague who was well-known for being meticulously careful in handling accounts was concerned in the unfortunate incident and no one was more pained than he, because he knew how the Treasurer had always been very vigilant and meticulous about the spending of even an anna; but in a matter like that public inquiry should be held as he owed a double duty to the Congress and the public. The incident was deplorable but as far as he was concerned it would be in the interests of the Congress to take action, because it had the confidence of the public and it was his personal experience that rich merchants sometimes gave large amounts extending from five to fifteen thousands of rupees, sometimes without even asking for receipts. The Committee might decide in the way it deemed proper. No one would be better pleased than he if the result of the inquiry was what all of them were eager to expect, namely, that the charges made were proved to be false.

With regard to Mr. S. K. Patil he said that the Secretary was a responsible officer and the counter-signature of the Secretary was intended to be a check and it was the duty of the Secretaries to satisfy themselves of the genuineness of the transaction before putting the counter-signatures and particularly when three cheques for very large amounts were drawn one after another in favour of "self" by the Treasurer.

The amount had been repaid, but that did not mitigate the gravity of the issue.

TREASURER SHOCKED

Mr. I. S. Patel said that he was shocked to see the reports and mis-statements appearing about the whole affair. He was pained to see the Chairman making inquiries behind his back and without consulting him in a proper manner. He wanted that proper inquiry should be made into the matter and he was prepared to face any inquiry. A copy of the President's circular letter had not even been supplied to him.

Mr. S. K. Patil asked the clerk, at this stage, why the copy was not sent.

Mr Patel said that he would prove to the satisfaction of the members that he had really no intention to defraud the B. P. C. C. or to defalcate its funds. He must say in fairness to Mr. S. K. Patil that his name had been unnecessarily dragged. Mr. Patel added that he had tendered his resignation as Treasurer of the B. P. C. C.

MR. PATIL ON PROCEDURE.

Mr. S. K. Patil observed that he had to state the duties of the Secretary and the prevailing practice as to how the cheques were usually counter-signed. The President he gathered from the remarks, had wrongly interpreted the Constitution. Either he had not read or having read it, had not understood it. According to the Constitution it was not obligatory on the part of the Secretary to countersign the cheques. Having been an officer for more years than the President himself, he knew the practice and the procedure better. At the outset he would say,—and he would make that statement quite advisedly,—that during the last 8 or nine years of his secretaryship he had not once seen either the cash-book or the ledger or any account books. It was not his duty, but having been called upon to explain, he should do so.

There should be the signature of the Secretary to any cheques that would be drawn from the Bank, along with the signature of the Treasurer. For several years he signed them in implicit faith and he would challenge any contradiction on that point.

SIGNED AS USUAL.

He had signed cheques extending from ten to fifteen lacs of rupees. He had signed hundreds of cheques without doubting. He had implicit faith in his colleagues who had been elected by the unanimous vote of the B.P.C.C. For four or five times Mr. I S. Patel had been consecutively elected. He had not even a shadow of doubt that he would have any dishonest intentions. He did not know how anyone could understand the mistake unless one was a doubting Thomas or else one wanted to sit in judgment. In short, the cheque was signed in the ordinary routine.

An insinuation was sought to be made that one of the Secretaries was guilty and the other innocent. The amounts drawn were not big as the Chairman had stated. The B.P.C.C. had to make payments in thousands of rupees and it would not be possible to inquire into all those. There was also a mis-statement in what the Chairman had stated and that was that all the three cheques were not counter-signed consecutively. There were several cheques signed in between by the speaker.

Apart from the merits of the case, as far as the speaker was concerned, the practice had been to sign the cheques automatically. Moreover he had to attend to several conferences at Maharashtra and most of the time during those months he was not in Bombay.

"A TERRIBLE INDICTMENT."

The impression given by the statement of the Chairman seemed to show that he was the only custodian of conscience and the only man of integrity and that the others were a set of dishonest fellows. It would have been fair if the people concerned had been consulted in the matter, before the Chairman went on tom-tomming about it. The charges made by the Chairman and his remarks amounted to a terrible indictment. It was an indictment where the guilty party had not been given the chance to defend. Even if a man committed murder, he would be given a chance to defend himself. He would draw the attention of the Chairman to the fact that he derived the authority from the same body from which the Treasurer got his The very practice followed was wrong and the mischief was not irreparable.

But he would ask the Chairman to remember that all these years they had all worked in a cordial manner. Now there might be temporary differences and temporary misfortunes. All of them might have those temporary differences and misfortunes. Now in a sort of panic, the Chairman had chosen to assume the role of a superior man. What he wanted to bring home was that he had shown rather a bad taste in the whole matter.

NARIMAN'S RETORT

The Chairman then refuted the insinuation that he did not consult them and with regard to the statement that funds drawn were not large, it seemed to him that they were large enough. Even if it was a rupee from the public fund it was to be considered as large. He further announced that it had been admitted that he saw and received an explanation from the Treasurer, only the nature of the explanation given was in dispute.

Mr. I. S. Patel: No opportunity has been given to me to explain.

INSTITUTE INQUIRY

Mr Yusuf Meherally then moved the following resolution:

"That a committee consisting of Sjts. S. A. Brelvi, Bhulabhai Desai and M. R. Masani be appointed to inquire into the charges made against the Treasurer and one of the General Secretaries of the B. P. C. C. in a Press statement with full authority to examine all the necessary books of account and call witnesses on behalf of the B. P. C. C. and the Committee be requested to report before the next meeting of the B. P. C. C."

Speaking on the resolution Mr. Meherally said that the discussion must be lifted from the plane of excitement to one of sobriety. Serious charges had been levelled against the administration of the B. P. C. C. and a delicate question was to be decided. All that required calm thinking and a proper understanding. A committee should be appointed to inquire into the matter and report would help them in arriving at a just decision. There should be no attempt at white-wash, neither should there be any attempt to exaggerate the matter by way of sensational statements and he would like to put the matter in a non-controversial manner.

SQUARE DEAL

They should not be prejudged by the issues and Mr. I. S. Patel, if anything he was, had been overzealous and careful in handling accounts during the last several years. He wanted that the debate should be lifted to a different plane of discussion where his colleagues would feel that their feeling would not be hurt or where they would not get the feeling that they would not get a fair and square deal. Much heat had been imported and as far as Congress Socialist Members were concerned, he would assure the House that they would help the Committee in arriving at an impartial decision.

Mr. Hatim Durbar seconding the resolution said that during all the experience of the B.P.C.C. there was not a single instance where the Secretary had not made previous inquiries before counter-signing the cheques. He had personally consulted Mr. Abidally, ex-Secretary of the B. P. C. C., and the latter had told him that he used to counter-sign after making proper inquiries.

COMMITTEE OF ONE

Mr. Bhavan Arjun Khimji moved an amendment that the matter be referred to a committee consisting of Mr. Bhulabhai Desai and he be requested to inquire into the matter and report.

Mr. Manilal Seth seconded.

Mrs. Perinben Captain moved another amendment that Mr. Purushottam Kanji be added to the committee proposed by Mr. Meherally in case Mr. Bhulabhai Desai was not available. The amendment was accepted by Mr. Meherally.

Mr. P. R. Lele supporting the amendment of Mr. Bhavan Arjun Khimji said that the committee consisting of one person would be enough to enquire into the matter. The Committee was not proposed to be a tribunal but a fact-finding committee. A committee of one person with necessary qualification could be trusted to give an unbiased opinion.

AVOID HEAT AND BITTERNESS

Mr. Brelvi moved another amendment to Mr. Meherally's resolution adding the words "and recommend such action as they deemed desirable." He stated that much unnecessary heat and bitterness had been imported into the discussion and he agreed with Mr. Meherally that the matter should be deliberated in a calm atmosphere. If the Committee was only to be a fact-finding committee, the result would be that the B. P. C. C. would again have to convert itself into a tribunal to discuss its report and more heat and bitterness might be engendered. His amendment was intended to avoid this. For, if the committee was authorized to recommend suitable action, if it considered it necessary, it was more than likely that the B. P. C. C. would accept its considered recommendation unanimously.

Mr. F. M. Pinto seconded Mr. Brelvi's amendment which was accepted by Mr. Meherally.

Mr. S. K. Patil supporting Mr. Bhavanji's amendment remarked that Mr. Meherally had brought forth the name of Mr. Masani in a subtle manner into the Committee and his inclusion might be prompted more by party consideration than with a view to arriving at an impartial decision.

Mrs. Maniben Mulji supporting the resolution stated that it was unfortunate that the amendment of Mr. Bhawanji was pressed for. The remarks made by Mr. S. K. Patil with regard to the inclusion of Mr. Masani in the Committee were equally unfortunate. They looked upon every member more as a member of the B.P.C.C. than as of any other party inside the Congress and nobody could question the impartiality of Mr. Masani.

Mr. Meherally was also pained to hear the amazing remarks of Mr. Patil with regard to Mr. Masani. He had stated at the outset that the matter was to be looked upon in a non-controversial manner He appealed to Mr. Bhawanji to withdraw his amendment.

Mr Bhawanji in his reply said that the non-inclusion of the other members should not be regarded as anything else except that one member could be trusted to do the work. He had every regard and respect for the other members proposed to the Committee.

Mr. P. R. Lele asked on a point of information whether Mr. Brelvi sought to make the Committee virtually a tribunal and whether its decision was mandatory on B.P.C.C.

Mr. Brelvi: The B.P.C.C. is the final authority.

THE VOTING.

Mr. Bhawanji's amendment was then put to vote and was declared carried by a majority of one. A Poll was demanded. The division resulted in 12 voting for and 11 against the amendment Mrs. Shantabai Vengsarkar and M. Joverbhai Patel did not vote.

Those who voted for the amendment were: (1) Mr. Bhawanji A. Khimji (2) Mr. Sunderdas Jerarji (3) Mr. S K. Patil (4) Mr. P. R. Lele (5) Mr Keshav L. Bhorker (6) Mr Kashiprasad Singh (7) Mr. K. R. Achrekar (8) Mr. Hiralal Dave (9) Mr. Manilal Seth (10) Mr. Nagwekar (11) Mr. G. N. Desai and (12) Mr. Nagindas Master.

Those who voted against were: (1) Mr. Yusuf Meherally (2) Mr. S. A. Brelvi. (3) Mr. Nirbhairam Popat (4) Mr. S. B. Mahadeshwar (5) Mr. M. R. Masani (6) Mrs. Krishna Hatheesingh (7) Mr. Pinto (8) Mr. Hatim Durbar (9) Mr. M Shetty (10) Mrs. Perin Captain and (11) Mrs. Maniben Mulji.

The amendment was put as a substantive proposition as was declared carried after which the meeting was adjourned "sine die."

THEY FOUGHT TILL DEATH

Militiamen's Heroic Stand In Bloodiest Battle On Asturian Front

PARIS, Sept. 28.

The bloodiest fighting in the Asturian campaign preceded the fall to-day of Riva des Sella, an important port between Santander and Gijon according to a Santander telegram. The defending militiamen fought till death and very few prisoners were taken. The remaining 7,000 of the 20,000 population of eight days ago warmly welcomed the insurgents. —Reuter.

FOREIGNERS MUST BE WITHDRAWN

GENEVA, Sept. 28.

The fact that the British and French Governments still favour the policy of non-intervention was indicated in the speeches of Mr. Walter Elliott and M Delbos.

M. Delbos declared that the present equivocal situation must not be allowed to continue. Declarations must be followed by effective action, guarantees and supervision. The withdrawal of the foreigners serving in Spain was absolutely essential and in this connection the French Government would count on the unanimous support of the countries represented.—Reuter's Special.

GENEVA AND SPAIN.

GENEVA, Sept. 28

A Committee consisting of representatives of Argentine, the United Kingdom, Spain, France, Norway, Mexico, Soviet Russia, Poland, and Yugoslavia have been appointed to draft a resolution in regard to Spain. Earlier, M Litvinoff and Senor Delvayo contended that had arms been supplied to the Spanish Government, the war would have been finished —Reuter.

Sino-Japanese War

(Continued from page 1)

to sustaining the financial world of Shanghai.

"Nor can the aid given by British capital at the back of the state be ignored".—Reuter

General Chu Shao Liang Still Confident Of Victory

SHANGHAI, Sept 28

Japanese warships opened the severest attack on all sectors since the main body of the Chinese forces withdrew to the new line. Land and naval artillery and bombers pounded the Chinese positions

Meanwhile, General Chu Shao Liang the new Commander-in-Chief of the Shanghai area, stated to-night "No matter how long a force Japan throws on Shanghai, we are confident that we will ultimately achieve victory through a prolonged war of attrition."—Reuter

MORE CHOLERA CASES

SHANGHAI, Sept. 28.

There were 150 fresh cholera cases in refugee camps last night which is the biggest jump since the epidemic began. The death roll has passed 300. The Japanese pounding Chinese positions on the Shanghai Front are encountering a spirited reply.—Reuter's Special.

Champions Of European Civilisation!

FASCIST DICTATORS PAT THEIR OWN BACKS

Mussolini Feels Spiritual Atmosphere In Germany

BERLIN: September 28.

Herr Hitler, speaking at the State Banquet, welcomed Sgr. Mussolini.

He said: "At a time when the world is full of tension and unrest in which the most dangerous elements attempt to attack and destroy the old civilisation of Europe, Italy and Germany find themselves in sincere friendship and common political co-operation."

"We believe our political work to be that of aiming at securing peace and the high florescence of European civilisation cannot be interpreted as the formation of a 'bloc' directed against other European States. In this spirit Italy and Germany will examine and deal with political problems side by side in order to oppose any attempts at separating the two nations."

Signor Mussolini, replying, said that since he entered Germany he felt around him everywhere the spiritual atmosphere of a great and friendly people.

"In the Fuhrer I greet a fighter who has given back to the German people the knowledge of its greatness. I greet in him the creator of a nation with which Fascist Italy is united in bonds of State and Labour."

Living And Active Solidarity

Italo-German solidarity is a living and active solidarity. It is not the result of political calculations but the expression and result of common interests.

This solidarity is not and will not be a bloc wrapped up in itself which severs itself distrustfully and anxiously from the rest of the world.

Italy and Germany are prepared to work together with all other nations of good faith. What they demand is respect and understanding of their needs, necessities and their justified requirements.

The conversations that I have had with your Excellency in the last few days have strengthened our friendship against all attempts to disturb and separate us, from whichever side they may come.

When I return to Italy I shall take with me the memory of your powerful troops, your popular demonstrations and of the work of physical and technical restoration which the German Nation has fulfilled under its Leader. Above all I shall take back with me a definite conviction of our firm friendship.—Reuter.

SECRET OF DUCE'S VISIT TO KRUPPS

LONDON, Sept. 28.

It is understood from Italian circles that one of the principal reasons for Sgr. Mussolini's visit to Essen was that Krupps had received from the Italian navy orders to supply big calibre naval guns.—Reuter.

Strict Secrecy Being Maintained As To Dictators' Talks

BERLIN, September 28.

The strictest secrecy is being maintained with regard to the Hitler-Mussolini conversations and it is still doubtful whether an official Communique will be published at the conclusion of the visit on Wednesday.

A German spokesman described the reports in the foreign Press with regard to the conversations, for instance the reported invitation to Herr Hitler to visit Italy and an impending appeal by the two leaders to the Western Powers, as premature prophecies based on mere speculation.

An official State Banquet in honour of Sgr. Mussolini was given to-night at the Chancellor's Palace attended by all the German Ministers as well as members of the Duce's suite.—Reuter.

Greek King's Brother Engaged

ATHENS, Sept. 28.

Prince Paul of Greece, the heir-apparent and brother of the King, is engaged to Princess Frederika Luise of Hanover, daughter of the Duke of Brunswick.—Reuter.

DEAN OF WESTMINSTER DEAD

LONDON, Sept. 28.

The death has occurred of the Dean of Westminster.—Reuter's Special.

ANGLO-AMERICAN TRADE ENTENTE?

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.

Mr. Cordell Hull stated at a Press Conference that moves towards a Trade Agreement between the United States and Britain were developing.

Mr. Morgenthau announced that Mr. Eldon King, Deputy Commissioner, Inland Revenue, who is shortly sailing for Geneva to attend the meeting of the League Tax Committee may broach the subject of exchanging tax information between the United States and other countries and discuss taxation with Americans doing business abroad.—Reuter.

MISSING 'PLANE LANDS AT KABUL

LONDON, Sept. 28.

The "Lufthansa" 'plane, of which no news had been received since she took off from Anshi a month ago, has landed at Kabul, according to a German news agency.

The occupants, who are safe, state that they had a forced landing at Khotan, where they were jailed and the machine confiscated and only recently they were permitted to leave.—Reuter.

(A message dated September 12 stated that three German airmen had chartered a 'plane to search for a "Lufthansa" machine which was lost in Central Asia.

Khotan is a town in Sinkiang with a population of 40,000).

Severe Cyclone In Bay Of Bengal

CALCUTTA, Sept. 28.

The cyclonic storm which centred round Saugor Island in the Bay of Bengal at the mouth of the Hooghly river, about 80 miles south of Calcutta, has developed into a severe cyclone since this noon.

Warnings have been issued all over the province, particularly in the river districts in East Bengal, by the Meteorological Department. —A.P.

Secure Your Careers NOW
DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

By selecting from the series of Careers in the Business World for which this oldest Indian College prepares most successfully, being the first to introduce most of these in India

Incorporated. SALESMANAGER (A. I. S. M. A.) introduced by us in India 1932

CHARTERED INSURANCE EXPERTS (A. I. I.) introduced by us in India 1925

BANK OFFICERS (C. A. I. B.) introduced in India 1915

COMPANY SECRETARIES (F. I. S. A.) introduced by us in India, 1914

GENERAL COMMERCE (D. Com. I. M. C.) introduced by preparation of scheme for the Chamber by us

Also Specialised Accountancy (R. A. I. A. A.), etc

Tuition Personal or Through Post.

30 Esplanade Road Call or write for Prospectus: BOMBAY.

Govt. Instructions To The Police

"They Must Behave With Tact And Courtesy"

Mr. Munshi Speaks To District Police Officers In Conference

As there seems to be some doubt on the part of Police officers as to the way in which information about the activities of members of political parties, including Congress, should be collected, Government have issued instructions that, while it is the duty of the Police to report such activities, the information should be collected in a manner which will cause offence to none.

It has also been made clear that it is unnecessary to call up and question persons who may enrol themselves as members of any Party and that any enquiries that may be necessary should be conducted with tact and courtesy.

"Under the present conditions the police cannot consider themselves merely as upholders of law and order; they have to be guardians of peace and democracy, and as such they have to pursue their arduous duties not only with firmness, but tact, patience and sympathy," said the Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi, Home Minister, Government of Bombay, presiding over the annual conference of district police officers at Bamburda, Poona, on Monday. The Minister added that the responsibilities of the police would increase in the future when Government attempted to carry out their policy in connection with prohibition, social legislation and control of motor transport.

CONGRESS EXPERIMENT.

Thanking the Inspector-General of Police for inviting him to preside over the conference, Mr. Munshi said that it was the first time that an Indian Minister for Law and Order, responsible to an elected legislature, was meeting the heads of the police in the province. That arose out of the great political experiment which the Congress was making in accepting office. In the success of this experiment lay the orderly evolution to freedom: in its failure, uncertainty and struggle, lay chaos which none could withstand.

Congressmen were at one time antagonistic to Government. To the ordinary policeman, they were irresponsible malcontents to be tamed or caged; to the Congressmen the police were the unsympathetic agents of an alien power set to hinder their progress to freedom. The formation of the present Government constituted a very radical change from both points of view, and the major problem of his department arose out of the difficulty which both Congressmen and the police found in adjusting themselves to the new conditions. What was once a conflict between the opposing hosts had now become a family quarrel, and Mr. Munshi expressed the hope that those difficulties would disappear when the changes implicit in the transfer of power were realised.

PUBLIC CONFIDENCE

Under the present Constitution, continued Mr. Munshi, Government could no longer live on the heights of official prestige. They now depended for their existence on public confidence. They had to be accessible to the public as never any Government was before, and to be responsible to popular opinion. They had not merely to see that the Services acted to their satisfaction, but had also to make the public feel that they were doing so. That fact must be reflected in the relation between all Services and the public, and in no department of Government was it more vital and urgent than in the police.

The Home Minister then referred to the duties of the police and said the easy method of maintaining prestige by inspiring fear need not be resorted to by such a well trained force as they had. He urged them to uphold the law by all means without fear or favour, with good humour and without being vindictive They should pursue their duties in the spirit of service to the public, and maintain not only order, but the reputation of Government and the dignity of democratic institutions in this country. He appealed to them to give the same unswerving loyalty to the present Government as they had given to their predecessors, and the Home Minister assured the police that Government would maintain their prestige and authority more effectively than before.

NEW INSTRUCTIONS.

Recalling the instructions Government had issued recently, Mr. Munshi said the very foundation of the authority of the police lay in their reputation for incorruptibility. Life Caesar's wife they must be above suspicion, and he commended to the police officers the urgent necessity for purging the power ranks of corruption. In order to encourage the public to come out with the true facts on which their grievances were based, it was necessary that the heads of the department should not wrap themselves up in official unapproachability. They should inquire into complaints sympathetically and give protection to those who were prepared to produce material evidence. This would go a great way towards establishing a reputation for the force which it should be the ambition of every service to acquire. At the same time, Mr. Munshi assured Government protection to the police from vexatious and malicious accusations.

The task before the police in this country had always been difficult owing to communal disputes, went on Mr. Munshi. He was glad that the police in Bombay Presidency had tried to maintain their traditions, for being non-communal, and he complimented the Inspector-General for following the non-communal line in recruiting for the Service. The police had to keep the ring clear for legitimate freedom of speech and action, controlling all violent tendencies. The ultimate success or failure of their efforts would depend upon the tact which the police brought to bear upon a situation.

TASK BEFORE POLICE

"The responsibility of the police, I am afraid", continued the Home Minister, "will increase in the future when the policy of Government is put into execution. The industrial situation, the control of motor transport, the Gambling Act, social legislations of various kinds, and the difficulties which might attend the introduction of prohibition, would all throw a very heavy burden on the force, but I am confident—and I am sure—I am expressing the confidence of the Government—that with its traditional loyalty it will not fail the Government."

Mr. Munshi, proceeding, referred to certain questionable means employed by the police in detecting crimes, and said that as a civilised administration, they could not connive at this practice. It was better, by far, to let an accused go unconvicted than that the ends of justice be secured oy torture.

Concluding, the Home Minister said that in the short time he was in office, he had acquired confidence in the ability and determination of the police to co-operate with Government in carrying out their policy.

LOTHIAN FOR ALLAHABAD

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 28.

Enquiries in University circles confirm the rumour that Lord Lothian is likely to visit Allahabad in connection with the Jubilee celebrations of Allahabad University.

It is understood that he was approached with a request to visit Allahabad in this connection, as early as the last year, and promised to do so provided the European situation should allow him. —United Press.

INDIAN WOMEN LOSE A CHAMPION

Mrs. Sahni's Death At Kashmir

SRINAGAR (Kashmir), Sept. 28.

The death has occurred of heart failure of Mrs. Dinyanti Sahni, wife of Mr. J. N. Sahni, Editor, "National Call", Delhi, at Srinagar to-day.

Mrs. Sahni was a prominent social figure in Delhi and was one of the founders and active workers of the All-India Women's Conference. She took part in the civil disobedience movement of 1930.

Among those who attended the funeral were Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan and his son, Diwan Ramnath Jagat Prasad and the Accountant General of Kashmir State and other prominent men of the State.—A. P.

NO BIG NAVY FOR INDIA

India Must Depend On England, Says C.-in-C.

SIMLA, Sept. 28.

In the Council of State, Seth Govindlal Shivlal Motilal asked whether Government considered the desirability of building up an efficient Indian Navy so that India may not be dependent on any other country for her naval defence. The Commander-in-Chief replied in the affirmative to the first part of the question. The second part, he said, however, contains an assumption which is unwarantable. The Financial considerations must, so far as can be foreseen, always make India dependent on another country for her naval defence. The cost, for example, of the British navy in the current year was 108 million pounds. Government have under consideration certain proposals for expansion and improvement which will enable the Royal Indian Navy to undertake local defence of Indian Ports and more substantially assist the Royal Navy in such a way as its small fighting strength allows. Until these proposals have been accepted, no statement as to cost can be given.

Mr. Govindlal further asked:—"Do Government propose to recommend to his Majesty's Government the employment of Indians as soldiers for the army in Britain?

Commender-in-Chief: No.

To another question His Excellency said no discrimination exists against Indian soldiers in the Indian Defence forces as regards, pay pensions and allowances as compared with British soldiers Conditions of service and standards of living of the British and Indian troops are different and each receive suitable emoluments having regard to that fact.—Associated Special.

C. I. D. OFFICER'S DEFAMATION

Baroda Prajamandal Worker Convicted

(From Our Correspondent.)

BARODA, Sept. 26

After many adjournments City Magistrate Mr. Dhayabar, delivering yesterday evening, judgment in the sensational defamation case against Mr. Chunilal Shah, prominent worker of Baroda State Prajamandal, instituted by Mr. M. G. Gokhale, C. I. D. police of Baroda, convicted and fined the accused Rs. 100 or in default one month's simple imprisonment. The accused has paid up the fine and intends to appeal.

The Magistrate held that the statement, published by the accused in "Bharat," a local biweekly, of 24th Jan. 1937 purporting to call complainant, a Government servant, (Nuffat) shameless and impudent, was defamatory and that no person had a right to speak of a public servant in such a manner.

Official And Personal

Lady Marjorie Erskine left Government House, Ganeshkhind on Monday.

All Steamer Movements Postponed

Cyclonic Storm Assumes Threatening Aspect

CALCUTTA, Sept. 28.

With the nightfall the cyclonic storm over Calcutta has assumed a threatening attitude.

The Meteorological Department informed the "United Press," that, if the storm continues to move in the direction in which it is moving, there is possibility of the weather conditions worsening over Calcutta till to-morrow morning.

The sailing of the outward Rangoon Mail steamer has been postponed to-day All movements of vessels in the port of Calcutta have also been postponed till the storm signal is lowered.

Information received here from Sand-Head where signals are raised to regulate the course of ships proceeding to the port of Calcutta, states that on account of the severe cyclonic wind, it has been impossible to carry on the observation of positions of vessels in the Hooghly river.—United Press.

ALLEGED ABUSE OF CONGRESS WORKERS

U. P. Premier Orders Inquiry

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 28.

It is understood that the Premier has ordered an enquiry into the complaints of some Congress Workers including, Secretary, Allahabad District Congress Committee against the Sub-Inspector of Police of Soram. The complaint is that the Sub-Inspector publicly abused the Congress workers while they visited certain villages on Congress work. The Collector is holding the enquiry here. The Secretary, Congress Committee has been summoned.

KHALSA COLLEGE STRIKE

Patiala Maharaja To Mediate

AMRITSAR, Sept. 28.

On receipt of a telegram from the Maharaja of Patiala stating that he would try to settle the Khalsa College dispute and advising the students not to take any action till then the local Students' Union is understood to have deferred further decision in this regard for the time being.—United Press.

Red Flag Union Of Ahmedabad

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 28.

The Managing Committee of the Mill Kamdar Union (Red Flag Union), has resolved to take the workmen of Ahmedabad on foot in procession to Haripura Congress. A Committee has been appointed for the purpose.—A. P.

MUSLIMS MUST JOIN CONGRESS

Mr. Nurie's Address At Bijapur

(From Our Correspondent.)

BIJAPUR, Sept. 28.

The Hon. Mr. Yasin Nurie Minister for Public Works was given an "at home" by Mr. Hirachand Shah. He visited Bhutnal Water Works and saw the monuments. He addressed a public meeting on the Shiddheshvar Tennis Court. About 5,000 people were present. Students Association and the Muslims presented welcome addresses. The Muslims expressed confidence in Mr Nurie and the Congress Cabinet

Mr. Nurie replying to the addresses delivered a stirring speech. He began by saying that the historical monuments of Bijapur reminded him of the splendour that was Bijapur and mighty minds of those illustrious Rulers who conceived and executed them. He told the audience that first King of Bijapur was born and brought up in a Brahmin's house. He expressed gratification at the perfect harmony between Hindus and Muslims and exhorted them to cement further this amity by joining the Congress. Congress was the only political organisation pledged to complete independence and removal of poverty and its attendant ills and miseries. Congress represented all castes and colours. Those who wished to shed slavery off and enjoy undiluted freedom must join Congress. Congress strength was our strength. Congress stood for Kisans workers and the poor people. Congress ideal was to make us masters of our homes. Congress accepted ministry to serve the people and not to rule over them.

"We of the Bombay Congress Cabinet are living like brothers. The Muslim League or for that matter any other Communal Organisation has not done any good to the Muslims. The League is a body of big bosses designed to enhance their selfish prestige. It has not reached the masses. Unfortunately, it is to-day in the hands of reactionaries and handmaids of imperialism. If the Muslim League had genuinely stood and strived for national emancipation. I would certainly congratulate it. If Muslims want to live a glorious life they should join the Congress at once."

VICEROY'S LETTER

(Continued from page 6)

viz., loyalty to the Chief Scout and the Indian, Imperial and International Headquarters, the so-called difficulties in the way of membership of the International Bureau, and lastly, the attempt to force upon reluctant Provincial Associates the farce of an unrepresentative and unconstitutional Triennial Conference to deal with major issues like disaffiliation and federation.

(To Be Continued.)

Progressive Party And President Make Up

Sir Maneckji Dadabhoy Explains His Remarks

SIMLA, Sept. 28.

When the Council of State met this morning, the President, Sir Maneckji Dadabhoy made a reassuring statement relating to the controversy between the Chair and the Progressive Party regarding interpellations and said that he had no desire whatever to stifle the legitimate rights and privileges of the house. This statement was received with loud cheers. The members then exercised their right of putting questions as usual

MR. KUNZRU'S STATEMENT.

Pandit Hirdayanath Kunzru with the permission of the chair made a statement recalling the incident of September 22. He said "You expressed yourself strongly on the subject and as you are aware This has caused dissatisfaction on this side of the house, especially because the right of putting supplementary questions has been exercised on few occasions in this House. We are, therefore, naturally anxious to know what our rights in regard to asking supplementary questions are. It has always been your endeavour to secure to the members of the Council the same rights, as are enjoyed by the members of the Assembly We, therefore, trust that your ruling will enable us to enjoy equal opportunities in eliciting information on matters of public importance from Government, as are available to members of the other House. It is our earnest desire to co-operate with you in maintaining the dignity and privileges of this House and we can assure you that it has always been our endeavour to help the Chair to regulate the proceedings in such a way as to protect public interests."

PRESIDENT'S ASSURANCE.

Sir Maneckji Dadabhoy said "I am glad that you have given me this opportunity of removing a serious misunderstanding and misapprehension under which your party is labouring. I am myself most anxious to maintain harmonious relations between the Chair and the Members (cheers) and it is my constant desire and my great ambition ever since I occupied the chair of the Council to put this House on a level with the best legislature of the World (cheers) and maintain the dignity and prestige of this House, which is the second premier House of the Empire."

The President referring to his past rulings on interpellations said that some of the new members were not aware of them and many members were generally not acquainted with parliamentary practice. He would read the rules to the House and if the members gave their careful attention to them he was absolutely sanguine that they would agree with the propriety of those rulings. His first ruling was given during the Simla Session last year when he explained that the object of supplementary questions should only be to clear up some ambiguity in the main reply and this right should not be exercised "to heckle Government Members or cross-examine or extort certain answers from them."

NO OFFENCE MEANT.

Later on he made another ruling during the last Delhi Session with a view to still further explaining the position. Unfortunately, on September 22, the House had a heavy business before it, most of the non-official business of the previous two days having not concluded. Out of 152 questions to be disposed, 74 were to be asked by Yuvraj Dutt Singh and Mr. Mahapatra had a formidable list of 44 questions. "I never stopped supplementary questions," said Sir Maneckji, 'and I exercised the greatest restraint. When 45 minutes had been completed I discovered that only 24 questions had been answered. With a formidable list of business I was endeavouring to help honourable members as it is my duty to see to expeditious dispatch of public duty and I expressed my desire to the House, which speech, I understand, has been objected to and resented to by members of the progressive party."

"ENOUGH LATITUDE GIVEN."

Here the President read out that speech over again and pointed out that in it he had used not a single offensive or unparliamentary word nor was there any single word which indicated that he had tried to prevent legitimate supplementary questions being asked in any way. It was clear that the members had not been stopped from putting supplementary questions but he had only requested them to show a reasonable spirit in order to enable the expeditious dispatch of business. "I have given enough latitude and I have no desire, whatever, to stifle the legitimate rights of the House. I shall support you in every reasonable attitude but it is likewise my obligatory duty to enforce the standing orders and rulings of my predecessors in this house and promote welfare and interests of this Council (cheers).

MR. KUNZRU'S SUGGESTION.

Pandit Kunzru suggested the dropping out of the expression from the President's observation on September 22 "obstructing legitimate work of this house," as this was not fair to the opposition.

The President:—Mr. Kunzru, you have taken the words in a different sense I have not said that the honourable members have been obstructing the work of the house what I said and referred to was unnecessary supplementary question and it was perfectly parliamentary language and I may assure you as one having long parliamentary experience, that I am not guilty of unparliamentary expression (cheers).

Thereafter members put questions.

FUTURE PROGRAMME.

The Leader of the House, Sir Jagdish Prasad read out a statement made by Sir N. N. Sircar in the Assembly regarding the Insurance Bill and said that the Council would be called upon to meet on November 15 at Delhi to consider the Insurance Bill. The President congratulated the Government on the wise step they had taken in not bringing the Insurance Bill at the fag end of the session, as was the case with regard to the Reserve Bank Bill and the Indian Companies Bill. If the Bill was not to be placed before the House on October 4, he himself was contemplating to exercise his discretion to ask the Government to postpone the Bill till next Budget Session.

The House passed three small Bills passed by the Assembly namely the Bill extending the Petroleum Act to Berar, the Bill providing for continuance in force of certain rules and regulations and the Bill empowering the Federal Court to make rules regulating the service of process issued by a court.

Before the Council adjourned till to-morrow, the leader of the House announced that Government would move a resolution for the ratification of the convention regarding the Sugar Agreement on October 2.—A.P.

UJJAIN WORKERS OBSERVE HARTAL

(From Our Correspondent.)

UJJAIN, Sept. 27.

Local mill workers observed hartal yesterday to protest against the deportation by the Gwalior State Police of Mr. Jugganknan a prominent Labour worker.

Allahabad University Convocation

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 28.

Pandit Malaviya will deliver the Jubilee Convocation address of Allahabad University this year while Mrs. Sarojini Naidu will be one of the several lecturers invited for the occasion.

THE THREE MUSKETEERS

THE HYMN

Felton made a sign that she should not be disturbed, and when all was arranged he went out quietly with the soldiers.

Milady continued her prayers to the end. It appeared to her that the soldier who was on duty had stopped to listen. For the moment she wished nothing better. She arose, went to the table, ate but little, and drank only water. When her table was cleared an hour later, Milady remarked that Felton did not accompany the soldiers. He feared, then, to see her too often.

At the moment all was silence in the old castle, when nothing was heard but the distant murmur of the sea, she began in her pure and harmonious voice the first verse of the hymn then in great favour with the Puritans:

"Thou leavest thy servants, Lord,
To see if they be strong;
But soon thou dost afford
Thy hand to lead them on".

THE ANGEL

Outside Milady's door two men stood as if carved in stone while they listened to her. They were Felton and the soldier on guard.

From this silence Milady could judge of the effect she had produced. She continued her singing with inexpressible fervour and feeling, and it seemed to her as if her voice carried a magic power to the men at the door.

Felton on his part believed he heard the singing of the angel who consoled the three Hebrews in the furnace.

"One day our doors will ope,
With God come our desire;
And if betrays that hope,
To death we can aspire".

Suddenly Felton entered, pale as usual, but with eyes inflamed, almost wild.

"Why do you sing like that, and with such a voice?" he stammered.

"Have I offended you in your creed? Forgive me, then. I didn't do it on purpose".

"Yes, yes", said Felton, "you disturb the occupants of the castle".

"I will be silent, then", said Milady with downcast eyes and with all the sweetness she could give to her voice.

"No no, Madame, only do not sing so loud, particularly at night".

Mainly About Motion Pictures

"Duniya Na Mane" a Prabhat release.

"KHAN BAHADUR"

Third Week At Minerva

(CONTRIBUTED)

Winning admiration of huge crowds that daily throng at the Minerva Talkies, Minerva's marvellous production "Khan Bahadur", an interesting drama of modern society, has now triumphantly entered in its third continued week. The theme of the story reveals a contrast between the East and the West, which though not new, has much entertainment on account of its 'different' treatment, that is admittedly of the highest order. The picture has for its universal appeal successfully attracted people of every class and community most of whom have seen it again and again along with their friends and families.

The unusually brilliant cast

"Capt. Kirtikumar" at Imperial Fourth week (Sagar)

which includes Sohrab Modi, lovely Naseem, Sadiq, Prem, Shareefa, Sheela, Eruch and Kamla, is also to a large extent responsible for the enviable success of "Khan Bahadur." All these artistes have given the finest display of their talents, working in complete harmony to make the story absolutely natural and realistic. The songs and the dialogues of "Khan Bahadur" have also been highly appreciated.

MAHARAJA OF MYSORE SEES 'TUKARAM'

(Special Show In Mysore Palace)

(From Our Correspondent.)

His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore specially invited the authorities of Prabhat Film Co., to exhibit their devotional picture in Marathi "Tukaram" of International Fame in His Highness' Palace at Mysore. The Picture was shown on the 19th instant, before His Highness. There were present, in addition to the Maharaja, Her Highness the Maharanee of Mysore, The Yuvaranee, the Prince (Heir-apparent) and a distinguished gathering consisting of high officials of the State and leading citizens of Mysore. Mr. A. V. Pandit who is responsible to organize this show, Mr. V. Shantharam of Prabhat Studios, Mr. Babu Rao Pai of Famous pictures (Bombay) and Mr. Jayantilal Thakore of Famous pictures (Bangalore) were also present. The show commenced punctually at 7 p.m. on 19th instant and closed at 9-45 p.m. This is the first time His Highness sat at a show for such a long period. His Highness has spoken very highly of the picture, not only of its high standard and excellent techniques, but also of its naturalness and splendid acting of Miss Gowri as Avadabai and Pandit Vishnu Pant Pagnis (as "Tukaram"), and brilliant scenery.

"MILAP" COMING TO OPERA HOUSE

Next Week's Attraction

(CONTRIBUTED)

Next Saturday the Opera House will commence showing a film which promises to be one of the biggest hits of the season. This is "Milap", produced at the studios of the East India Film Co. (Calcutta) which will be released through Messrs. Ramniklal Mohanlal who have acquired the distribution rights for Bombay Presidency.

The popular New Theatres' star, Prithviraj, is co-starred with Bimla Kumari who made a hit as the heroine of that great picture "Baghi Sepahi" which enjoyed an extended run in Bombay some months ago. The thrilling story which presents a cross section of modern society concerns a smart young man who fails to fulfil the ambitions of his father who spends his entire fortune in giving him the highest education.

Bimla Kumari and Rampyari in "Milap" for the Opera next week

"SAVITRI"

Fifth Week At Roxy

(CONTRIBUTED.)

"Savitri," the Bombay Talkies picture at the Roxy in its fifth week, has justified the praise that was lavished on it by cine critics on its release. It still continues to be one of the biggest draws in the city despite keen competition with many new rival attractions.

It is interesting to analyse the great appeal "Savitri" has for the public. The theme taken from the immortal epic of Mahabharata, is known in every Hindu household and the name of Savitri is revered and adored by everyone as the symbol of the chastity and devotion of Indian womanhood.

To the basic appeal of the theme is added the glamorous personality of Devika, Rani, who adds yet another triumph to her long list of great pictures. As Savitri she has played a role which demanded the best histrionic talent. But she has proved herself equal to the task and given a memorable performance. And a supporting cast led by Ashok Kumar has done extremely well, too.

The technical features of a Bombay Talkies production are generally much above the average but in "Savitri," they have excelled even their own previous achievements. The camera, as it were, becomes vocal and lingers with appropriate emphasis on the variety of scenes depicted. The sound—recording is, as usual, faultless and the musical effects have been admirably produced.

But the real appeal of the film

"Savitri" at the Roxy — Devika Rani and Ashok Kumar.

lies in its beautifully conceived presentation and transcends mere artistic elegance or technical smartness. They have veritably captured the spirit of the tale of Savitri and therein lies the greatness of the film.

DWARKA PICTURE'S "PARAKH" IS COMPLETE

(CONTRIBUTED.)

"Parakh", a beautiful love story written by the celebrated dramatist Mr. Kashyap is now complete.

It has been lavishly produced by Mr. D. P. Bhargava, B.Sc. LL.B., superbly directed by Bapurao Apte and beautifully enacted by Rajkumari, Nurjehan, Mira, Indira Wadkar, Manohar, Kashyap and others.

Being a slice of our own life, it is bound to carry a tremendous appeal.

The high lights of the film are grand court settings, lovely dance performances given by Miss. Azurie, the most popular Indian dancer, mob scenes shot at Kolahpur.

Mr. Hoogan the celebrated music composer has composed very melodious tunes for the film.

In fact, Dwarka pictures spared no pain and money to make it the grandest hit of the year.

"Poonar-Janma" forthcoming Royal Movietone release

"PREMVEER"

Fourth Week At The Majestic

For sheer enterprise it is difficult to beat Huns Pictures of Kolhapur in producing a full length comedy in Premveer. Now that the picture is becoming a roaring success, the enterprise looks quite admirable. But when the producers first took up the subject there was a grave element of risk in the production of a full length comedy, which may or may not have been approved by the public. As matters have turned up Premveer has secured the unanimous approval of all cine-goers at all the stations wherever it was released. In Bombay it enters the 4th successful week on the 2nd without relaxing even a wee bit in the crowds of audiences.

Premveer is a modern story of a modern college life, treated in an ultra-modern way, and those who have seen the picture declare Premveer to be a refreshing entertainment and in comparison with several nonsensical and morbid pictures which are now-a-days put up on the Indian screen Premveer is decidedly an elite entertainment for one and all. The story of the picture is neither a satire nor a criticism on modern college life but it is simple and plain unadulterated humour. Humour has been, at all times, a difficult achievement either on the stage or on the screen and to give nearly 13000 feet of continuous humour is something like taking up a Labour of Hercules and completing it. But Mr. Vinayak, the clever director, in risking the opportunity of producing this unusual picture has proved his ability for rare enterprise by giving us a humorous sketch which keeps people smiling and laughing for 2½ hours.

In a modern world ridden by economic distress, humour is the only relaxation for small tragedies which happen in our every day life. And Premveer is all humour and therefore a revitaliser of human life under modern conditions. Starring Vinayak and Ashalata, two college pals who begin life with a cordial dislike of each other and very soon enter the twilight of romance. Premveer is a story which has a big kick for every one in every foot of it. It must be seen by all screen lovers at the Majestic Cinema.

"ANATH-ASHRAM"

At The West End

(CONTRIBUTED)

Never was such a brilliant melodrama produced before than New Theatres' latest social hit "Anath-Ashram" running in its 6th week at the West End Talkies released through Sjt. Chunibhai—the booking expert of Supreme Film Distributors.

It tells the sad tale of a young mother whose dream in life was marred by the obstinacy of her own father. This old chap who believe in social life and who terribly loved daughter more than anything else in the world also wanted to exploit the workers working in his coal mine in the heart of earth. He ordered his son-in-law to continue the work day and night inspite of letters of warning to postpone the work for sometime. And as ill-luck would have it on a vital moment there was terrible disaster in the coal-mine and his son-in-law was killed. His only daughter Sarojini thus became a widow. What was her place in the society? How can her father get her re-married? She was a widow whose place in the society was a corner in which she can sob and shed tears. But there was one Umesh, the Secretary of the Coal-mine owner. He suggested "why don't you introduce Saroj as a virgin". "But how to do it?", the boss queried. "That is my job" answered the Secretary, and the next morning he finds Dr. Ramesh the juvenile and progressive youngman who believe in everything for the progress of society. Saroj was married to him and here was her happiness without her child? How could she pass her days in happiness? Her happiness, her only child was transformed to "Anath-Ashram" (boarding place of parentless children) inspite of her own protest. Why was her child transformed there? Because Umesh thought it was wise to introduce Saroj to Dr. Ramesh. Then what happens of the stirring and exciting situation? These has been cleverly handled by the director Mr. Hem Chander. The main stars are Umesh, Najmuel Hussein, Nawab, Prithviraj, and Jagdeesh. The song hits by Harimathi Devi and Kalyani are wonderful. It is released through the Supreme Film Distributors, and running in its 7th week at the West End Talkies.

"Sadhvi Mirabai" at the Krishna.

"SADHVI MIRABAI"

At The Krishna

(CONTRIBUTED)

One of the most melodious musical masterpieces which I came across last week at the Krishna Talkies was Bal-Gandharva's latest musical hit "Sadhvi Mirabai". It tells the story of a melo-drama of a young Queen of Mewar who sacrificed her life at the altar of devotion of Almighty Lord Vishnu. The spiritual characterisation which our great authors have portrayed in their famous historical works and other notable poems, has been wonderfully transformed into a living picture of "Mirabai" by Bal-Gandharva on the silver screen. The most mavellous and melodious music which is the sterling feature of this picture can be said to be unrivalled in the world of Indian music. Mirabai whose hymns are being popularly sung all round the country, here forms the subject of the great spiritual enlightenment for the public as well as cine-goers—who are interested in good and devotional music. Bal Gandharva is said to be living monument of Maharashtrian music and his stage hits are much appreciated. The term "Bal Gandharva" was given by the leader—late Bal Gangadhar Tilak, who loved his music and that is why he paid Bal Gandharva this high tribute. In this picture you will see synthesis of film art, stage technique and composition of wonderful settings. This photoplay is based upon Bal Gandharva's stage hit—"Amrit Sidhi."

You will hear and see some of the marvellous pieces of dialogues in this film which have been enriched by the original play. This maidan musical hit in Marathi produced by Bal Gandharva Ruikar Productions can be termed as first of its kind in Marathi musical world. Those who are interested in music and stage technique must see this great hit at the Krishna Talkies. It has been directed by Baburao Painter, who knows his job well. If you love devotional music you should not miss this picture running at the Krishna Talkies.

"DAULAT"

At The Globe

(CONTRIBUTED)

A smartly different thriller with something very startling and sensational is Harish Chandra Art Cinetone's latest thriller "Daulat" which is released from last Friday at the Globe Talkies.

"Daulat" is an exciting and thrilling drama of those persons who believe that "money", "wealth"

(Continued on page 4 Col 6)

"CAPT: KIRTIKUMAR"

Fifth Triumphant Week At The Imperial

(CONTRIBUTED)

Capt: Kirtikumar produced by Sagar Movietone has proved a great success drawing large crowds at the Imperial Cinema continuously for the last four weeks. The story of the picture which is projected on a background of medieval times and dressed up in very attractive costumes is a romance, pure and simple, enacted in a native state of Suryapur where the hero, Capt: Kirtikumar is loved with equal passion by the princess of the state and another fair maiden of the Royal family. Sandwitched between two loves the young captain undertakes a severe test of valour and courage providing to the audiences thrills after thrills, which cause great excitement amongst the spectators. Motilal, the popular hero of

Kumari Naseem in "Khan Bahadur" at the Minerva Talkies

Sagar pictures shoulders the stellar responsibilities carrying the picture to a triumphant success by his admirable work through a fast moving story.

Bibbo and Krishna Kumari provide a wonderful supporting cast, incidentally adding romance to every scene by their smiles and sighs, while Yakub, the popular actor provides magnificent reality in the villain's role by making himself thoroughly inconvenient to the hero and the heroine. Capt: Kirtikumar is a picture which people have the fortune to see once in a way and to miss it would be one of the tragedies of modern life.

Syt. Vinayak and Ashalata in "Premveer" at the Majestic

Licensing Insurance Agents

Conditions & Disqualifications Incorporated In Bill

SIMLA, Sept. 28.

Clause 37 laying down conditions for the licensing of insurance agents occupied the Assembly the whole morning sitting and only the first of the five subclauses had been disposed of when the House rose for lunch. The amendment moved on Friday last by Mr. A N. Chattopadhyaya for omission of the whole clause was further debated upon and was eventually rejected.

In the course of the debate on the amendment, Sir N. N. Sircar, in reply to Mr Bajoria's observations, pointed out that the clause did not require to take out a licence for each client he defended.

The House then agreed to Mr. Essak Sait's amendment reducing licence fees from Rs. 3 provided in the original clause to Re. 1

LICENCE FOR FIRMS

Sir H. P. Mody moved an amendment designed to make clear that firms could be licenced, as at present, agents for non-life companies. Sir H. P. Mody explained that the Clause, as it stood, only permitted individuals to take out licences and this might disturb the existing practice of firms working as insurance agents.

Sir N. N. Sircar pointed out that each member firm concerned could take out a licence and continue to work for insurance companies, which the firm originally represented. The clause, therefore, imposed no hardship.

Sir H. P. Mody withdrew the amendment.

Mr. N. C. Chunder moved one of the chain of amendments intended to make licensing automatic and specifically mention disqualifications which automatically prevent issue of licence

NEW CLAUSE 37

After lunch the House by 84 votes to 11 rejected Dr. Bannerjea's amendment providing that a licence shall be renewed every three years instead of yearly.

Clause 37 was finally adopted in the following form:—

37 (1) The Superintendent of Insurance shall, in the prescribed manner and on payment of the prescribed fee of one rupee, issue to any individual making an application under this Section and not suffering any of the disqualifications hereinafter mentioned, a licence to act as insurance agent for the purpose of soliciting or procuring insurance business.

(2) A licence issued under this section shall entitle the holder to act as insurance agent for any registered insurer.

(3) A licence issued under this Section shall expire on the 31st. day of March each year, but if the applicant does not suffer any such disqualificatio.. it shall be renewed from year to year on payment of a fee of one rupee.

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

(4) The disqualifications above referred to shall be the following:

(A) That the problem is a minor;

(B) He is found to be of unsound mind by a court of competent jurisdiction;

(C) He has been found guilty of criminal misappropriation or criminal breach of trust or cheating by a court of competent jurisdiction;

(D) In the course of any judicial proceeding relating to any policy of insurance or winding up of an Insurance Company, or in the course of an investigation into the affairs of the insurer, it shall appear that he has been found guilty of or has knowingly participated in or connived at any fraud, dishonesty or misappropriation against an insurer or assured.

(5) If it be found that an insurance agent suffers any of the foregoing disqualifications without prejudice to any other penalty to which he may be liable, the Superintendent of Insurance shall, and if the agent has knowingly contravened any provision of this Act, may cancel the licence issued to the agent under this Section.

PROVIDENT FUND.

Clause 38 was allowed to stand over till to-morrow pending efforts to evolve an agreed formula regarding additional provision for the constitution of provident fund for employees of insurance companies. The House agreed to the addition of the following, as clause 38 (A).

"38. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in contract between an insurer and an insurance agent licensed under Section 37 of the Act, forfeiting or stopping payment of renewal Commission, no insurer carrying on business in life insurance in British India shall refuse payments of commission on renewal of premia due to insurance agent under agreement between them by reason only of termination of his agreement except for fraud provided, such an agent has served an insurer continually and exclusively at least for ten years and provided further that after his ceasing to act, he does not directly or indirectly solicit or procure insurance business for any other insurer."

DIVIDING PRINCIPLE.

Clauses 39 to 42 having already been disposed of last week, the House passed on to 43 and agreed to the addition of two new subclauses to it. One provided to supply to a policy holder on application copies of questions and answers contained in his proposal and medical report while the other ran as follows:—

"No insurer shall after the commencement of this Act or after three years of it continue to carry on any business of insurance upon dividing principle, that is to say on the principle that the benefit secured by a policy is not fixed but depends either wholly or partly on the results of distribution among policies maturing for payment with certain time limits of certain sums: provided that in case of an insurer who continues to carry on insurance business on dividing principle after commencement of this Act, he shall withhold from distribution a sum not less than forty per cent of the premia received during that year in three years so as to make up the amount required for investment under Section 26 of this Act."

Clauses 44 to 50 were disposed of without amendment.

Before the House adjourned, the Law Member made a statement on business.—A.P.

BENGAL-NAGPUR RAILWAY Co., LTD.

(Incorporated in England),

PUJA HOLIDAYS 1937

B. N. RY. OFFER

ATTRACTIVE CONCESSION IN RETURN FARES FOR ALL CLASSES AND FOR MOTOR CARS.

FARE and a QUARTER. for 1st, 2nd and Inter Classes. FARE and a HALF for 3rd Class. and SINGLE FARE for MOTOR CARS for holders of 1st and 2nd class Puja Concession Tickets (subject to usual distance limits).

PERIOD OF ISSUE OF TICKETS: From 2nd Oct. to 1st Nov. 1937.

PERIOD OF AVAILABILITY: 45 days, but not later than 1st Decr. 1937.

BREAK JOURNEY: Allowed at any intermediate station and for as long as required provided no part of the line is travelled over more than once in the same direction.

Further particulars from Station Masters.

BUSINESS BEFORE CENTRAL ASSEMBLY

Simla Session To Be Extended

SIMLA, September 28.

An estimate of the probable duration of the Assembly session was given by Sir N. N. Sircar before the House adjourned to-day

He said that in addition to the items of business included in the current list and the Companies Amendment Bill on which the Select Committee will report shortly, Government had also to bring up a resolution regarding the Railway Depreciation Reserve Fund, a motion for the constitution of a Standing Finance Committee, discussion of reports of Public Accounts Committee for two years and excess years and excess grants. Finally Government were pledged, if the House so desired, to allow a further day after the completion of all official business for discussion of a motion relating to the Wedgwood Report.

It would clearly be impossible to complete the whole of this business by October 1, which was the last day hitherto appointed for holding meetings. "I, therefore, request the holding of meetings of such of the following days as might be necessary, namely, October 2, (Oct. 4 holiday) October 5, 6, and 7."

Sir N. N. Sircar added that the outstanding business would render it impossible for consideration and passing of two private Bills, namely, Dr. Ziauddin's Durgah Khwaja Sahib Bill and Mr. Navalrai's child marriage Act Amendment Bill.—A. P.

JAWAHARLAL ON STATES PROBLEM

India Can't Be Divided Into Parts, He Says

JHANSI, Sept. 23.

A vernacular weekly "Rajasthan" publishes the following signed message from Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru to the States' subjects. Pandit Nehru says:—

"The States problems are becoming acute and engaging more of our attention daily. I believe that their solution lies with the other vital issues of the rest of the country. All national problems are interwoven and interdependent; so we must try to grasp the basic principles and essentials. India cannot be divided into parts; its solidarity is unbreakable and must remain intact. All must have complete freedom and it is inconceivable that half of the country will be enjoying Swaraj, while the other half will remain bound by shackles of slavery. This leads us to oppose Federation. This is the Congress policy and the States subjects must co-operate to this end."

Replying to a number of questions put to him through the same paper, Pandit Nehru throws some interesting light on the State issues, dealing with the future form of administration. He says:

"The world is sure to face the severest war resulting in great upheavals in every country, and India will also play her part then; but we must decide regarding the form of administration I believe that the major provinces are proving a stumbling block in India achieving solidarity. If the big provinces like the U. P. and the Punjab were partitioned, the chances of solidarity might be brightened."

Replying to another question, he says that he condemns Federation since it seeks to prescribe different systems of administration for British India and the Indian States. The administration should be alike for the well-being of people.

Referring to the paramountcy of the States by virtue of treaties, he remarks that they were arrived at a hundred years ago and since then, the world has changed considerably. Hence such treaties bear no relation to the present time.

JAYAKAR AND KHER IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, Sept. 28.

Mr. M. R. Jayakar, Judge-Designate of the Federal Court, arrived here to-night by the Frontier Mail. He was accorded a reception at the New Delhi station by nearly 100 people, most of whom were Maharashtrians. An address was also presented to him on behalf of the Hindu residents of Delhi.

Mr. Jayakar is leaving for Simla to-morrow along with Sir Sulaiman, another Judge-Designate, to take the oath there. He will return here on Sunday to take up his work from Monday.

The Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, also passed through Delhi for Simla. At the Delhi station Mr. Jayakar garlanded Mr. Kher who also garlanded Mr. Jayakar and congratulated him.—United Press.

C. S. P. FOR JHANSI

JHANSI, Sept. 28.

At a meeting of youths last night, a Congress Socialist Party was organised with Mr. Taramani Pandey and Mr. Haridass Varma as Secretaries. An unemployment Sub-Committee was also formed.—A.P.

PATNA 'VARSITY ACT AMENDING BILL

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, Sept. 27.

Sir Girjashanker Bajpai, Secretary, Education Department introduced in the Assembly to-day a bill amending the Patna University Act. Section 11 of the Patna University Act 1917 as adapted by the Government of India (adaptation of Indian Laws) Order 1937, has the effect of extending the jurisdiction of the Patna University to the whole of the province of Orissa as it stood on the first April 1937 and consequently of removing the jurisdiction of the Andhra University over the areas which were transferred to that province from the presidency of Madras by the Government of India (constitution of Orissa) Order 1936.

This was neither intended nor foreseen it is necessary to ratify the position and the bill is designed to achieve this.

Europe Will Soon Be Under Fascist Heel

WARNING TO BRITAIN

Bhulabhai And Satyamurti On Futility Of League As Instrument Of Peace

SIMLA, September 28.

Messrs. Bhulabhai Desai and S. Satyamurti have issued the following statement on the Sino-Japanese trouble:

"As a member of the League of Nations, notwithstanding her foreign domination, India is not only interested, but pledged to maintain world peace, as far as in her lies. Article Ten of the Covenant of the League of Nations guarantees protection to Member States against external aggression which would impair their territorial integrity or political independence.

At the outset we must point out that notwithstanding that central and essential obligation of the Covenant of the League, the question of India's political independence is not allowed to be brought before the League or enforced by it. Nonetheless in view of the situation in the East and Japan's aggression which threatens the independent territorial integrity of China and which may involve menace to the general peace of the world, India joins wholeheartedly in the condemnation of Japan's policy.

The Indian contingent which must by now have reached the centre of war, was despatched only for purposes of protection of Indian nationals in Shanghai and Hongkong areas and we consider it right to emphasise that India will never be a party to the use of those forces directly or indirectly to assist Japan's aggression. It would be a matter of sincere regret that even though our nationals require to be protected, forces sent under the plea of their protection should otherwise be used at all.

PUBLIC ASSURANCE

We have been assured publicly by the Governor-General as well as by the Commander-in-Chief that they have no obligations towards Japan whereby any of these troops are likely to be used during the course of the struggle in support of Japan directly or indirectly. This, therefore, raises the necessity of emphasising the desire and requirement of India and her position in relation to the use of Indian forces beyond Indian frontiers. If there is any secret pact, notwithstanding public declarations, we are certain that we would not allow that to be enforced in any way. When an appeal was made to the League of Nations by the Chinese delegations, assuming the public declarations above referred to were correct, there was no reason why Britain, one of the principal Powers of the League should not have given support to China and called upon Japan to desist from her aggression.

A REMINDER

We may remind Britain that her similar indifferent position in the League has caused Abyssinia her freedom and showed correctly that her indifferent over the events of this kind make her lose the prestige she once enjoyed and which she claims in support of the liberty of other nations. If Britain does not wish slowly to become an abettor, if not victim of Fascist Powers of Europe, it is time that she made more vigorous efforts to prevent Japan's aggression against China. Two days ago we had the news of the first success of China over Japan which is only relieving feature out of the otherwise dark and tragic situation in the East. While India is a member of the League, we also wish to protest against the way in which the League is on every occasion forswearing its obligations and declining to carry them out.

FUTILITY OF LEAGUE

If the futility of the League ever required to be proved, this last aggression with the League looking on, is sufficient to give it its last burial as an effective instrument for preserving peace in the world or freedom of its members. The intensity with which war is being waged should be a warning to those Powers in Europe who are now on the brink of another more destructive war as their fate if they acquiesce in their present aggressive war by Japan over China. The fact remains that excuse is worse than crime. Japan pretends that it is with a view to prevent the influence of Russian ideas becoming potent in China that she is now taking early steps to prevent such an event. Japan has thereby declared herself to be the enemy of freedom and nemesis is sure to overtake her in this conflict, if this present success of China continued, as we hope and trust it will."

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Post Of Venereal Specialist

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—In your issue of the 20th September, an article appeared under the name of "A Medical Man" attacking the Government for appointing an I. M. S. to the post of the Venereal Specialist in the Bombay Presidency. The writer of the article does not seem to have fully understood the attitude of the Bombay Medical Association and also of the present Government towards the I.M.S.

The Medical Association as well as the Government are opposed to the appointment of I.M.S. on the ground of their being mostly foreigners. It is the aim and object of the Medical Association and also of the Government to eliminate the foreign element from the Medical Profession in the Government Service as far as possible and to replace the I.M.S. by equally, and in most cases, more qualified Indian medical men. This does not mean that an Indian of great ability and experience who happens to be an I.M.S. should be replaced by another Indian who is not an I.M.S. simply because the Government and Medical Association are opposed to the appointment of I.M.S.

On the recommendation of the Delegation of the British Social Hygiene Council from London, the post of a Venereal Specialist was created in every province some 10 years ago. In all the provinces specialists were sent for from England and it was only in the Bombay Presidency that an Indian I. M.S. who had considerable previous experience in Venereal Diseases was appointed to the post. This procedure not only made available for the presidency an officer with the necessary experience, but saved the government the extra expenditure which would be incurred by appointing some other person. Notwithstanding his previous experience in Venereal diseases the Bombay Government sent him to England on a study leave for one year before he actually took charge of his present duties in 1931. During the last six years of his service, this officer has completely organised the Venereal Department of the J. J. Hospital and done a great deal to lessen the curse of Venereal diseases from amongst the public in the province. A large number of post-graduate students have been attending the Venereal Department regularly. His work is fully appreciated by the government, the medical profession and the public in Bombay. I am sure that the Government of Bombay does not in the least contemplate removing such a valuable officer from this department.

The Government and the Hon. Dr. Gilder, Minister of Health, very well know that specialists cannnot be created in a day and the department will surely suffer by transferring such an officer, whom the Government sent for training in England and who has in the course of the last so many years gained enormous experience in Venereal Diseases which another person cannot possess unless another 10 years and a lot of money are wasted on his training. Besides the present officer is our own man although technically an I.M.S. He is one of the most popular officer on the staff of the J. J. Hospital

It is only an undesirable attempt by the writer of the said article to prejudice the mind of the Government against a very qualified and therefore a valuable Indian officer of the medical department who happens to be an I. M. S.

Yours etc.,

"OBSERVER".

September 27.

Did you MACLEAN your teeth to-day?

Well, look Doctor

Her sparkling white teeth are convincing evidence of the effective way in which Macleans cleans, whitens and polishes. And remember, the regular use of Macleans Peroxide Toothpaste means that your teeth not only *look* clean but *are* clean and *feel* clean. For Macleans puts to flight all trace of the mucous coating that harbours germs. Try a tube of Macleans to-day—you'll like its fine refreshing flavour.

Sold by all Chemists and Stores.

DRIVE ILLNESS A THOUSAND MILES

When illness sweeps through your family there has been something wrong with your protective measures. Sweep sickness out, drive it a thousand miles where it cannot harm you and your family. Protect yourselves with Phosferine, the world's greatest tonic: the tonic that rebuilds; the tonic that protects.

Phosferine has been supplied by Royal Command to several Royal Families of Europe. They know the value of Phosferine.

Protect your family against disease; give them a regular course of Phosferine. The sooner you start, the quicker will the results be seen.

PHOSFERINE

THE GREATEST OF ALL TONICS

Influenza, Lassitude, Brain Fag — Gastric Pains, Debility, Indigestion — Sleeplessness, Exhaustion, Nerve Shock — Rheumatism, Headache, Sciatica — Neuralgia, Maternity, Anæmia — Weakness

SOLD IN LIQUID OR TABLET FORM BY ALL GOOD CHEMISTS

PROPRIETORS: PHOSFERINE (ASHTON & PARSONS) LTD., LONDON, ENGLAND

SHE GOT RID OF DIZZINESS AND FAT

Housework is No Longer a Trouble to Her

KRUSCHEN MADE HER A CHANG ED WOMAN

Dizziness and overweight almost made this woman give up—and at 59 she has a nine-roomed house to run! But one day, her husband brought home a bottle of Kruschen Salts. To-day, a changed woman, she writes:—

"I suffered from dizziness for years. I never thought of taking Kruschen Salts, but one day my husband brought home a bottle and asked me to give Kruschen a fair trial. I began with a very small dose which I increased to a level coffee-spoonful. Result, I got rid of surplus fat which I could well do without and I am quite cured of my awful dizziness. Best of all, housework is no longer a burden—and at 59 I have a nine-roomed house to run, doing the cooking and small laundry. Kruschen has made all this work seem light."—(Mrs.) M.S.

Kruschen Salts is Nature's recipe for maintaining a condition of internal cleanliness. The six salts in Kruschen stimulate the liver, kidneys and bowels to function properly, so that all blood impurities and fat-forming waste matter are regularly and completely eliminated from the system. Then pure, refreshed blood goes coursing through your veins, carrying new health and energy to every part of the body.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all Chemists, Stores and Bazars.

SOUND ADVICE

In chronic diseases and surgical cases Always consult Dr. TANDON senior, M.D. (U.S.A.), Scientific Veteran Homoeopath, of 30 years' experience and an eminent Physician of Bombay, who works wonders even at the eleventh hour without operation. His treatment is scientific, sure, simple, natural and harmless. Chowpatty Sea Face, Bombay. Phone 40307.

ASTOUNDING FRENCH DISCOVERY!

RADIAURUM TREATMENT (Atomic Radium Gold Injections) positively cures Gonorrhoea and Syphilis from 2 to 4 days Amazing, astounding, but nevertheless true. Has created a sensation among doctors, 100 p.c. better than 606, 914 arsenicals, mercurials, bismuth, vaccines or electric treatment. Speedy, rapid cure No unpleasant reactions Laboratory proof of cure given. For this unique and exclusive French treatment consult free: CLINICAL DEPARTMENT, HERING & KENT, REAY HOUSE, 3rd Floor, Opp. Lloyd's Bank, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay Telephone No. 24297

BANK OF BARODA, LTD.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar of Baroda

(Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897)

The Liability of Members being limited.

Capital Subscribed .... Rs 60,00,000
Capital Called-up ..... Rs 30,00,000
Reserve Fund .....Rs 25,00,000

Head Office:—BARODA

BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Surat, Navsari, Karjan, Dabhoi, Mehsana Patan Petlad Port Okha, Kalol Kadi, Sidhpur, Bhavnagar, Amreli, Dwarka, Harij (N.G.), Bhadra—Ahmedabad, Panchkuva—Ahmedabad, and Kapadwanj.

LONDON AGENTS:—The Eastern Bank, Limited

Current Accounts, Fixed, Short, Savings Banks and Savings Bank Deposits received on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Loans, Overdrafts and Cash Credits

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved Securities

W. G. GROUNDWATER,
General Manager.

Refugees pouring across the Garden Bridge into the International settlement of Shanghai.

University Recognition Of Indian Music

Premier's Reply To B. S. Samity Representation

A representation was made by the Bharateeya Sangit Samiti to Mr. B. G. Kher as Chief Minister and Minister of Education in the matter of the recognition by the University of Bombay of Indian music. The following are extracts from the representation.

Under instructions from His Highness the Maharana Saheb of Dharampur, the President, we, the Standing Committee of the Bharateeya Sangeet Samiti, solicit your support both personally and officially for the request contained in a representation, which has been sent to His Excellency the Chancellor of the University of Bombay. We are sending herewith a copy of that representation and also a brochure, which contains much useful material throwing light on the same subject.

The subject is not altogether new, so far as the University of Bombay is concerned, as you will find that it was favourably reported upon by the University Reforms Committee, which sat in 1924. It is not for us to comment as to why thereafter the University authorities did not go forward. It is possible that they were deterred by paucity of funds. It is also possible that there was not the necessary driving force behind the proposals particularly amongst educationists, some of whom may be distinguished in their own subjects, but different with regard to the development of a very important element of Indian culture, viz. the Indian Music. It has been the complaint of patriotic Indians who have criticised the system of University Education during the last fifty years, that there has been westernization and an extensive imitation of the University conditions abroad. There has also been the reproach that Indian tradition has not hitherto played the role, which it deserved to play in the University. Whatever it may have been in the past, India in 1937 cannot look upon the problem of developing and—advancing Indian music hesitatingly or half-heartedly. No section of the public will to-day accept academic objections, or put up with dilatory tactics, so far as the recognition of Indian Music by the University is concerned. Much less would a Ministry, which has already indicated in more than [illegible] direction their deep veneration for—Indian tradition, and which has upheld the Indian ideal of simplicity combined with high culture.

As a body constituted with the sole aim of the advancement of music in India, we have ventured to—encroach on your time and attention with the absolute confidence that your response to our appeal cannot be different from what we expect it to be of any cultured patriot. We feel sure that the recognition of music by the University will help the advancement of music.

We are not unaware that, in practical administration, after the University has decided to recognize—Indian music, numerous problems will arise. But we think it premature and altogether wrong to anticipate the discussion of these problems, where the first step is to be taken. We think it would be a disservice to the cause of Indian Music as well as to the interests of the University, if the formulation of the views of the Government of Bombay on this subject on the general problem and the matter of principle, were interfered with by the consideration of details, which may be inevitable and necessary, but which would be not very relevant at the moment. Without, therefore, a further discussion of the ways and means and the details. We reiterate our request to you to consider the problem with your colleagues in the Cabinet and to declare the views of the Government of Bombay on this subject.

The letter is signed by the following:—

M. R. Jayakar, Lilavati Munshi, Vice-Presidents. B. S. Sukhthankar, Dy Chairman, Standing Committee, Manu Subedar, Y. A. Jasdanwalla, V. G. Paranjpe, G. A. Jasdanwalla, Sunalini Devi, G. N. Joshi, Kanaiyalal Vakil, R. D. Karve, G. R. Gokhale, Vasudev R. Divekar, R. V. Ashtekar, S. G. Vyas, H. B. Bapat, Indumati Purohit, A. S. Bakre, V. H. Deshpande, Members of the Managing Committee. Karsondas Mavji, Hon. Treasurer. M. D Pai, B. R. Deodhar, Jt. Hon. Secretaries.

PREMIER'S REPLY

The following reply was received from Mr. B. G. Kher the Premier and Minister of Education to the representation:—

POONA, 16th September, 1937.

Sir,

I am in receipt of the letter dated 22nd August written to me by you and the other office bearers of the Bharateeya Sangeeta Samiti on the subject of recognition of Indian Music as a subject of study by the Bombay University. I regret that owing to pressure of work I could not attend to it earlier.

I have no hesitation in supporting the general principle that music should form part of the curricula of the Bombay University. There is no better method of taking away Indian Music from undesirable association than that of recognising it as one of the subjects of higher study at the University. There would be many details to settle, viz., details of the curricula, the nature of the institutions to be recognised for this teaching and whether it should be a short period course or a long period course, and whether it should be a diploma or a degree. But the general principle that Indian Music should find a place amongst the subjects for liberal studies is one to which no exception can be taken by anybody.

The Government of Bombay trust that University authorities, when dealing with your request, will have no hesitation in accepting the general principle. Government would not like to commit themselves at this stage as to whether they would give financial assistance towards the accomplishment of this object, but any request from the University in this direction will receive full consideration.

My Government appreciate the good work, which your Samiti has been doing in this direction, and I wish every success to the Samiti in the accomplishment of their object.

Yours Sincerely.
(Sd.) B. G. KHER,
M. R. Jayakar Esqr., Bar-at-Law.

SIND GOVERNOR'S DONATION FOR HARIJAN UPLIFT

KARACHI, Sept. 28.

His Excellency the Governor of Sind has sent a cheque for Rs. 100 as donation to the Secretary of the Sind Harijan Sewak Sangh for Harijan uplift work in the province

The donation has been very much appreciated by the Committee and they take it as a token of sympathy from the Head of the Government, who takes keen interest in the cause of the depressed classes in Sind.—United Press.

Cairo Letter

Egypt's Confidence In Nahas Pasha Govt.

NAKRASHI PASHA TO BE EXPELLED FROM WAFD PARTY EXECUTIVE

(From Our Correspondent)

CAIRO (By Air Mail).

It is stated that the original cause of the resignation of Nakrashi Pasha, Minister of Communications, from the Cabinet and the Wafd Party Executive, is that there were some differences between him and Makram Obaid Pasha, the Minister for Finance.

NAHAS PASHA'S NEW CABINET.

On the 30th of July last, on the first day of the Coronation of H. M. King Farouq, Premier Nahas Pasha tendered the resignation of his whole Cabinet and His Majesty asked him to form a new Cabinet, since from that day he had assumed full powers of ruling and since the Council of Regency had ceased to operate. Accordingly, Nahas Pasha submitted the names of his new Cabinet to His Majesty and while doing so, he deleted from the list names of four of his former Ministers, viz. Nakrashi Pasha (Communications), Mahmood Ghalib Pasha (Law.) Ali Farhmi Pasha (War) and Mahomed Saafat Pasha (Wakf).

PREMIER'S OFFER TO NAKRASHI PASHA.

It is stated that Premier Nahas Pasha had offered Nakrashi Pasha the portfolio of Education, instead of his previous Communications department, but he seems to have refused this offer, though he had held many times previously this very portfolio of Education. The new Cabinet was hailed both by the Parliament and the country at large and expressed their full confidence in them. Rumours were spread at this time that Nakrashi Pasha had refused the offer to accept the Ministry, not so much because there was a change in the portfolio but because there had been a change in the policy of the Wafd Party itself.

FRESH OFFER.

Immediately after this, Premier Nahas Pasha convened an emergent meeting of the Wafd Party Executive, when they decided to end the conflict by offering Nakrashi Pasha the post of one of the two Directors of the Suez Canal Company, on behalf of the Egyptian Government (The other one to be occupied by Share of Sabri Pasha, uncle of H. M. King Farouq and till the time of his Coronation, member of the Council of Regency.)

On August 20th, an official letter was sent from the Egyptian Cabinet to Nakrashi Pasha offering him the Directorship of the Suez Canal Company on a salary of £5,000 per annum, the salary to be paid for the whole life period; but Nakrashi Pasha refused to accept even this offer. This refusal of his was interpreted by and in the Wafd Party as tantamount to his refusal to co-operate with the Party and that they took it that he wanted to non-co-operate with them.

On the Anniversary Day of the late Zaglul Pasha, the great leader of the Wafd National Party, which was held in Alexandria on August 23 at a big public meeting Premier Nahas Pasha expressed his extreme regret at the new attitude adopted by Nakrashi Pasha against the Wafd Party members

CONFERENCE OF LEADERS

Later, Madame Zaglul Pasha invited Nakrashi Pasha (who happens to be her nephew), Premier Nahas Pasha, Makram Obaid Pasha (The Finance Minister) and Dr. Ahmed Meher (Speaker of the Egyptian Parliament) to a conference. It was rumoured that at this meeting, after a long discussion, a compromise was arrived at, namely that Dr. Ahmed Meher should resign from the Speakership and that Nakrashi Pasha was to be elected as the Speaker; that Dr. Ahmed Meher was to be given one of the portfolios in the Cabinet

But this rumour was flatly denied the next day by Premier Nahas Pasha, himself, who contended that no such compromise formula had been arrived at since Nakrashi Pasha, who had refused to accept a Ministry and also the Directorship of the Suez Canal Company, he (Nahas Pasha) would never agree to his being elected as the Speaker.

DEMAND FOR EXPULSION.

After this incident, a big attack was launched against Nakrashi Pasha, especially by the two Wafdist papers, "Al Jihad" and "Kowko Shaarak," who stated that he was responsible for creating a split in the Party and that he was trying to disrupt the Party and non-co-operate with it, and this, too, at a critical time in the history of the country, just when they had regained their independence and wanted to present a United Front to outsiders. They demanded that whatever position he held as a leader or otherwise in the Party, he should be expelled from the Party.

After this, a memorandum was submitted to Premier Nahas Pasha by the Cairo Chamber of Commerce, offering their full confidence in Nahas Pasha and his Cabinet, and approving the attitude adopted by them towards Nakrashi Pasha.

At a meeting of the Wafd Party Executive, a resolution was passed, by 8 votes against 1, that Nakrashi Pasha should be expelled from the Party.

NATIONAL FLAG ON COLLEGE HOSTEL

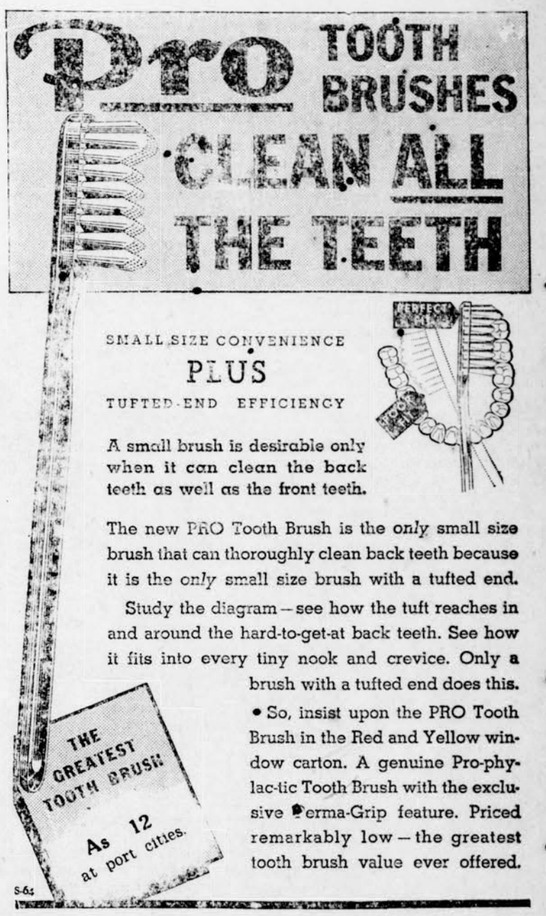
Jawaharlal Performs Ceremony At Allahabad

(From Our Correspondent).

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 28.

Amidst scenes of enthusiasm, Jawaharlal Nehru performed the flag hoisting ceremony this morning over Holland Hall, one of the University hostels. Several hundred students witnessed the ceremony, the Vice-Chancellor was consulted previously. He raised no objection to it. This is the first time that a flag is hoisted over any University Building. One student has given notice of a resolution in the University Union, urging that the National Flag be hoisted over the University Clock Tower and Muir College Buildings. interesting developments are expected.

The death has occurred of the Rev. Fr. Rieu, a French missionary, who came to Burma in 1899, and who had been in charge of the Leper Asylum in Rangoon for the last 15 years.


Pro TOOTH BRUSHES
CLEAN ALL THE TEETH
SMALL SIZE CONVENIENCE
PLUS
TUFTED-END EFFICIENCY
A small brush is desirable only when it can clean the back teeth as well as the front teeth.
The new PRO Tooth Brush is the only small size brush that can thoroughly clean back teeth because it is the only small size brush with a tufted end.
Study the diagram—see how the tuft reaches in and around the hard-to-get-at back teeth. See how it fits into every tiny nook and crevice. Only a brush with a tufted end does this.
• So, insist upon the PRO Tooth Brush in the Red and Yellow window carton. A genuine Pro-phy-lac-tic Tooth Brush with the exclusive Derma-Grip feature. Priced remarkably low—the greatest tooth brush value ever offered.
THE GREATEST TOOTH BRUSH
As 12 at port cities.
S-65
FREE
A TUBE OF LISTERINE TOOTH PASTE
As an added economy—for a limited time only—your dealer will give you absolutely free, a tube of Listerine Tooth Paste with each purchase of a PRO Tooth Brush. Take advantage of this offer now—while it lasts.

DOCTOR, MY BABY DOESN'T GAIN AS HE SHOULD.
HE'S UNDERNOURISHED—GIVE HIM QUAKER OATS GRUEL EVERY DAY.
BABIES NEED MINERAL-IRON, COPPER AND THE ESSENTIAL VITAMIN B. ALL THESE ARE FOUND IN...
... QUAKER OATS, IT BUILDS STRONG TEETH, BODIES, BONES AND MUSCLES.
QUAKER
QUICK COOKING
WHITE OATS
M-81
• That's why Quaker Oats was selected for the famous Dionne Quintuplets even before their first birthday. It enriches the blood, replenishes energy, supplies amazing material for growth. Its Vitamin B offsets nervousness, constipation, loss of appetite.
QUAKER OATS
Gives you the Vitality to keep you fit

8 ANNAS LOST
INFERIOR BATTERIES CAN WASTE AS MUCH OR MORE THAN HALF OF EVERY RUPEE YOU SPEND
Buy Eveready Batteries famous the World over for their . . .
GREATER POWER—LONGER LIFE
16 ANNA VALUE
It pays to buy the best
No 950
EVEREADY
TRADE MARK
EXTRA LONG LIFE BATTERY
NATIONAL CARBON CO., Inc.
Unit of Union Carbide and Carbon Corp.
MADE IN U.S.A.
EVEREADY UNIT CELLS THEY LAST LONGER
TRADE MARK

The Tata Power Company, Limited

A net profit of Rs. 34,10,779 and a dividend of seven and half per cent. were declared at the meeting of the shareholders of the Tata Power Company Ld. which met on Tuesday. This profit added to the balance brought forward last year of Rs. 4,54,293 amounted to Rs. 38,65,072 which the directors appropriated as follows:

To 'ad-interim' dividend on Preference Shares at 7-1/2 per cent. per annum, and on Ordinary Shares of Rs. 22-8-0 per share free of Income-Tax for the half-year ended 31st December 1936.	Rs. 10,00,020	0	0
To Reserve for Special Repairs ..	„ 3,573	13	3
To Reserve for Income-Tax and Super Tax	„ 5,01,600	0	0
To General Reserve	„ 2,00,000	0	0 „ 17,05,799 13 3
Leaving available for distribution.			Rs. 20,59,272 11 3
From the above available balance your Directors recommend the following distributions:—			
(a) A Dividend on Preference Shares at 7-1/2 per cent. per annum for the half-year ended 30th June 1937 (subject to deduction of Income-Tax) ..	Rs. 3,26,127	8	0
(b) A final Dividend on Ordinary Shares of Rs. 37-8-0 per share (free of Income-Tax)	„ 12,74,137	8	0 „ 16,00,275 0 0
After making these payments there will remain a balance of which the Directors recommend be carried forward. ..			Rs. 4,68,997 11 6

Sir Nowroji Saklatwala presided and in moving the adoption of the report said:—

The Annual Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1937 have now been in your hands for the prescribed period and I propose, with your permission, to take them as read.

Gross Revenue is slightly less than that of last year, but the net profit before income-tax and super-tax shows an increase of Rs. 1,24,098 or 3.77 per cent. We are now for the first time in the position of having to provide for income-tax and super-tax because we have used up the accumulated depreciation allowances of past years which we had to our credit with the Income-tax Authorities. As you will see from the report, the tax provision for the year under review is Rs. 5,01,600.

Power sales were 31 million units more than last year. The revenue from such sales, after cash discount, amounted to an increase of only Rs. 13,000. This is a result of the rate reductions put into effect during 1936.

Your Chairman at the last Annual General Meeting of the Company referred to the possibility of losses in connection with your investment in The Kundley Power Company, Limited, in the event that rehabilitation of that project proved to be out of the question. You were further advised that the General Reserve and Doubtful Debt Reserves had been built up against such a contingency. The Boards of the three Hydro-Electric Companies, who were the sole shareholders and sole creditors of The Kundley Power Company, Limited, subsequently met in joint session in October of last year to discuss the Kundley situation and after due consideration resolved that the Kundley Dam should not be re-constructed and that the Company should be wound up. The Board of the Kundley Company duly approved and confirmed that decision, and an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Kundley Company convened for that purpose subsequently resolved that as the dam was not to be re-constructed it was advisable to wind up the Company and appointed a Liquidator for the purpose of such winding up.

UNITED POWER LIMITED

The three sister companies thereafter approved and authorised the incorporation and registration of a new company to be known as "United Power, Limited," and it was arranged that this Company should acquire the Kundley assets from the Liquidator at a fair valuation. The position to-day, therefore, is that the assets which were formerly owned by the Kundley Company are now vested in United Power, Limited, the shares of which are held in equal thirds by the three associated companies.

You will have noted from the report that during the year we have sold additional Ordinary forfeited shares of the Company to the total number of 2028. Funds were required for financing plant extensions and it seemed desirable to reduce the current and debenture indebtedness of the Company. The sale, re-issue and allotment of the entire block above referred to was carried through in such a manner that we are able to report having received an average premium over par of not less than Rs. 625 per share. To the extent to which prior charges have been reduced through the repayment and cancellation of senior securities, and capital extensions financed without the necessity of fresh borrowings, the position of the Company has been improved and strengthened as a result of the operation under reference.

I now wish to refer to the position in respect of supply to the Railways. The G. I. P. contract expires in February 1940 and the B. B. & C. I. contract in December 1942. The present rates will continue until the expiration of those two contracts. Some months ago an agreement was reached with the Railway Authorities whereby the three Hydro Companies will, after the expiration of the present contracts, supply the entire electrical requirements of both Railways including the supply to the G. I. P. now being generated by their Chola Steam Station. The formal contract has not yet been signed as there are still some technical details to be worked out. I have in the past indicated to you that renewal of the Railway contracts would be on substantially lower rates than those now prevailing. The rates agreed upon are very low, but these rates are the highest we could obtain in order to continue this supply, a matter which is of very great importance, particularly to your Company, because it supplies the bulk of the Railway load. We will not feel the full effect of the reduced rates until the financial year 1943-44. You will, I am sure, wish to have some idea of the extent profits will be affected as a result of the reduced rates to the Railways. Taking the past year as a basis for comparison, we estimate that in 1943-44 net profit after provision for taxes, in so far as railway revenue is concerned, will be adversely affected by approximately Rs. 13 1/2 lakhs. In the meantime, however, I am hopeful that we shall be able to increase our business in other directions and reduce our interest expenses, so as to make up, at least in part, this large decrease in profits.

There are several advantageous features in the new agreement. The Chola Steam Station of the G. I. P. Railway, which at present supplies power for the Railway on the main line from Kalyan to Poona and Igatpuri, is to be maintained by the Railway as a standby. This will provide additional security to our Hydro-Electric system. Again, the agreement gives an option to the Hydro Companies to terminate the supply, totally or partially, under certain notice periods if the Hydro Companies at any time during the agreement, which would not ordinarily terminate until 3rd February 1960, have a total demand from all other consumers equal to their capacity and are able to sell power to another consumer at a more remunerative rate.

Your Directors regret that the dividend recommended this year is 1/2 per cent less than last year. Taking all factors into consideration, they do not feel justified in recommending a final dividend higher than 3 3/4 per cent on the Ordinary Shares, making a total of 6 per cent (free of income-tax) for the year.

If there are any points on which shareholders desire additional information, I shall do my best to supply it.

I now beg to move that the Annual Report and Statements of Accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1937 be approved and adopted.

Future Of Scout Movement

Comments On Viceroy's Letter To Governors

Madras Provincial Secretary's Statement

MADRAS, Sept 25.

Mr. K. Sanjiva Kamath, Honorary Provincial Secretary, Boy Scouts Association, Madras has issued the following statement to the press, regarding the circular letter dated September 16th by His Excellency, the Viceroy to the Provincial Governors, about the future of the Boy Scout Movement in India:—

I do not wish to anticipate the decision of our Provincial Executive Committee, which is meeting on October 2nd, to give effect to the Resolutions of the Provincial Council, in the light of the situation in Scouting in the Presidency as on Sept 30. The Statement now made by H. E the Viceroy is an important document to which I have no doubt the Executive Committee will give its most earnest consideration.

TRIENNIAL CONFERENCE

One thing clearly emerges from the statement and it is that H.E is not prepared to take any action except on the recommendations of the Triennial Conference which is expected to meet in November next. The Triennial Conference referred to is the All-India Conference provided for by Rule 31 (d) of the Policy Organisation and rules as issued by the Imperial Scout Headquarters in 1935. This itself is a new rule and has been the subject of considerable criticism in the past and its introduction in the Rules has not been approved by the General Council for India which it has superseded. The Constitution of the conference which is to meet once in three years and which so far, has never met, is not such as to inspire confidence in its deliberations, and even if it meets, it can do very little to save the situation which, by then, would have sufficiently advanced.

MEMBERSHIP.

At present 19 British Provinces and 33 Indian states are members of this conference, each having the right of sending three representatives but exercising only one vote. The 33 Indian States do not include such major states Hyderabad, Baroda, and Indore, which have their own independent Boy Scouts Associations, not affiliated with B. P. Organisation, and are mostly small North Indian States some of which have a strength varying between 43 and 59 Scouts each.

Eight such States with a total strength of 513 can outvote Madras, Bombay, C. P. Sind, Travancore and Cochin whose proposals for the nationalisation of the Boy Scout Movement have now been referred to this Conference and which have a total strength of 116309 Scouts. Twenty such States Associations with a strength varying from 43 and 429 each and a total strength of 2991 can outvote all the British Provinces put together with a total strength of 283129. As between the British Provinces themselves, major Provinces such as Madras and Bombay can command less voting strength than minor Provinces such as Bangalore cantonment Secunderabad and similarly with the States. These figures are a sufficient argument against any proposal to refer the issues that are agitating the public mind in India, to the Triennial Conference. Hence it is that the Madras Provincial Council which was quite aware of this conference proposed for November, fixed a time limit, at its special meeting on July 24, for the acceptance of its proposals by September 30 and the Bombay Provincial Council went one step further in making it quite clear in their resolutions on August 11 that "no useful purpose would be served by discussing the question at the Triennial Conference proposed to be held in November."

TERMS OF REUNION

Now that the All-India headquarters have made up their mind on the subject, it is clear that no step will be taken to ease the situation in conformity with the resolutions passed by some of the Provincial and State Scout Councils, including Madras and Bombay, before September 40. I do not wish to further comment upon the wisdom or otherwise of this step except that Provincial and State Associations should have the same freedom of action to move according to the needs of the situation in their particular localities, as the India Headquarters has been exercising at this juncture. No blame can be attached to any Province or State which may prefer to stand out till the India Headquarters puts its house in order as a result of the deliberations of the Triennial Conference, on which so much emphasis is being laid. If the proceedings of that conference are satisfactory, there can be no difficulty of a reunion being effected on terms more equitable than at present, and, in the meantime, such of the Provincial and State Associations as may secede or have seceded will have the satisfaction that they have discharged their trust truly and well, by their boys and their parents, in response to the insistent demands made by responsible public opinion in the country.

FIRST SEAT OF BOY-SCOUTING.

As for Madras it has to shoulder heavy responsibilities in the sphere or organisation and development of Scouting in India in the past, and indications are not wanting that Madras should have to shoulder even heavier responsibilities in the future. The Political seat of this Presidency saw the birth of the first All-India Boy Scouts Association for Indian Boys and it was here that the decisive Conference which brought about the amalgamation was held and the beginnings of the Boy Scouts Association in India were laid. But again it seems as if we are at the parting of the ways. With a new spirit of nationalism and patriotism dominating the country, the movement will necessarily have to readjust itself to its changing environment and Madras has once again discharged its bare duty by pointing the way.

HARIJANS' INTEREST FIRST

Madras Premier Says Passing Of Prohibition Bill Is Red Letter Day

MADRAS: Sept. 27

"In whatever measure we may take in hand, we will have the interests of Harijans at heart, before those of others. The day is not too far away when all temples in the Province will be flung open to the 'untouchables' and the whole Province rendered dry," declared Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar, Premier, addressing a social gathering convened this evening by Mr. Bapineedu, Parliamentary Secretary, in celebration of the "Harijan Week" and the anniversary of the Poona Pact.

All Ministers with their Parliamentary Secretaries were present.

The Premier, continuing, cited the Prohibition Act enacted by the Madras Assembly to-day as a step towards ameliorating the condition of Harijans and characterised the day as "Red Letter Day" in the history of not only of Madras Presidency, but also of the whole country, since he hoped at least the Congress-governed Provinces would follow suit in bringing forth such measures.

In conclusion, the Premier appealed for all-round co-operation in the Ministry's arduous task.—United Press.

EDUCATIONAL SYSTEM NEEDS RECONSTRUCTION

Dr. Ashraf's Presidential Address At Benares Students Conference

BENARES, Sept. 27.

A conference of the students of Benares was held here in the Town Hall grounds under the presidentship of Dr. K M. Ashraf, Head of the Foreign and Political Department of the A.-I.C.C Delegates from Mirzapur Allahabad and Aligarh attended.

Dr. K M. Ashraf in his presidential address explained the changes which the politics of those days had undergone. He dwelt at length on the Gandhi cult and the Non-Co-operation movement. He mentioned about the great agricultural depression in the country and the prospects of revolution, and pointed out that the debts had gone to Rs. 15 crores as against Rs. 12 crores.

Concluding, Dr. Ashraf pointed out that the present system of education should be completely overhauled for it did not provide for intellectual development.—United Press.

Muslims To Resist Federation

Shareef's Call To Leaguers To Join Congress: "Bande-mataram," Not Communal

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, (By Mail.)

Under the auspices of the Nagar Congress Committee, a public meeting was held at the Town Hall, Nagpur, to explain the resolution on Constituent Assembly passed by the Provincial Legislative Assembly.

The Hon. Dr. N. B. Khare, Prime Minister, the Hon. Pandit R. S. Shukla, Minister for Education, the Hon. Mr. M. Y. Shareef, Minister for Law and others were present. Mr. G. D. Dhawle occupied the chair.

Mr. Kanaday Shastri in his speech said that out of three crores of people enfranchised by the Government of India Act, 1935, more than two and a half crores had voted for the Congress which body had unequivocally declared itself against the Act which had been thrust upon India. The people desired to replace it by a constitution framed by a Constituent Assembly on the basis of adult franchise.

The Hon. Mr. M. Y. Shareef said that both the Muslim and the Congress agreed that the Act was not wanted.

The League had further passed a resolution giving direction to its representatives in the legislatures to prevent the coming in of the proposed central Constitution and to work in a manner to have the Act replaced by a full democratic Government. Those, therefore, who opposed the resolution in the Provincial Assemblies were not keeping with the ideals of the Muslim League.

The League had allowed coalition with a progressive party whose ideals were the same and therefore he did not think it wrong to join the Congress. The Congress did not stand for any particular community, class or interest, but it was fighting for equal rights for all. What representation would the Muslim have in the Constituent Assembly will be decided when that body was called.

Referring to the agitation by the Muslim members with regard to the singing of "Vande Mataram", the Hon. Mr. Shareef said that the song only meant: "Bow to your motherland". There was nothing wrong in the song to which any Indian—be he a Hindu or a Muslim, could take any objection. All those who loved their country could sing that song.

RURAL UPLIFT AND ENGINEERING

(Continued from page 6)

ing at the expense of cultivated areas and we complain about the smallness of rural holding.

Ignorance Of Mechanical Engineering

The great stumbling-block in the successful introduction of machinery in villages is the complete lack of knowledge of mechanics and a total absence of repair facilities. Our country-side is quite helpless in this respect and even if only a screw is missing from a tractor, or a coupling or rod damaged in an engine, the whole plant has to be carted to a place at least one hundred miles away. The average farmer and even educated people have not the slightest notion of repairing simple mechanical contrivances. Thus the large part of the season is lost and the repair bills are heavy and the machinery is allowed to go to the dogs. Village blacksmiths and carpenters can repair carts and wooden ploughs but are hopelessly out of day when a machine is to be repaired. The difference between the skilled and non-skilled workers is very great. From three to four times wages are demanded by ordinary mechanical workman and the consequent increase in cost militates against the rapid increase of labour saving machine.

Mahamahopadhyaya Pandit Pramath Nath Tarkhabhusan, the Principal of the Oriental College, Hindu University, has been appointed Director of the Oriental Learning and Theology. Pandit Balkrishna Misra has been appointed in his place.

"Banish that tired feeling with Passing Show"
PASSING SHOW
CIGARETTES
Light a Passing Show when you're tired—you're soon refreshed. Their cool, bracing quality will soothe your nerves and benefit your health
GOLDEN IN COLOUR
GOLDEN IN QUALITY
PASSING SHOW
2½ ANNAS FOR TEN
One cigarette for a pice.
PS/23

GODREJ
VEGETABLE TOILET SOAP
"CHAVI BRAND"
GODREJ
TURKISH BATH SOAP
GODREJ
VEGETABLE TOILET SOAP
GODREJ
Nos. 1 & 2 are specially made by GODREJ process and contains costly ingredients as Benzoin, oil of Nutmeg & Oil of Clove which are known to scientists all over the world as beneficial to human skin.
IMPORTANT:—For genuineness look for our "Chavi Brand"
Sole Agents:—
NADIRSHAW PRINTER & Co. BOMBAY.
Factory: GODREJ SOAPS, LTD., DELISLE ROAD, BOMBAY, 11.

Gonorrhoea Cured

OLD or NEW—Cured Guaranteedly. Medicine charges on cure. Correspondence not invited—visit personally. Time:—9 to 12 a.m. & 5 p.m. to 9 p.m. SUNDAY: 9 a.m. to 12 a.m only.

SANYASI DAVAKHANA (Regtd.), Sandhurst Road.
Opp. Central Bank, Majestic Building, BOMBAY 4.

Indian Iron And Steel Co., Ltd.,

SATISFACTORY ANNUAL REPORT

The following report for the year ending March 1937 of the Indian Iron and Steel Co., Ltd. will be presented at the nineteenth ordinary general meeting of the Shareholders to be held on October 8:—

During the year under review the amalgamation with your Company of the Bengal Iron Co., Ltd., became effective, but the completion of all the necessary formalities must necessarily take some time.

Since the close of the financial year under review, the Company has made a further issue of Ordinary Share Capital for the specific purpose of investing the proceeds in the Share Capital of the Steel Corporation of Bengal, Limited. This issue of 4,19,468 shares was offered to the shareholders and the total Ordinary Share Capital of the Company now ranking for the final distribution of profits for 1936-1937 is Rs. 2,23,10,520 made up as under:

Ordinary Share Capital as at 31st March, 1937, exclusive of shares allotted for Second Debenture conversions	Rs.	1,81,15,840
Further shares issued after 31st March 1937, as above	Rs.	41,94,680
	Rs.	2,23,10,520

The Steel Corporation of Bengal, Ltd. was incorporated on the 20th April, 1937. In order to implement the agreements made with the Corporation, it will be necessary to instal at your Hirapur Works a new Battery of Coke Ovens, additional power equipment and Pumping Plant, Reservoirs, Gas Cleaning and other plant. This capital extension programme is being taken in hand by the time the Steel Works are ready, it is anticipated that the additional facilities, which your Company has undertaken to provide, will be available.

In the Board's circular dated 30th April, 1937, announcing the interim dividend the productions both from your Hirapur and Kulti Works were briefly mentioned.

EASTERN LIGHT CASTINGS CO., LTD.

This Company, which is a subsidiary and is adjacent to your Kulti Works, also experienced a fuller year and over 3,850 tons of light castings were manufactured.

ORE MINES.

The output of ore from Gua and Manharpur Mines for consumption at your Works was steadily maintained throughout the year. The ropeways, inclines, railways and power plant were all kept in good order. Considerable development of new areas at the Gua Mines was successfully undertaken.

PIG IRON.

Prices have been well maintained since the close of the financial year and the outlook continues healthy.

ACCOUNTS.

As the result of the reduction of Capital in November last, the various reserve funds as well as the sum carried forward at the credit of the Profit and Loss Account last year have been mainly utilised in writing off amalgamation expenses incurred, details of which are given in the accounts.

The profits taken in represent one full year's working of the Hirapur Works and of the Kulti Works from 3rd December, 1936, only. Profit earned by the Kulti Works from 1st April, 1936, 2nd December, 1936 were utilised for further writing down the value of the assets taken over. In view of this and considering that the Hirapur Block values have been reduced during the year through the reduction of Capital by over Rs. 36 lakhs and that the Kulti Block values have been written down substantially, your Director consider that the depreciation set aside in the accounts, viz. Rs. 5,08,887-13-4 is sufficient.

	Rs.
After providing for Depreciation, Debenture Interest and all charges for the year, the balance available for distribution to shareholders is	40,80,704-9-7
From this sum there has to be deducted being the amount of the interim dividend of Re. 1/ per share already declared, leaving a balance available of	18,11,584-0-0
	22,69,120-9-7

Your Directors recommend that this amount be dealt with as follows:—

	Rs.
In payment of a Final Dividend of Twelve annas per share absorbing	16,73,289-0-0
together with a 'bonus' of Four annas per share absorbing	5,57,763-0-0
(both free of Indian Income-Tax) leaving a balance of	38,068-9-7

which the Directors recommend should be carried forward.

CENTRAL INDIA SPG., WG. & MFG. CO., LTD.

Directors' Report

The following report will be presented at the 63rd ordinary general meeting of the Shareholders of the Central India Spinning, Weaving and Manufacturing Co., Ltd. to be held on the 15th October:—

The Directors beg to submit to the Shareholders their Sixty-third Annual Report on the affairs of the Company together with the Audited Statements of Accounts, for the year ended 30th June 1937, which have been prepared in conformity with the Indian Companies (Amendment) Act 1936.

	Rs.		
The net profit for the year after deducting a sum of Rs. 50,000 for depreciation is		5,84,203	4 11
Add—Balance brought forward from the accounts of the previous year		1,838	3 7
		5,86,041	8 5
Less—Amount paid as an Ad-Interim Dividend, free of Income-Tax, for the half year ended 31st December 1936:—			
On Preference shares at Rs. 12/8 per share Rs.	1,25,000		
On Ordinary Shares at Rs. 3 per share Rs.	1,40,625	2,65,625	0 0
Leaving a Balance available for disposal		3,20,416	8 6
Of this sum they recommend the following appropriation:—			
Payment of Final Dividend, free of Income-Tax for the half year ended 30th June 1937:—			
On Preference Shares at Rs. 12/3 per share Rs.	1,25,000		
On Ordinary shares at Rs. 4 per share Rs.	1,87,500	3,12,500	0 0
Balance to be carried forward		7,916	8 6
		3,20,416	8 6

The Directors regret the profits earned do not permit of a larger sum than R. 50,000 to be taken to depreciation.

Against the accumulated interest on the Tata Mills Debentures, the Company has received during the year the sum of Rs. 19,412-8-9 at the rate of Rs. 6-8-0 per debenture less Income-Tax.

A fire broke out on 29th March 1937 at Nagpur, in one of the Jailkhana Godowns containing full pressed cotton bales of the value of Rs. 2,75,000. The risk was fully covered and the Company received a sum of Rs. 1,37,500 for loss incurred.

During the year, your Directors sanctioned the purchase of a Hydro-Extractor, a Stamping Machine, 12 Universal Pirn Winders and 2 Raising Machines, the total cost whereof have come to Rs. 22,930.

The coming into force of the Indian Companies (Amendment) Act 1936 necessitates alterations in the Articles of Association of the Company so as to bring them in a line with the existing Act. The matter is receiving the attention of the Board and a meeting of the shareholders will be convened later on for the purpose of confirming the alterations.

A sum of Rs. 1,000 was donated during the year under report to the Nagpur Municipality for the construction of an Isolation Hospital for infectious diseases.

The properties of the Company at Nagpur and other places and the stocks have been insured for Rs. 1,40,73,215.

Two of the Directors Mr. Pransukhlal Mafatlal and Mr. Pirosha N. Mehta retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.

COAL SHARES FIRM

Messrs. Bhagwanlal Nanavati and Co., have issued the following weekly report dated Calcutta Sept. 24.

COAL.

This section continues to monopolise attention of the operators on the local stock exchange. A substantial turnover has to be recorded. In spite of profit taking the coal shares have remained remarkably steady. The external bearish influences resulting from London and New York advice have not damped the spirit of buoyancy on the Calcutta market. The Sino-Japanese conflict has enervated the operators on the United States Stock Exchange. The reverses of China are responsible for a sharp setback in American prices notably the United States Steel corporation Company Stock. The coal trade has now emerged from the recent depression of a well nigh decade and though complete recovery is not possible, asubstantial measure of progress in recovery of coal prices is being achieved. We see a bright future for the industry and investors will be on the alert to pick up shares on all setbacks. Bengal Coal, Katras-Jherriah, Amalgamated, Raneegung, Khas Kajora, New Manbhoom, Equitable, are lucrative propositions to entertain at the current prices, Raneegung, Bengal and Katras-Jherriah have not had their deserving spurts so we advised our constituents to go in for these shares from a purely investment point of view. For speculative purposes West Jamuriah, Hurriladih, Dhemo main and Aldih may as well be on the buying list when set backs are in evidence. Though the investing public have least confidence in these shares on account of the history of the coal shares in the last decade, we assure them the cycle of trade is turning and the coal trade is on the the path of prosperity. During the week there are no significant rises in prices in most of the popular counters, the prices have been well maintained and the undertone is health, Hurriladih accounted for a good rise touching 21/8 from 19 but the close was easier at Rs. 20. Dhemo-Main fluctuating between 13/8 and 14 closed steady at 13/2. West Jamuria remained steady at 32/4. Equitable fluctuating between 41/8 and 42/8 closed weak at 41. Bengal coal hovering round 375 closed at 368. East Indian coal came in for a large measure of support and the price was pushed up to Rs. 30/4, from Rs. 29, but the closing price was in the region of 28/8 Rewa and Katras Jherriah were well supported the former touching Rs. 30 and the latter 29/4 but the closing prices were 28/8 and 28/4 respectively. Amalgamated were recorded at 28/8 Raneegunj at 39/8, Standard at 37, Pench Valley at Rs. 40, Bokaro-Ramgarh touching Ex. closed 19/4 Ex. Div. Burrakur was comparatively neglected the price fluctuating between 17/8 and 18, Burradhemo were good at 5/8, Mundulpore at 11/4, Aldih at 4/12, Searsole at 6/6, North Damuda receded to 8, South Karanpura to 8/2, Talchar to 2/8, Ondal to 11, Nazira to Rs. 10/2, Churulia to 2/8. Khas Kajora crept up to 16/4 from Rs. 15, the close being 15/8, New Beerbhoom remained steady around 18/14, New Manbhoom Rs. 45, Bansra Rs. 5/8, Bengal Nagpur changed hands at 38/8, Bhalgora were easy at 5/1, Borrea good at 17/10, Central Kurkend at 12/8, Deoli at 9, Kalapahari at 17/8, Lakurka at 11/4, New Tetturya at 5/8, Seebpore at 23. Premium. Sendra at 14/4, Singaran B. at 1/12, Union coal at 25/8.

JUTE.

Though the cognate markets did not reveal any strength, the speculative counter Howrah remained steady as the price fluctuated between 52 and 52/12. Kamarhatty moved between 510 and 514. Anglo-India were priced at 337, Lansdowne at 165, Fort William at 232, Fort Gloster at 470, Nuddea at 44, Clive at 24/12, Birla at 19/8, Bally at 180, Barnagore at 132, Standard at 265, Reliance at 63, Presidency at 4, National at 22/8, Naihati at 310, Kinnison at 574, India at 308, Hukumchand at 9/8, Empire at 25/8, Auckland at 172, Agarpada at 18/8.

COTTON.

The speculative Counters were a shade easier. Kesoram were quoted at 7/10, Cawnpore Textile at 2/14, Dunbar at 180, Elgin ord. at 132, New Ring were a conspicuous feature rising to Rs. 77.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The leading counters such as Indian Iron and Steel, Burma Corporation, Indian Copper British Burma Petroleum were declining markets. Indian Iron hovered round 52, Burma Corporation at one time touched 10/11 but subsequently recovered to 11, Indian copper moved in the region of 3/4. Consolidated Tin dropped down to 8/4 but later on recovered to 8/10. B. B. Petrol were quoted at 5/12. Rhodesian copper were stationary at 2/11. Tavoy Tin were mentioned at 2/14, Kumardhubi ord. at 4/2, Preference found buyers at 85, B.I.C. ord. were a tithe easier at 4/6, Dunlop Rubber moved up to Rs. 22, closing round about 21/8, Indian cables found sellers at 16/8, Dalmia Cement ord. were done at Rs. 1/6 premium, Deferred at Rs. 3/6. In Engineering group. Burn and Co. ord. on declaration of Rs. 15, dividend spurted up to Rs. 340 closing easy at 330. Indian Standard Wagon found sellers at 58. Hukumchand Electric well firm at 12/12, Saran Engineering stead at 7/8. Steel Corp. ord. were quoted at 8/8, Pref. at 88. Indian Steel and Wire Products deferred were done at 480, Ordinary at 660. Sugar shares are sagging. Cawnpore were crossed at 20/10 Carew done at 15/8, Murree Brewery at 15/8. Publicity Society were good at Rs. 9, Kalimpong Ropeway at 13/8, Macfarlane Defd. at 3/4, Ivan Jones at 2/9. Reserve Bank remained unaltered round 124/8.

Hastens the return to Health and Strength

DURING convalescence, when the weakened nerves and tissues must be built up to normal vigour, 'Ovaltine' stands alone in its gently restorative powers. Easily assimilated and readily digestible, 'Ovaltine' quickly re-invigorates, rebuilds wasted tissue and restores normal health and vigour to body, brain and nerves. In addition, its delicious flavour makes a special appeal to the jaded palate.

'Ovaltine' contains *all* the vital body and nerve-building constituents of ripe barley malt and creamy cows' milk, together with valuable natural phosphatides and vitamins, scientifically combined according to an exclusive process which cannot be copied.

Do not be induced to accept inferior substitutes for 'Ovaltine.' There are very important differences. Unlike imitations—'Ovaltine' does not contain any cheap ingredients, such as household sugar to give bulk and reduce manufacturing costs. Always remember, imitations lack the supreme quality and unique nutritional merit of 'Ovaltine.'

Packed in tins of 4½, 9 and 18 ounces weight, 'Ovaltine' gives you more in Quantity—more in Quality and, therefore, more in Value. By insisting on 'Ovaltine' you make sure of obtaining the highest possible quality at the lowest possible price.

'OVALTINE'

TONIC FOOD BEVERAGE

Builds up Brain, Nerve and Body

Why 'OVALTINE' suits every individual taste. Practical tests constantly made over a long period of years, conclusively prove that the flavour of 'Ovaltine' suits every individual taste. It must be strongly emphasized that, unlike imitations, 'Ovaltine' does not contain any household sugar to increase bulk and lower manufacturing costs. Sweetness is a matter of taste, and sugar, which is cheap, can be added to 'Ovaltine' in the home, if desired. No one wants to pay a fancy price for sugar as an ingredient of a food beverage.

Sold by all Chemists and Stores.

Agents:—JAMES WRIGHT, LTD.,

Calcutta, Bombay, Madras and Karachi.

OE/218

WORKING CLASS CONDITIONS IN INDIA AND WEST

Given Equal Amenities In Pay And Prospects Our Men Will Be As Efficient As Those In Europe Says Naidu

(From A Correspondent.)

KHARAGPUR (By Mail).

Mr. W. V. R. Naidu, Organising Secretary of the B. N. Ry. Indian Labour Union, who represented India as adviser to the workers' delegate on the I. L. Organisation at its 23rd Annual Conference, Geneva, was given a fitting reception on his arrival at Kharagpur and was presented with a welcome address by the Kharagpur workers and the Branch Union Executive.

A well attended mass meeting was arranged by the Union on the local strike Maidan. Mr. Naidu addressed the meeting after the Branch Secretary had informed the workers of the developments of the Union's negotiations with the Administration on the subject of short-time working in Bengal Nagpur Railway workshops.

Mr. Naidu while thanking the workers for the honour done to him explained the experience of his recent European tour and contrasted the economic status and industrial conditions of European and Indian workers.

UNEMPLOYMENT CONDITIONS

Speaking on employment conditions, he said that an adult up to 15 years of age was to be given free and compulsory education and afterwards allowed to choose a line he preferred for occupation. But in India, there is no such facility and therefore parents due to poverty are obliged to employ their children even under that age for economic relief of the family. As relief to the unemployed public works were established in the West whereas the unemployed were left uncared for in this country. Mr. Naidu attributed absence of proper tariff protection in India as another cause to the increased unemployment and poverty of peasants. No scheme as in the West is provided in this country for relief to the unemployed millions.

Dealing with pay and prospects, he said that a sweeper in the West gets £3 to 10 i.e., Rs. 125 to Rs. 150 per month but in India a worker in same or similar position hardly gets Rs. 15 per month though we are British subjects while the Britishers in India are drawing fat salaries.

Referring to housing conditions, he said that a lowest worker in the West was provided with a house containing at least 3 rooms, latrines, a garden and bathroom and the rent of such accommodation does not exceed ten percent of his wages whereas quarters allotted to Indian workers are not fit for human habitation.

LESS HOURS & MORE WAGES

Narrating the discussions at the I.L.O. Conference on reduced hours of work and increased wages, he referred to the statement of the Indian Government delegate Sir Frank Noyce who had said that there was no comparison between India and other countries and much improvement was made by the Government through legislation which brought about labour acts including the recent Payment of Wages Act. The employer delegate said that Indian workers were not sufficiently strong and efficient and supported his contention against 40-hour week. Explaining the hollowness of the Government delegate and employers delegates' arguments Mr. Naidu had proved why Indian workers were not so strong and efficient as European workers for which he held the Government and the Capitalists responsible. All the amenities for proper upkeep of health and free and compulsory education to add to intellectual facility to their physical strength were not provided in this country and if these facilities were given to the Indian workers who were in no way inferior to the workers in any other country they would be the most efficient workmen.

JEWISH FESTIVAL INCIDENT

(From A Correspondent)

Yesterday was the Jewish festival of "The Rejoicing of the Law".

About a thousand people had gathered for prayers this morning and according to the traditional practice of the community the Torahs, encased in wooden decorated boxes, were about to be carried round the pulpit by the congregation singing songs and dancing as usual.

The authorities of the Synagogue it is said were against any kind of dancing and issued instruction to that effect. A section of the congregation, however, persisted in carrying out the traditional practice but the overwhelming majority were prepared to abide by the orders. The authorities however, summoned the police.

At this stage it is said even the section that was in favour of dancing gave up the idea but the management would not realise the change in the attitude; the prayers were stopped, despite the protest of the congregation.

CONGRESS SOCIALIST PARTY

All-India Executive To Meet At Calcutta

A meeting of the executive committee of the All-India Congress Socialist Party will be held on October 26 in Calcutta to consider resolutions for the All-India Congress. Committee, to review the work done by the Congress Ministries and to decide on the future policy of the Socialist Party.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 28-9-1937.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.002 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 80.2 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 78.0 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 87.4 degrees 1.5 (above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 76.8 degrees 1.1 (above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 90 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. SW.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m 3 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 95 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 20 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 8.

Rain in 24 hours 0.09 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 14.07 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 68.82 inches.

Weathe Remarks Thunderstorm.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 28-9-37.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 81.8 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.00 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.79 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

Earthquake Report.—An earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin about 3075 miles away with its epicentral region apparently in Central Java was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 14h 34mts. (I.S.T.) on Monday the 27th September 1937.

SALES OF TREASURY BILLS.

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 28th September 1937. Total amount offered was Rs. 2,99,00,000 Tenders at Rs. 99-13-6 were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-13-3 allotted approximately 78 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected Total amount accepted was Rs. 2,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tender being Rs. 0-11-0 per cent per annum

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 5th October 1937. Successful tenderers should make Payment on Friday, the 8th October 1937. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended the 24th September 1937, Treasury Bills for Rs. 15,75,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

Wheat *Chicago*

Chicago, Sept. 27.

September	dol 1.06 1/4.
December	dol 1.07 5/8.
May	dol 1.08 1/4.

AN EXCELLENT DISINFECTANT

and a 100 per cent. Effective BIRTH-CONTROL Remedy

PEROXOL JELLY and PEROXOL TABLETS

The World-renowned German Chemists Woltzlin & Rihr have at last manufactured a 100 per cent. effective remedy for Birth-control in the form of Jelly and Tablets You can use either of the remedies and ensure every safety.

Upto now there is hardly any remedy which ensures so much safety as the PEROXOL TREATMENT. With this treatment there is NO possibility of your catching any infectious disease. It is guaranteed Harmless and is particularly suited for prophylactic purposes.

If you desire 100 per cent. safety use the PEROXOL Treatment.

Price Tablets Rs. 1/12 || Jelly complete with nozzle Rs. 5 per tube || Packing & Postage Extra

Sole Agents:— LAXMIDAS DAHYABHAI & Co. 6, Princess St., Bombay 2.

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON UNCHANGED

Gold And Wheat Firm But Silver Easy

BOMBAY, Sept. 28.

On Tuesday crossrates ruled quiet.

NEW YORK COTTON STEADY.

New York cotton ruled steady on foreign and Bombay buying. There was no new feature.

SILVER EASY.

London gold was firm but silver was easy.

WHEAT FIRM.

Wheat was firm. Base metals were steady.

SECURITIES STEADY.

The London Stock Exchange was generally somewhat active but business remained restricted. Giltedged securities kept steady on scattered buying.

COTTON EXCHANGES

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

DECEMBER 1937

New York, Sept. 28.

Previous closing	8.33
To-day's opening	8.37
Difference	+.04
To-day's closing	8.33
Difference	unchanged

LIVERPOOL COTTON

JANUARY 1938

Liverpool, Sept. 28.

Previous closing	4.92
To-day's opening	4.95
Difference	+.03
To-day's closing	4.94
Difference	+.02

BROACH EXPECTATION

New April May Rs. 174

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Sept. 28.

Cotton continued to give steady appearance on higher Liverpool cables and some foreign buying but there was no new feature to stir the market from its present lethargic spirit.

Trading in December commenced at 8.37 i.e. 4 points higher than previous closing. Prices advanced on better Liverpool cables and scattered trade and foreign buying particularly Bombay but after initial activity the market settled down to narrowness with nothing particularly doing in the absence of further support with the price ruling around opening levels.

New York cotton finally closed unchanged at 8.33.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Sept. 28.

The following were the opening ranges:—

October	(8.49/8.48) 8.49/8.47
December	(8.39/8.38) 8.38/8.37
January	(8.41/8.40) 8.41/8.40

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Sept. 28.

American October (4.85)	4.85
American December (4.91)	4.92
Sakels November (6.82)	6.83
Sakels January (7.13)	7.15

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Sept. 28.

Broach cotton for April May delivery moved between Rs. 175 and Rs. 174-4 at night. The closing rate at 9-30 p.m. was Rs. 175.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Sept. 28.

The rates at 2-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe	(1-2 3/4) 1-2 1/2
Indian Pekoe higher	(3-1) 3-3
Ceylon Pekoe	(1-2 3/4) 1-2 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher	(1-10) 1-10

JUTE

New Crop September October (£20 11/16 buyers) £20 3/4 buyers

Dunlop October (£23 sellers) £23 sellers.

Lightning October (£21 3/4) £21 3/4 sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (8 3/4 buyers) 8 13/16 buyers

Forward January March (8 15/16 paid and value) 9 1/16 paid and sellers.

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay September October (£15 sellers) £15 sellers

Linseed Calcutta September (£15 3/8 sellers) £15 1/2 sellers.

Linseed La Plata September (£13 3/8 sellers) £13 9/16 sellers

Groundnuts Coromandal October (£13 7/16 sellers) £13 5/8 sellers.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Sept. 28.

Liverpool wheat opened steady with October at 110 and December 109 1/4. Prices continued to show upward tendency following better north American cables which induced considerable covering and local buying while dearer plate offers and the reserve on the part sellers had favourable effect.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Sept. 28.

Chicago wheat opened very steady with September at 1.08 3/4. Prices advanced early sharply on continued cash demand and covering influenced by better outside cables with prices later slightly easing to 1.08 3/4 on lack of further support.

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

New York, Sept. 28.

Previous closing	4.94 7/8
To-day's opening	4.94 13/16
To-day's closing	4.94 5/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Sept. 28.

Previous closing	4.95.22
To-day's opening	4.94.93
To-day's closing	4.94.65

FRANC RATE

London, Sept. 28.

Previous closing	144.53
To-day's opening	141.51
To-day's closing	144.54

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Sept. 28.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.94.92 and then improved to 4.94.98 but subsequently the rate reacted on lack of support to 4.94.58.

The Sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.94.65.

Franc opened at 144.51 and thereafter kept fairly steady with minor fluctuations.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 144.54.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay	(1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay	(10.920) 10.912
New York on Bombay	(37.42) 37.40
Berlin on Bombay	(0.93) 0.93 1/4
London on Milan	(94.10) 94.02
London on Shanghai	(1-2 7/16) 1-2 7/16
London on Kobe	(1-2) 1-2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent

4 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent.

6 months (11/16 to 3/4 per cent) 11/16 to 3/4 per cent.

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Sept. 28.

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"India sold. Speculators and America bought. Market steady."

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£252 buyers ££252 1/4 sellers. Weak) £254 3/4 buyers £255 sellers. Steady.

Lead (£20 1/2 buyers £20 5/8 sellers. Barely steady) £20 1/4 buyers £20 5/16 sellers. Steady.

Electrolytic Copper (£56 1/2 to £58 1/2) £56 to £58

Glasgow Iron sh (107-0) 107-0

LONDON SILVER

London, Sept. 28.

Spot	(19 15/16d.) 19 7/8d.
Forward	(19 13/16d.) 19 3/4d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Sept. 28.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-0-4 1/2) £7-0-6 1/2

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, Sept. 28.

Liverpool wheat October closed at 110 1/4 as against the previous closing at 108 3/4

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Sept. 28.

Wheat January	5 10 3
Wheat May	5 6 3
Linseed May	8 2 3

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Sept. 28.

Silver ready	50 11 [illegible]
Silver 1st settlement Asho	50 11 0
Silver 2nd settlement Kartak	50 13 0
Gold ready	34 13 0
Gold 1st settlement Asho	34 12 6
Gold 2nd settlement Kartak	34 11 [illegible]
Sovereigns	22 2 0

BROWN BOLD LINSEED.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association).

	Bombay, May 1938	Sept. 1937
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	8 3 0	8 5 0
Rates at 12-0 noon	8 2 9	8 4 9
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	8 2 9	8 4 9
Rates at 6-0 p.m.	8 2 9	8 5 [illegible]

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Sept. 28.

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper was quoted Rs. 97-10-0 at 2 p.m. The closing quotation at 5 p.m. was the same

Fluctuations during the sessions were as follows:—

	Rs. a. p.
Opening	97 8 6
Highest	97 11
Lowest	97 8 0
Closing	97 10 0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Sept. 28.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £92 1/8 as against the previous closing at the same rate.

INDIAN LOANS

London, Sept. 28. 2-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Loan (£98) £98

3 per cent Indian (£92) £92

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£113) £113

4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£115 1/4, £115 1/4

4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£107 3/4) £107 3/4

5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£111 1/4) £111 1/4

3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£102 3/4) £103

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-75 (£107 3/4) £107 3/4

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£73 7/8) £73 7/8

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£99 1/2) £99 1/2

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£106 7/8) £104 5/8 Ex Div.

5 per cent Funding Loan (£111 1/4) £109 5/8 Ex Div.

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£100 3/4) £100 3/4

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£108 1/4) £108 3/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Sept. 28. 2-30 p.m.

General business was quiet. Home Industrials were firm. Internationals were steady. Oils after being firmer ruled easier on continental selling.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (146-3) 150-0

Marks and Spencer Ordinary (65-0) 65-0

Hydro Electric (£6 3/8) £6 5/8

Musical Industries (19-9) 20-3

Pinchin Johnson (40-7 1/2) 40-7 1/2

Imperial Chemical (37-10 1/2) 37-10 1/2

Woolsworth Ordinary (64-9) 65-3

Realisation 1930 (£93 1/2) £93

Dunlop Rubber (33-9) 34-3

Unilever Ordinary (39-6) 39-6

Ford Motors (26-9) 26-9

Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£75) £74 1/2

British American Tobacco (110-7 1/2) 111-3

Carreas A (£8 3/8) £8 3/8

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (148-9) 148-9

P and O S N Company Deferred (30-7 1/2) 29-10 1/2

Distillers (108-0) 108-6

Bredfords Dyers (£6 7/8) £6 7/8

British Celanese (£6 3/4) £6 3/4

J and P Coates Ordinary (45-3) 45-3

Courtaulds Ordinary (52-6) 52-0

Fine Cotton Spinners (8-6) 8-6

Vickers Limited Ordinary (29-7 1/2) 29-7 1/2

Inter Nickels (£52 3/4) £53 5/8

Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (75-0) 75-0

Tata Steel Preference (£105 1/2) £105 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (21-6) 21-6

Donaro Teas (46-6) 46-6

Empire of India (33-0) 33-0

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (36-0) 36-0

Gula Kelampong (33-9) 33-9

Rubber Plant Inv Trust (35-0) 35-0

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£9 1/2) £9 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (51-3) 51-10 1/2

Burma Corporation (16-4 1/2) 16-4 1/2

Rio Tintos (£18 1/2) £18 1/2

East Rand Proprietors (57-6) 58-9

Rand Mines (£7 1/2) £7 3/4

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£13) £13 1/2

Association Portland Cement (86-10 1/2) 86-10 1/2

Trinidad Leaseholds (116-3) 116-3

Sub Nigel (£10 3/8) £10 1/2

Spring Mines Split Shares (30-7 1/2) 31-3

Union Corporation (£7 7/8) £8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (46-10 1/2) 47-6

Anglo Iranian (85-0) 86-10 1/2

Burma Oil (126-10 1/2) 128-1 1/2

Musical Eagle (14-4 1/2) 15-1 1/2

Shell Transport (105-0) 105-0

Royal Dutch (£43 1/2) £43 5/8

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£66) £66 1/2

L and S Ordinary (£31 7/8) £32 5/8

L N E R Defd (£5) £5

Southern Paris 5 per cent (£21 5/8) £21 5/8

London Paris 5 per cent (£125 1/2) £125 1/2

London Transport 'C' Stock (£73 1/2) £78

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Sept. 28.

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

General Motors (dol 48) dol 49 1/2

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 39 1/4) dol 40 1/4

U S Steel Common (dol 82 1/2) dol 82 3/4

U S Steel Preference (dol 120 1/2) dol 121 1/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE FIRM

Chinese Bonds Again Rally

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Sept. 28.

The Stock Exchange was firm under the influence of the overnight rally of Wall Street, but the turnover was limited. Paris bought selected Kaffirs and diamonds and Amsterdam operated in leading oils. Chinese bonds again rallied strongly on renewed demand, revealing a market shortage of supply.

Among commodities, wheat was again firm on covering and good United Kingdom demand.

Though spot francs were steady. Forwards weakened sharply, the three month's standing at 84 francs discount to a pound.

Wall Street opened firm.

JUTE SHARES STEADY

Coals And Teas Firm

CALCUTTA, Sept. 28.

In the share market to-day jutes ruled steady but trading was limited. Coals continued to be fully firm but the business was somewhat restricted. Teas maintained firm and satisfactory turnover took place. In miscellaneous section electricals continued to rule firm, while others were more or less unchanged. Government securities were steadier. The following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities:—Two and threefourth per cent loan 1948/52 99/14, three and a half per cent Government paper 97/9. Five per cent loan 1945/55 120 small lot, four per cent Punjab bonds 1948 107/8.

Bank:—Reserve Bank 175.

Railways:—Dehri Rohtas 13/6, Shahadara (Delhi) Saharanpur 146 ex div.

Cottons:—Bengal Nagpur 16/4, Elgin Mills 133, Kesoram 8/2; Muir Mills ord 285/8; New Victoria 1/7.

Coals:—Amalgamated 28/4; Bansra 6/1; Bengal 373; Bhalgora 5/13; Churulia 2/6; East Indian 28/13; Equitable 41/6; Hurriladih 20/12; New Beerbhoom 19/6; Talchar 2/6; West Jamuria 32/5; Burrakur 18/4 small lot; Deoli 8/12; Dhemo Main 13/6; Katras Jherriah 28/10; Mundulpore 11/8; Raneegunge 28/12; Union 28/1 ex div; Searsole 6/13.

Jutes:—Barnagore 135 small lot; Belvedere 353; Caledonian 374; Dalhousie 314; Gondalpara 775 small lots; Howrah 51/8; Kamarhatty 510; Standard 273/8; Bally 190; Budge Budge 263; Chitavalsah 15/10; Delta 370; Empire 26/4; India 315; National 22/12 small lot; Union 372;

Miscellaneous:—Burma Corporation 11/1; Consolidated 8/13; Indian copper 3/4; Rhodesia copper 2/12; Tavoy tin 2/13; Dalmia cement ordy 11/9; Dalmia cement defd 3/9; Dalmia cement pref 101/8; Bengal telephone ordy 23/8; Cuttack electric 10/8; Rawalpindi electric 25/14 ex div; Shahjahanpur electric 8/8; Burn and Co ordy 327; Hukumchand electric 12/7; Indian Malleable casting ordy 6/8; Indian Malleable casting defd 2/7; Indian irons 51/9; Saran Engineering 7/12; Steel Corporation ordy 8/9; Triton Insurance 268; Dunlop rubber ordy 20/12; Kalimpong Ropeway 14; British Burma petrol 6; Titaghur paper five per cent pref Rs. 50 paid up 52/8 small lot; do pref Rs. 40 paid up 61.

Teas:—Durrang 17; Dessai Purbuttia 263/8; Eastern Cachar 12/6; Gielle 13/6; Gungaram 395; Kornafuli 17; New Terai 15/2; North Western Cachar 263; Sungma 9/8; Tengnani 19/2.—A. P.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

Karachi, Sept. 28.

To-day's closing quotations:—

	Rs. a. p.
Sind cotton January	16 12 9
Punjab	14 9 6
Desi American Jan.	18 14 9
Tone: weak.	
Wheat September	30 4 6
Wheat October	30 5 6
Wheat November	30 13 6
Wheat July	28 13 6
Tone: weak.	
Gram September	23 4 6
Gram October	23 5 9
Gram November	23 11 0
Toria seed September	42 13 6
Toria seed November	42 13 0
Toria seed December	42 12 0
Toria seed February	39 0 0
Cotton seed September	14 14 6
Cotton seed January	16 3 0

BIRTHDAY AMNESTY IN KASHMIR

Maharaja Flooded With Congratulations

SRINAGAR (Kashmir), Sept. 28.

His Highness the Maharaja of Kashmir was the recipient of several messages of congratulations from all sections on yesterday's proclamation declaring a general amnesty.

To-day the Maharaja's birthday celebrations opened with salutes of 21 guns from all Military Forts, including Gilgit.

All kinds of shooting have been stopped.

Charity was distributed and several criminal prisoners were released.

His Highness performed pooja. Royal processions started in boats from Sonwar in the afternoon passing through the crowded City when the public greeted from either bank. A Durbar is to be held this evening.—A. P.

HOUSING PROBLEM IN AHMEDABAD

Tenants' Conference Plans

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 27.

Last night a meeting under the auspices of Tenants Association was held in Hansraj Pragji Hall, when Sjt. Amritlal Gandhi proposing the resolution which urged the Municipality to build ten thousand tenements and two thousand shops, said that it was the primary duty of the Municipality to provide people with comfortable, convenient and cheap houses. Municipality can easily raise a loan for providing people with housing facilities.

After some speeches it was resolved to hold Tenants' Conference shortly and a provisional Committee was formed to prepare the ground.

Provincial Legislatures At Work

(Continued from Page 1.)

fers would be an indirect taxation of the general public. The motion for consideration was passed

The Bill as amended by the Select Committee was then taken up clause by clause, and was passed into law without a division.

The Bill requires cloth dealers to obtain a licence for carrying on business. Dealers exclusively selling handloom products will have licenses without fee, but others have to pay a fee The fee is fixed at Rs 2 a year in the case of a shop, whose monthly turnover does not exceed Rs. 5,000, and Rs. 5 in other cases.—A. P.

LANGUAGE QUESTION IN U. P. ASSEMBLY

LUCKNOW Sept. 28.

The United Provinces Legislative Assembly discussed to-day rule 19 of the United Provinces Legislative Assembly Rules which reads as follows:—

"The business of the Assembly shall be transacted in the English language, but any member who is not acquainted or sufficiently acquainted with the English language, may address the Assembly in any recognised language of the Province provided the speaker may call on any member to speak in any language in which he is known to be proficient."

By 135 votes to 2 the Assembly passed the following: "Under Rule 19 of the United Provinces Assembly Rules the Speaker has power to require or permit any member who is sufficiently acquainted with English to address the Assembly in Hindustani."

The Assembly passed a Bill to impose a tax on entertainments and other amusements and certain forms of betting as amended by the Select Committee.

A Bill to provide for temporary postponement of execution of certain decrees in civil courts against the agriculturists was referred to a Select Committee which will submit its report on September 30.

The Revenue Minister introduced the United Provinces Stay of Proceedings (Revenue Courts) Amendment Bill of 1937.—A.P.

ANDAMAN PRISONERS' PROBLEM

Bengal Home Member To Explain Position

CALCUTTA, Sept. 28.

Replying to a short notice question in the Bengal Assembly today, the Home Minister, Sir Nazimuddin, said that Government accepted the principle of repatriation of political prisoners from the Andamans. He added that 34 terrorists arrived at Calcutta from the Andamans on September 25. As regards the question why Government did not apply for repatriation of all political prisoners from Andamans, the Minister said he would explain the position of Government at a conference of Party leaders to be held to-morrow to discuss the subject.—A.P.

STILL UNDER GOVT. BAN

CALCUTTA, Sept. 28.

Replying to a question in the Bengal Assembly to-day, Khwaja Sir Nazimuddin stated that, of the associations and institutions in Bengal which were declared illegal during the days of Civil Disobedience Movement (between 1930 and 1932) 218 were still under ban. These included 32 Associations in Calcutta, 16 in Tipperah District, 19 in Faridpur District, 10 in 24-Parganas, 10 in Dacca District and 110 in Midnapore.—United Pres.

RIGHT OF WAY

People Stop Express Train

BENARES, Sept. 28.

Many persons laid themselves on the railway line in Kashi station delaying the Dehra Dun express for an hour and a half.

It appears that the Dufferin Bridge, near Kashi was closed for traffic to allow the express to pass. People wanted "ekkas" to be allowed to pass through the Bridge as they complained that certain "ekkas" were allowed to come from the other side. This was not allowed and many persons laid themselves on the line.

The police removed them and the train passed. Over half a dozen persons were taken into custody and were later released on bail.—A. P

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

Bombay, Sept. 28.

Mackinnon Mackenzie s.s. Steel Ranger of 3450 reg tons Capt B E Smith arrived from Houston (Texas) via America ports Alexandria Portsaid Suez Aden and Karachi with general cargo.

L Triestino s.s. Tergestea of 3708 reg tons Capt L Alberti arrived from Genoa via Naples Catania Portsaid Massowa and Karachi with general cargo.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 28-9-37.

S S Tergestea (LT) for Port Swettenham and Singapore

S S Shikisan Maru (MBK) for Japan Ports via Karachi Cutch Mandvi Okha Marmagoa Madras and Rangoon.

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, Sept. 28.

1 Shikisan Maru 2708 Karachi 30-9 M B Kaisha

4 Liana 4057 Port Said 1-10 L Dreyfus

6 Steel Ranger 3450 Calcutta 30-9 M M City of Barcelona 3524 Karachi 1-10 K Nixon

Roxby 2605 Hull 2-10 Grahams Trading

Havana Maru 3450 Karachi 1-10 O S K

10 British Justice 4122 Abadon N F Anglo I Oil

14 Nalgora 4101 Antwerp 29-9 M M

15 Karanja 4646 Durban 29-9 M M

16 Strathnaver 13395 London 2-10 M M

VICTORIA DOCK

1 Ormara 2978 Calcutta 28-9 M M

3 Zamora 1870 G Gulf 29-9 M M

5 Haideri 912 Karachi 29-9 S Hassum

7 Jalavihar 5381 Rangoon 2-10 Scindia S N

9 Indira 278 N F N F. The New Dholera Steamship Ltd.

[illegible] DOCK

A Lalita 283 Dholera 1-10 The New Dholera Steamship Ltd.

C/R Jalatarang 1434 NF NF Scindia S N

G Victoria Marie 882 Karachi 28-9 Merchant S N

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Comorin 30-9-37 P and O

Kaisar-i-Hind 2-10-37 P and O

Moldavia 7-10-37 P and O

Strathnaver 26-9-37 P and O S N

Manela 30-9-37 M M

Cathay 14-10-37 P and O

Strathmore 21-10-37 P and O S N

FROM PLYMOUTH

City of Simla 18-10-37 James Finlay

FROM LIVERPOOL

Elysia 29-9-37 Anchor Line

City of Kobe 15-10-37 J Finlay

City of Canterbury 2-10-37 K Nixon

Harmodi 9-10-37 J Finlay

FROM OSLO

Waynegate 4-10-37 L Edwards

Simla 27-10-37 L Edward.

FROM SYDNEY

Nardana 2-10-37 P and O

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Toyama Maru 16-10-37 N Y K

Borneo Maru 8-10-37 O S Kaisha

Gamaria 28-9-37 M M

Corfu 5-10-37 P and O S N

Conte Biancamano 29-9-37 L Triestino

Anyo Maru 6-10-37 N Y Kaisha

Singapore 28-9-37 P and O S N

FROM GENOA

Victoria 4-10-37 L Triestino

FROM HAMBURG

Kybfels 2-10-37 Edwards

Falkenfels 3-10-37 L Edwards

Trifels 28-9-37 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

Pres Van Buren 7-10-37 F F Campbell

Pres Harding 21-9-37 F F Campbell

Pres Garfield 15-10-37 F F Campbell

Pres Van Buren 1-10-37 F F Campbell

Pres Hayes 29-10-37 F F Campbell

FOR GENOA

Conte Bian Camano 29-9-37 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Victoria 4-10-37 L Triestino

Ranchi 14-10-37 P and O S N

Comorin 30-9-37 P and O

Havana Maru 11-10-37 O S K

Conte Rosso 19-10-37 Lloyd Triestino

Anyo Maru 15-10-37 N Y Kaisha

Tergestea 6-10 L Triestino

FOR KARACHI

City of Barcelona 1-10-37 K Nixon

Vita 2-10-37 M M

Ellora 25-10-37 M M

Wessenfels 28-9-37 L Edwards

Havana Maru 1-10-37 O S Kaisha

FOR JEDDAH

Jehangir 11-10-37 T Morrison

FOR BASRA

Baroda 29-9-37 M M

Varsova 30-9-37 M M

Barpeta 6-10-37 M M

FOR DURBAN

Karanja 29-9-37 M M

Takliwa 13-10-37 M M

FOR HULL

Bombay 2-10-37 Graham Trading

P. T. GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Chyebassa 27-9-37

S S Strathaird (boats) 27-9-37

S S Cambay Star 27-9-37

S S Sonawati 27-9-37

S S Varseva (boats) 27-9-37

S S Ormara 27-9-37

S S Parvati 27-9-37

S S Jalavihar 28-9-37

EXPORTS.

Bombay, Sept. 28.

S S Nalgora for London: 12 bales goat skins tanned A K Abdul Rasool; 6 bales sheep skin tanned F Jannmohomed.

S S Havana Maru for Osaka: 300 bdls new tin clipping Ali Bros.

S S Conte Biancamaro for Genoa: 55 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.

S S Strathnaver for Marseilles: 9 cases dried casings D Abraham; 155 bdls henna leaves G Gokalchand; 8 cases cardemom seeds C Muljee.

For London: 67 cases bristles B Phillips and Hayley; 9 cases chrome leather tanned D Abraham; 21 bales woollen carpets M Mackenzie; 14 bales woollen rugs Cox and Kings

For Amsterdam: 4 bales woollen carpets M Mackenzie.

For Famagusta: 6 bales cotton grey shirting H Khiaram; 37 bales cotton grey piecegoods A Virji.

S S City of Barcelona for Taronto: 157 bales wool raw A J Calcuttawalla.

For Liverpool: 70 bales wool raw A J Calcuttawalla; 65 bales wool raw Ralli Bros; 2560 bags groundnut cakes K Devchand.

For Manchester: 25 bales cotton twist waste B Karsondas; 56 bales cotton waste M Narotamdas; 250 bales cotton raw Langley; 62 bales cotton raw B Cursondas; 100 bales cotton raw Bhawanji Karsondas; 168 bales cotton raw Swastik G Trading

IMPORTS

S S Gazana Agents M Mackenzie from Rangoon: 22125 bags rice; 6077 pcs gur jari boards; 166 pcs teak squares; 24585 pcs teak scantling; 780 pcs teak planks; 2162 pcs teak boards; 339 pcs teak sleepers; 139 pcs teak posts; 1184 bars pig lead; 20 bales cotton waste; 72 no block tin.

From Calicut: 22 bdls coffee; 1765 bags cocoanuts; 25 bags chillies; 82 jottas coir yarn; 1545 bags g nut kernels 51 bags dry ginger.

From Cochin: 86 bales cotton; 375 pcs hooka shells; 109 cases rubber; 801 bags ground nuts.

S S Strathiard Agents M Mackenzie from Sydney: 63 cases cnd fruit; 40 csks tallow; 90 cases milk powder; 186 bxs butter; 44 cases tukeys; 62 bales wool tops.

From Adelaide: 151 cks tallow; 55 pkgs dried fruit; 20 cases brandy; 325 bars silver refined.

From Melbourne: 663 cases dried milk powder; 190 bags peas; 29 csks tallow; 102 cases pilsner; 83 cases cnd fruit; 48 bags dried fruit; 40 cases dripping; 355 bdls provisions; 40 cases cheese.

From Brisbane: 14 cases cheese.

S S Br. Justice Agents Anglo-Iranian Oil Co. from Miri: 4230.13 tons diesel oil in bulk.

From Singapore: 232 dms shell ethyl aviation spirit.

SATYAPAL-SIKANDAR CONTROVERSY

Punjab Premier Means No Insult To Congress Leader

LAHORE, Sept. 28.

"I thankfully accept the assurance so very kindly given by Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan that he never meant any insult towards me," says Dr. Satyapal, President of the Provincial Congress Committee, in a statement to the Press. He adds "I wish to say this that since I took to politics, I have identified myself personally with the Congress, and merged in it. I, therefore, did not take Sir Sikandar's remarks as a personal insult. If that had been my view, I would never have issued a rejoinder. I took it to be an insult to the Congress and hence I issued the statement. I am glad that this episode is closed and that the bitterness generated by Sir Sikandar's previous statement has been removed by his explanatory statement on this subject."

Referring to the deliberations of the Unity Conference, Dr. Satyapal says, "If Sir Sikandar enunciates his policy of removing the canker of communalism by introducing joint electorates and abolishing communal representation in legislatures and services, there is no need for any Unity Conference.

Concluding Dr. Satyapal thanks the Premier for the renewal of the invitation to the Unity Conference but says as things stand at present, he cannot join the Conference. "Of course, when I am convinced that Sir Sikandar means business and is earnest to establish real and permanent unity, he will find me and the Congress second to none in supporting all such measures which are necessary for inter-communal unity."—A.P

Amraoti Vaidya Sammelan

AMRAOTI, Sept. 28.

Names of His Highness the Maharaja of Gwalior, Vaidyatirth Appashastri Sathe, Dr. Popat Prabhuram, Pandit Malaviya and Vidyabhusan Nanal Shastri have been proposed for the Presidentship of the 27th session of the All-India Vaidya Sammelan to be held at Nagpur in December in a meeting of the staff of the Bharat Ayurveda Mahavidyalaya, Amraoti, held this afternoon with Vaidya Bhusan Herlekar Shastri in the chair.—A. P.

U. S. Farmers' Inclination To Hold Cotton

RALLY IN WALL-STREET MARKET

Investment Support And October Liquidation

Bombay, Sept 28

The New York Cotton Exchange was cheerful on Monday on reports that farmers in the south are either more inclined to put cotton into loans or hold it altogether. The market opened steady and advanced on active foreign buying, diminished hedge selling pressure, local investment support and higher Liverpool cables. Prices thereafter reacted sharply on October long liquidation prior to the notice day. Mill liquidation and increased hedging in small lots. Later the market became steadier in sympathy with a rally of the stock market. Finally covering with hedging light was in evidence.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market opened at a rise of 13 points with December 8.38 and a further rise of one point at 8.39 marked the highest level for the day. Later on prices declined 19 points from the highest level and December was quoted 8.20c which was the lowest level. Prices again rallied and the market closed at a net rise of 9 to 4 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 3 points at 8.62c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was steady and closed at a rise of 6 to 7 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 6 points at 8.42c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 4 points with January 4.92. Hedging met with short covering and local speculative buying on reports that a holding movement was developing and loan is attracting more cotton. Persistent hedge selling met local short covering with trade calling. The market closed at a rise of 3 to 4 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices advanced 7 points at 5.06d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton section was steady. Sakels closed 4 points up and Uppers futures gained 6 to 7 points.

The Alexandria cotton futures market was weak on increased selling and closed 12 to 25 points down.

HOLDING MOVEMENT

Messrs. M. and B. Stern write:—

Sentiment is becoming more friendly following most private cables from America including Garside stressing that growers are withholding a large percentage of the crop and are now putting much cotton into loan. There was also the belief that present prices are at an uneconomic level for farmers and more than 50 per cent of the crop may have now been ginned which should reduce selling pressure.

Private cables also stated that President Roosevelt plans to call a special session of Congress on 9th November to speed up the Farm Control Bill programme and also there is a possibility of de-sterilization of further gold. On this latter report Wall Street staged a sharp recovery yesterday and there was a feeling that the recent pessimism has been overdone especially as trade and industrial reports show no material recession in turnover and production.

The general opinion seems to be that the decline in America has been checked by the holding movement but any sharp rise will, for the time being, be checked by renewed hedge selling consequently it looks like a trading market pending concrete crop control proposals.

Wheat: Liverpool advanced sharply on continued scarcity of freight and the belief on the Baltic Exchange that Liverpool prices are under export parity with overseas markets. Winnipeg and Chicago responded to the advance with a better milling demand.

Linseed was strong owing to renewed demand from U. S. A. following cessation of supplies of wood-oil, soya beans, and groundnuts from China and also a reduction of 10,000 tons in U. S. A. supply as compared with August.

In Canada the linseed crop is estimated at 19,000 tons against 45,000 tons in 1936.

Metals were steady and may show a further improvement to-day in view of the recovery on Wall Street where Anaconda Copper shares closed 3 1/4 higher.

The London Metal Bureau looks for a trading range for copper between £51 and £56, but strongly favours purchases of Spelter.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York December highest (10 a.m.)	8.39+14
New York December lowest (11-49 a.m.)	8.23—05
Liverpool January highest	4.96+08
Liverpool January lowest	4.90+02

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following telegrams from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: "We think it a good time to buy. Think present prices safe even if the market should go temporarily lower.

New York: Reports of farmers holding cotton increasing. Reports farmers holding back their cotton and larger amounts going to loan but buyers cautious. Securities market active and higher due to new buying.

"It is reported that farmers are holding stubbornly in parts of the eastern belt and in the southwest of belt. Market seems inclined to resist the decline. Our opinion remains unchanged."

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Market steady. Shortage of contracts. Investment and Eastern buying. Declined on straddle and hedge selling. Bearish.

Advance owing to natural reaction. The south is offering less freely. Farmers are holding back their supplies. Our opinion is that there is no good reason for an advance.

Market steadied early on improved general support and influenced by reports that holding movement in South is extending and more cotton going into loan. Reacted later on renewed hedging. Present price level more debatable but sustained upturns unlikely during height of marketing season.

New York: Foreign buying and fixations with offerings light.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, Sept 27

October	8.47+08
December	8.33+08
January	8.35+09
March	8.41+08
May	8.49+06
July	8.58+04
Middling Spot	8.62+03

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, Sept 27

October	8.41+06
December	8.42+06
January	8.46+07
Middling Spot	8.42+06

NEW YORK
New York, Sept 27

11-00 A.M. RANGES	
October	8.39
December	8.29
NOON CALL	
October	8.33
December	8.25

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, Sept 27

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	92,000 bales.
Day's exports to Great Britain	8,000 bales.
Day's exports to the Continent	21,000 bales.
Day's exports to China and Japan	nil.

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, Sept 27

September	4.82+03
October	4.82+03
November	4.85+03
December	4.88+04
January	4.92+04
February	4.95+04
March	4.93+04
April	5.01+04
May	5.04+04
June	5.06+04
July	5.08+04
August	5.10+03
September	5.12+04
Middling Spot	5.06+
	10-12 a.m. quotations
October	4.83
January	4.93

EGYPTIAN COTTON
Liverpool, Sept 27

F G F Sakellaridis	
September	8.14
F G F Spot	8.36

INDIAN COTTON
Liverpool, Sept 27

BROACH	
Fully Good (good staple)	4.14
Fine (good staple)	4.29
Superfine (good staple)	4.44
OOMRA	
Fine (No 1 staple)	4.24
Superfine (No. 1 staple)	4.39
Choice (No. 1 staple)	4.54
BENGAL	
Good	3.57
Fully good	3.67
Fine	3.82

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES

London, Sept 27

Bank bills 3 months market rate	9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent
Bank bills 6 months market rate	5/8 per cent to 11/16 per cent
Fine trade bills 3 months market rate	2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent
Fine trade bills 6 months market rate	2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent
Interest day to day loan	1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent
Interest 7 days' market loan	1/2 per cent

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Sept 27

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£72 1/2
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	£78 1/4
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£92 1/8
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£113
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£73 7/8
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£99 1/2
War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£100 3/4
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£110 1/4
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£106 1/4
Chartered Bank of India, A and China	£13 1/2
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg	£97
National Bank of India	£44
P and O Banking Corporation	£10

LONDON SEEDS

London, Sept 27

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton September sellers	£13-7-6
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. ton Sept Oct sellers	£15-7-6
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. ton Sept Oct sellers	£15-17-6
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. ton Sept Oct sellers	£15-2-6
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton Sept Oct sellers	£15-0-0

LINSEED OIL
London, Sept 27

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt October sellers	29/10 1/2
Linseed Oil naked London per cwt Jan April paid	29/6

LONDON RUBBER
London, Sept 27

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed per lb. Sellers	8 7/8

NEW YORK COFFEE
New York, Sept 27

Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality)	9 1/4

LONDON EXCHANGES
London, Sept 27

T T London on:—	
New York closing rate	4.95.22
Paris	144.53
Berlin	12.34 1/4
Madrid	73.00
Amsterdam	8.95 3/4
Brussels	29.41 1/2
Milan	94.10
Berne	21.56 3/4
Prague	141.56

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Sept 28

Yesterday London gold prices declined 1 1/2d. to £7-0-4 1/2. London Paris Exchange rate advanced 1 points at 144.53 Dollar sterling cross rate was placed at 4.91 7/8. London silver prices closed unchanged at 19 15/16d. Speculators bought. India sold and business was small. Later on the market was idle. Montreal future closed unchanged to 25 points down. New York silver prices closed at 44 3/4 cents. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 1-2 7/16. The local market was quiet but steady with a moderate turnover and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. There was steady liquidation by bulls in silver while gold was steady.

GOLD

Ready	34 12
Aso delivery	34 12
Kartak delivery	34 11

SILVER

Ready	50 12
Aso delivery	50 13
Kartak delivery	50 14

Montreal Silver

Montreal, Sept 27

September	44.45—25
December	44.60—
March	44.50—

LONDON SILVER

London, Sept 27

Spot	19 15/16
Forward	19 13/16

LONDON GOLD
London, Sept 27

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£7-0-4 1/4

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Sept 27

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Ame Power and Light Pfd 5 per cent A	43
Ame Forn Power Pfd 7 per cent	32
Electric Power and Light	15
Electric P and Light 7 per cent Pfd	50
Electric Bond Common	12
Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd	51
Electric Bond 6 per cent Pfd	59
Consolidated (Gas) Edison	31
North Amr Com	6
United Corporation	4
Int Tel and Tel	8
American Tel and Tel	161 1/4
Western Union Telg	31 1/2
Chesapeake and Ohio Railway	41
Great North Pfd Railway	39
New York Central Railway	28 1/4
Pennsylvania Railway	30
Southern Pacific Railway	32
Allis Chalmers	55
Boeing Airplane	24
Libbey Owens Ford Glass Co.	53
Sherwin-Williams Co.	104
Pullman Incorporated	36
Westinghouse Airbrake	29
Firestone Rubber	26
Douglas	35
Bethelehem Steel	71
Ludlum Steel	25
National Steel	77
Republic Steel	25
United S Steel	67
Amr Car Foundry	30
Amr Rolling Mills	33
United S Smelting	77
Anaconda Copper Mining	40 1/2
Int Nickel of Canada	53
Chrysler	92
General Motors	49 1/2
Packard Motor	7
General Electric	43 3/4
Radio Corporation	9
Union Carbide	85 1/4
Consolidated Oil	12
Plymouth Oil	19
Amr Tob B	76
Chase Bank	38
National City Bank	33
Amerex	20
Phillips Petroleum Co.	49
Montgomery Ward Co.	48
U S Gypsum	79
United Aircraft	21
General Railway Signal Co.	27
Bethelehem Steel 7 per cent Pfd	105

Strong rally. Outlook much improved. Turnover 2 million shares.

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, Sept. 28.

Castorseeds Sept.—	
Opening	36 4 0
Highest	36 4 0
Lowest	36 4 0
Closing	36 4 0
Cottonseeds Sept.—	
Opening	16 15
Highest	16 15
Lowest	16 14
Closing	16 14 6
Groundnuts Feb.—	
Opening	32 13 6
Highest	33 6 0
Lowest	32 12 3
Closing	33 5 6
Castorseeds May—	
Opening	34 4 0
Highest	34 4 0
Lowest	34 0 0
Closing	34 3 0
Cottonseeds Jan.—	
Opening	18 13 6
Highest	18 13 6
Lowest	18 12 3
Closing	18 12 6

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Sept. 28.

Ready Javas Rs. 15-5.
Shipment Oct.-Dec. Rs. 5-4.
Shipment Jan.-Mar. Rs. 5-5.
Kesar Rs 10-11.
Saraya Rs. 10-8.
Java Spot F. 7.00.

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, Sept. 27.

October	£13-8-0

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, Sept. 27.

October	108 3/4d
December	107 7/8d.
March	103 1/4d.

LONDON PRODUCE
London, Sept 27

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels	
Jan Feb sellers	40/3
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels	
October seller	45/6
Wheat South Australian parcels	
September sellers	45/3

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Sept 28

Following a further rise of 8 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 175/2 for Broach A/M delivery and improved to Rs. 176/4 on short covering and scattered buying. Later on there was some realising and prices declined to Rs. 176. The market was steady at this level with a limited turnover:

Liverpool market was due to one point up but it opened 3 points up. But the local market did not show any important change and closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M	175	8	
Oomra D/J	155	0	0
Bengal D/J	134	4	0

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Sept. 28.

Bengal F.G.	141/44
C. P. 1	162/65
C. P. 2	151/53
Arvi	151/53
Berar	145/47
Khandesh	140/45
Jalna/Sailu	140/45
Burwah Sanavad	140/45
Mathia	125/30
Broach Fine	137/71
Jagadia-Ankleshwar	201/230
Surat	216/18
Navsari	226/28
Kampala	336/38

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Sept. 28.

	Cwts.
Wheat	4,230
Linseed	13,721
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	328
Gingellyseed	29
Groundnuts	4,299
Castorseed	2,683
Rice	12,156
Myrabollams	298
Cottonseed	863
Mowraseed	264
Gram	2,238
Joowar	2,433
Maize	716
Bajree	1,014
Indian Sugar	2,845

Indian Cotton Figures

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, Sept. 28.

In full-pressed Bales.	2 days	Since 1st Sept. This year.
Khandesh		152
Barsi and Nagar		211
Berar		6
Central Provinces		68
Total Oomras		417
Dholera		600
Sind-Punjab	320	4,94
Broach	25	1,382
Coompta and Dharwar	105	1,281
Westerns-Northerns		137
Cocoanada		12
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		315
American		153
Egyptian, African and Sudan	839	13,628
Total	1,269	27,909

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept. to 23rd Sept.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday	This year.
Europe		12,072
Japan and China		21,180
Coast Ports		3,41
Up-country by Rail		17,471
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		83
Total		60,969

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F.P. Bales.	1937-38	1936-37
Receipts to date 27-9-37	2334000	1554000
Receipts Yesterday 27-9-37	92000	51000
Exports to date 27-9-37	712000	652000
Stock at Ports 24-9-37	2233000	1862000
Stock at Interior Towns 24-9-37	1244000	677000
Stock at Liverpool 24-9-37	684000	744000
Visible Supply 24-9-37	4475000	4445000
Quantity in sight 24-9-37	2857000	2576000
Quantity out of sight 24-9-37	1263000	1383000

Cotton Arrivals

	Bales.
Receipts into Bombay on 25th September	1,319
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1937	26,643
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	23,237
Increase	3,406

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: October 149 January 181 March 187 May 191 at cross rate 4.94 7/8

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1938 175 Liverpool May 1938 5.05 Rs. 45 at exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1938 175 New York May 5.49 Rs. 15 3/4 at cross rate 4.94 7/8

Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, Sept 27

GIZA—	
Spot	7.52+7
October	6.75+1
November	6.78+1
December	6.98+6
January 1938	7.10+8
March 1938	7.20+7
May 1937	7.28+7
July 1938	7.37+7
UPPER—	
Spot	6.73+11
October	6.20+7
November	6.10+7
December	
January 1938	6.11+6
March 1938	6.16+8
May 1938	6.21+7
July 1938	6.23+6

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, Sept 28

2 3/4 per cent 1946/52 100
2 per cent 1948/54 101/8
3 per cent 1951 Bonds 103/8
3 per cent 1955/58 Bonds 98/
3 1/2 per cent 1948 P N Cash 97/10
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 106/4
3 per cent 1948 Bonds 108/2
3 per cent 1950/70 113/2
3 per cent 1955/60 118/8
4 per cent 1939/44 105/10
4 per cent 1940/43 108/4
3 1/2 per cent 1948/58 Loan 103/12

TAX FREES

3 per cent 1954/63 112
3 per cent 1945/55 123/2
3 1/2 per cent 1955 Mysore 103/12
3 per cent 1935 Mysore 123

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P 1 1974 109
4 per cent M Deb 1974 108/8
3 per cent M Deb 1949 118
3 per cent 1954 131
4 per cent K P 1 1956 131

Note: 3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at Rs. 97/8 and improved to Rs. 97/10/6. Budli difference increased to annas two and pies nine. Tone: Firm.

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

Liverpool, Sept. 28.

Weather cold in Eastern belt, light rains in Eastern belt. The Daily U. S. Government Forecast says: "Central belt generally fair; all balance entire belt partly cloudy."

MONEY & EXCHANGES

Bombay, Sept 28

B. C. RATES	T T D D 1/6 1/16
LONDON—	
Bank's selling	T T D D 1/6 5/32
Bank's buying	T T 1/6 5/32
Bank's buying	D D 1/6 3/16
Bank's buying	3 months 1/6 7/32
NEW YORK—	
Bank's selling	T T 238 5/8
Bank's buying	T T 266 3/4
PARIS—	
Bank's selling	T T 1,082
Bank's buying	T T 1,102
AGRA—	
Bank's selling	T T 77 1/2
Bank's buying	T T 77
AMSTERDAM—	
Bank's selling	D D 67 1/8
JAVA—	
Bank's selling	D D 66 7/8
HONGKONG—	
Bank's selling	D D 84
SHANGHAI—	
Bank's selling	D D 81
SINGAPORE—	
Bank's selling	D D 156 1/4
BERLIN—	
Bank's selling	D D 91 3/4

CROSS RATE—

New York London 4.94.87 27th instant
Japan London 1/2 28th instant
Hongkong London 1/3 1/16 28th instant
Shanghai London 1/2 7/16 28th instant
Java London 8.93 1/2 28th instant
London Paris 144.53 27th instant
London Belgium 29.41 1/2 27th instant
London Switzerland 21.56 3/4 27th instant
London Berlin 12.34 1/4 27th instant
London Stockholm 19.29 1/2 27th instant
London New York 4.95.22 27th instant
London Amsterdam 8.95 3/4 27th instant
London Italy 94.10 27th instant

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.

Gold £7-0-6 25th instant
Gold £7-0-4 1/2 27th instant
Silver London Ready 19 15/16 25th instant
Silver London Ready 19 15/16 27th instant
Silver London Forward 19 13/16 25th instant
Silver London Forward 19 13/16 27th instant
Silver New York Ready 45 25th instant
Silver New York Ready 45 27th instant
London discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 25th instant
London discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 27th instant
London discounts 3 months 11/16 per cent 25th instant
London discounts 6 months 11/16 per cent 27th instant
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent

LONDON—
Call 1/4 per cent
months 3/4 per cent.
months 1 per cent

Tone:—Easy

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Sept 27

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	78 1/4
3 1/2 per cent	92 1/8
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	102 3/4
4 per cent 1948/53	107 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	113
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	115 1/4
5 per cent 1942/47	111 1/4
3 per cent 1929/52	97 7/8
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	73 7/8
3 1/2 per cent War loan	100 3/4
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	111 1/4

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Sept 28

November	232.30—370
December	230.00—410
January	229.90—340
March	228.50—350

LONDON METALS

London, Sept 27

Copper	£50 18 9
Lead	£20 6 3
Spelter	£20 3 9
Tin	£252 5 0

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, Sept 28

November	62.90—
December	62.80—40

Moderate Realising In A Narrow Session

COTTON TEXTILE SHARES QUIET

Absence Of Professional Support

BOMBAY: September 28.

The local Share Bazar was barely steady to-day with a moderate turnover and prices fluctuated within a narrow range.

During the early part of the session there was scattered buying in sympathy with firmer Wall-Street advices, but in the absence of the follow-up on the buying side prices failed to register any important improvement. Later on there was some realising and prices sagged. The tone of the market at the close was quiet.

It appears that speculative interest has increased moderately and the market is becoming overbought, which may lead to wider Budly differences particularly in Cotton Mill shares.

Tata Steel shares were very steady and Dfds. were done at Rs. 1,630 on the upper side, but later on prices eased off to Rs. 1,610.

There was some realising in Cotton Mill shares which in the absence of professional support weakened prices.

The turnover was limited in view of month-end evening up.

Budly differences were mostly normal, but were somewhat higher than the last settlement. Tata Steel Dfds. Rs. 7-8, Ordinary Rs. 1-8 and Bombay Dyeing Rs. 5.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, Sept. 28.

	Rs. as
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 6)	380 0
250 BOM DYEING (Rs 25)	1105 0
100 CENTURY	301 4
100 CEN. INDIA (Rs. 3)	327 8
100 COLABA (Rs. 2-8)	228 12
100 Coorla (Rs. 5)	117 8
250 Davis	75 0
250 Dawn (Rs 10)	460 0
1 E. D. Sassoon (nil)	0 11 0
100 Finlay (Rs. 3)	166 4
100 GOKAK (Rs. 4-8)	252 8
100 [illegible] (Rs 75)	1790 0
100 Indore	77 8
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)	151 4
100 KOHINOOR (Rs. 8)	380 0
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	687 3
25 Madras United	11 0
1000 Morarji (nil)	1200 0
250 Model	55 0
[illegible] (Rs 2)	125 0
200 NEW GREAT (Nil)	312 8
100 Osmanshahi (Re. 1)	46 8
100 Phoenix (10)	327 8
25 SASSOON SILK (Rs. 2)	63 8
1000 Sholapur (Rs 50)	2330 0
50 SIMPLEX (Rs. 2)	120 10
100 SWADESHI (Rs. 5)	316 4
100 Swan (nil)	127 8
500 Vishnu (Rs 50)	1440 0
1000 Western (Rs 10)	850 0

BANKS

50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	117 0
25-50 Central (Rs. 12)	30 10
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1555 0
[illegible] Conty (Rs 7-8)	361 4
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	143 0
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 3-8)	127 0
5 Union (As 4)	5 9 0

CEMENTS

100 Associated	149 8

INSURANCE

100-50 Empire (Rs 14)	995 0
15 100 Jupiter (As 12)	15 12
20 Mercantile	55 8
15-75 New India (Rs. 1-4)	44 0
250 Oriental (125)	4900 0
10-50 Vulcan (Rs. 8)	8 2

ELECTRIC

100 Ahmedabad Old	151 14
100 ANDHRA VALLEY (Rs 5)	1635 0
10 Ajmer (As 4	13 10
50 B'BAY TRAM (Rs. 2-8)	133 7
100 B'bay Suburban (Rs 6)	182 8
10 Broach	14 2
100 Karachi (4)	271 4
100 Poona (4)	212 0
100 Surat (Rs 6)	212 0
100 TATA HYDRO (Rs. 5)	165 10
100 TATA POWER (Rs 40)	1457 8

RAILWAYS

500 Ahmedabad Prantij	960 0
100 C Province	97 0
100 Dhond Baramati	104 4
100 Gujarat	95 12
100 Mandra Bhon	97 8
100 Pachora Jamner	94 0
100 Sara Sirajgunj	99-8 XD
500 Tapti Valley	767 8

MININGS

9 Burma Corp. (As. 11)	11 2

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Sept 28

Bombay Dyeing (1121/4) 1125 1127 1122 1125 1106 1100 1105
Century (293/6) 301 308 303 305 297 301
Central India (326/4) 327 330 327
Kohinoor (381/4) 385 377 380
New Great (318/12) 322 316 317 312
Simplex (121/4) 121 125 119 120/10
Swadeshi (312/8) 317 320 317 316
Associated Cements (149/8) 150 149/8
Andhra (162/8) 1642 1635
Tata Hydro (165) 165 165/10
Tata Power (1448/12) 1465 1470 1462 1470 1458 1457
Tram Ord (133/2) 133/12
T Steel Defd (1647/8) 1652 1660 1655 1662 1652 1657 1645 1655 1637 1645
T Steel Ord. (354/8) 355 357 356 353 354/8 352/8 353/8 352
Tata Steel 2nd pref (168/8) 169 168
Bellapur (175/10) 176 177 176
B Steam (212/8) 213 215 211 212
B Burma (771/4) 777 770 771 767

25sh. Indian Copper (As. 1-6)	3 4
10 Ind an Iron and Steel (Re. 1)	51 12
10 SHIVRAJPUR (Rs. 2)	69 8
[illegible] OFD (Rs. 36-3-6)	1645 0
75 TATA STEEL ORD (Rs. 10)	353 0

MISCELLANEOUS

100 ALCOCK (Rs. 5)	327 8
BELAPUR SUGAR (Rs. 6)	176 4
200 B'bay Safe Dep (Rs 40)	876 4
250 BOM STEAM (Rs. 13-12)	212 8
125 B. BURMA (Rs. 12-8)	767 8
50 Do. Conty (Rs 63-3)	257 8
9sh. Br. B Petrol (nil)	5-11-3
50 B TELEPHONE (Rs 2-8)	103 8
100 I. BLEACHING (Rs. 3)	167 8
50 I. [illegible] (Rs. 2)	55 0
100 I. Radio Defd. (12)	565 0
100 I. Radio Ord (15)	510 0
1000 Port Canning (Rs 25	735 0
PREMIER CON (Rs. 2-15)	94 8
15 Scindia	28 12
25 Tata Oil Mill	35 0

PREFERENCE

7 p.c Andhra Valley	1580 0
6 p.c Bombay Steam	307 8
7 p.c Bom Tram (T.F.)	70 12
5 p.c Central India (T F)	555 0
6 1/4 p.c. Prem Const. 1st	107 0
6 1/4 p.c. Prem. Const. 2nd	168 8
7 p.c Tata Hydro	159 6
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1575 0
6 p.c Tata Steam 1st	201 4
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd.	168 0
7 p.c Vishnu	703 12

DEBENTURES

3 3/4 p.c Andhra Valley	101 0
6 p.c Andhra Valley	109 4
4 p.c Bom Telephone	52 0
4 p.c Sholapur	83 12
5 p.c Tata Hydro	109 8

(Last Dividend in Brackets and Capital letters indicate shares on Forward List)

REASONS BEHIND DROP IN WALL STREET

Bombay, Sept 28

Messrs. Harkisondass Lukhmidass have received the following cable in reply to their enquiry from their New York Stock Exchange friends:—

"Volume orders decreasing owing to uncertain business outlook. Additional curtailing expected. Prefer purchases."

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, Sept 27

SAKEL—	
November	14.77—21
January	14.81—24
March	14.89—25
ASHMOUNI—	
December	10.71—12
February	10.77—12
GIZA—	
November	13.16—14
January	13.19—16

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Sept. 28.

London Market.—	
Standard Copper Cash (buyers)	£51/2/6
Standard Copper 3 months	£51/2/6
Electrolytic copper	£58/10/0
Bombay Market.—	
Yellow Metal Sheets	Rs. 44/8
Copper Sheets	Rs. 46/8

Tone:—Steady.

High And Low Cotton Prices

Bombay, Sept 27

Broach A/M 1938 opening 175 3/4 highest 176 1/2 lowest 175 closing 176 1/2

Oomra D/J opening 156 1/2 highest 156 1/2 lowest 156 closing 156 1/2

Bengal D/J opening 137, highest 137 lowest 134 1/4 closing 134 3/4

Tejimandi for Broach April May (21-10-37) Rs 7

Tejimandi for Broach April May (31-3-38) Rs. 19 1/2

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: October 153 January 185 March 190 May 192 at cross rate 4.95 1/4

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1938 175 Liverpool May 1938 5.02 Rs 43 1/2 at exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1938 175 New York May 8.43 Rs. 14 1/4 at cross rate 4.95 1/4

New York Sugar

New York, Sept. 27.

December	2.26—1.
March	2.26—4.
May	2.29—3.
July	2.31—3.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

Regd. No B. 1065

New Olive Oil NUTEX (liquid)
THE SUPREME HAIR REMOVER,
Ends Superfluous Hair, Permanently.
Extra Strength of 'GIME' incorporated in "NUTEX" Golden liquid, was proved by recent experiment; Hair placed in "NUTEX" completely dissolved within 72 hours. "NUTEX" is Odourless, Quick, Safe and Economical. Used by all Royalties.
AVAILABLE EVERYWHERE

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta
Editor Syed Abdullah Brelvi

Regd. No B. 1065

PHOSPH-AURA A Tonic

contains AURUM (Gold) Organised IRON & MURIATI UM in a balanced form in the same strength & proportion as is needed by the human organism. Price Re 1-8-0 Postage extra Literature on request
ROY & COMPANY (Homoeopaths) 176 Princess Street, BOMBAY, NO. 2

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1937

Kamaladevi Challenges Mysore Police

Addresses Public Meeting Despite Warning: Dewan Expresses Regret

(From A Special Correspondent)

BANGALORE, (By Mail).

The last week has been a memorable one in Mysore State. It inaugurated with Srimathi Kamala Devi's presence within its borders. She was received with full honours on the frontier by the State with a posse of seventeen policemen to serve her with an order prohibiting her from making any speeches in Mysore City. No programme or meeting had been fixed for her. Her presence in Mysore was merely accidental, for it happened to be on the direct route along which she was travelling. In the course of that journey as she suddenly developed fever she stopped for a night at the Seringapatam traveller's bungalow. Two police officers turned up there in the morning and put her through a cross-examination. Not content with that, four men in ordinary clothes entered the rooms while Sri Kamala Devi was lying in bed and made a cursory search of the room.

SHADOWED THROUGHOUT

Simultaneously with this, prohibitory orders under various sections were being served on Congress workers throughout the State, obstructing them in their normal Congress activities. Sri. Kamala Devi, who got detained in Bangalore for two days by Mr. Hukkerikar, the Secretary of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee, who had come to interview the Dewan, found herself under severe police surveillance. A twenty-four-hour watch was put not only on the house where Kamala Devi was put up, but even of those workers and friends she was likely to visit. A police car with four C.I.D. men followed her wherever she went.

ACCEPTS CHALLENGE

The Bangalore City Congress Committee arranged a public meeting in the evening to test the change of atmosphere as a result of this momentous interview. The Congress workers, however, learnt with much disappointment that although the Dewan was prepared to allow Mr. Hukkerikar to address the evening's meeting, he would serve Sri. Kamala Devi with a prohibitory order if she attempted to speak. When she heard of this she exclaimed, "If Sjt. Hukkerikar can speak, I have just as much right to speak also and I challenge anyone to prevent me from doing so." Several tried to dissuade her, but she was adamant and true to that challenge, she rose to address the meeting in a very tense and surcharged atmosphere. All eyes were turned towards the police officer seated there. She began, she proceeded, and closed after about an hour. The order never left the office where it was written. The Government did not accept the challenge she had given.

DEWAN EXPRESSES REGRET

Her courage triumphed. One is, however, glad to learn that the Dewan, Sir Mirza, has expressed his regret for the insulting treatment meted out to the guest and has also given an assurance that this will not be repeated and no prohibitory order will be served on her in future.

Mr. Anthony Eden, British Foreign Minister (centre), signing the Mediterranean Pact, at Nyon, near Geneva, recently.
Seated on left is Admiral Lord Chatfield, First Sea Lord, and on right Sir Robert Vansittart, Permanent Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs.

HINDU SABHA AND CONGRESSMEN

Poona Democrats Protest Against Jawaharlal Nehru's Letter

POONA, Sept. 27.

At a public meeting held at Tilak Mandir, under the auspices of the Democratic Swaraj Party Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar presiding, Messrs. S. L. Karandikar, M.L.A., and G. V. Ketkar, criticised the Congress President's letter to Mr. Brijlal Biyani, advising Congressmen that it will be desirable not to participate in the Berar Hindu Sabha Session to be held under the presidentship of Mr. Vinayakrao Savarkar at Akola.

The speakers also protested against the attitude of neutrality adopted by the Congress members of the Central Legislative Assembly in respect of the Bill introduced by Sir Mahomed Yakub, proposing intestate property of Muslims should go to Muslim community instead of to the State.—United Press.

LORRY CONTAINING GOVT. RATIONS BURNT

Trans-Frontier Tribes Loot 7 Lorries

DERA ISMAIL KHAN, September 28.

Seven motor lorries carrying goods, passengers and military rations were looted by trans-Frontier Tribes on Jandola-Wana Road. One lorry which contained Government rations was altogether burnt by tribesmen

Many gangs of trans-Frontier tribes are reported to have come out from hills and wandering in the plains of Dera Ismail Khan to seek an opportunity to commit dacoities.

The Government have made precautionary arrangements for the protection of villagers. The Jandola-Wana Road has been closed for traffic.

On receipt of information that the village of Yarik is in imminent danger of being looted by trans-Frontier tribesmen a strong police force has been despatched to the village.—A.P.

TRIUMPH FOR LABOUR

Mr. Ruiker On Rajnandgaon Mill Strike Settlement Terms

RAJNANDGAON, Sept. 28.

Negotiations between Mr. Hatchfield, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Rajnandgaon Mills, and Mr. R. S. Ruiker of the Majdoor Sangh in connection with the stay-in-strike in the mills, resulted in the settlement of the strike

The terms of settlement include, complete restoration of the wage-cut effected in 1934, no victimisation of strikers, restoration of good muster bonus, and an apology by the management to the Union regarding the assault by an English officer conveying to the workers regret on his provocative conduct. The question of 50 discharged workers was referred to the arbitration by the Political Agent, as also the payment of wages for the three days of strike by the workers. The workers accepted the terms.

A huge mass meeting was held, where Mr. Ruiker exhorted the workers to strengthen the Union and agitate to redress their grievances. He characterised the settlement as a great labour success.—United Press.

NO WAR-MENTALITY IN GERMANY?

Dr. Rau's Impression Of His Continental Tour

"As far as I could gather there is no evidence of any war mentality among the German people. My own opinion is that the Third Empire is short of both money and material and the Nazi party knows it and the people know it. Perhaps it is a question of "the

Dr. Laxman Rao who arrived in India on Sunday is seen with Mrs. Rao (Mille Sholinger). Their Marriage took place at Moscow.

spirit is willing but the flesh is weak." But this much is certain that outside the sabre-rattling and drum-beating at Stuttgart and Nuremberg there is no war mentality."

This was the opinion expressed by Dr. W. Rau of Berhampur who returned to India by the S. S. "Strathnaver" on Sunday morning, after a tour on the Continent.

NO OUTCASTING OF NAIR FAMILY

Cochin Publicity Officer's Explanation

In its issue dated 23rd September 1937, "The Mathrubhumi" of Calicut has published its correspondent's account of a meeting of the Malayalees said to have been held in Bombay. The meeting, according to the report, was intended to protest against an alleged order recently issued by His Highness the Maharaja of Cochin outcasting the members of a respectable Nayar family at Trippunittura for having arranged a cosmopolitan tea party.

His Highness the Maharaja has not recently issued any order outcasting any Nayar family in Trippunittura or elsewhere in the State, nor has His Highness contemplated any such step. It has long been the practice in the State to invite representatives of all communities to the Darbars held in the Palace of His Highness the Maharaja and also for Garden Parties connected with State functions.

INDORE'S INVITATION TO JAWAHARLAL

(From Our Correspondent.)

INDORE, Sept. 26.

It is reliably understood that the Indore City Congress Committee has invited Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, to visit Indore. It is stated that the Pandit has accepted the invitation.

The programme is not fixed yet, probably the Pandit would visit Indore before the next Session of the Haripura Congress.

PHYSICAL EDUCATION IN BOMBAY

Govt. Appoints Committee To Advise It On Question

The Government of Bombay have appointed a Committee consisting of the following members to advise them on the question of physical education in primary and secondary schools in the Bombay Presidency:—

Swami Kuvalayananda, (Chairman), Kaivalyadhama, Bombay 2.

Mr. M. R. Paranjpe, M.A., B.Sc., 520, Narayan Peth, Poona 2.

Captain Ganpatrao Modak, Thalakwadi, Belgaum.

Mrs. Salima Faiz B. Tyabji, M. L. A., Somerset Lodge, Warden Road, Bombay.

Mr. S. S. Cameron, Assistant Director of Public Instruction, Poona.

Dr. M. N. Natu, District Scout Commissioner, 418, Shaniwar Peth, Poona 2.

Mr. C. B. Purani, M. L. A., (Secretary) C/o Post Master, G. P. O., Ahmedabad.

Mr. C. B. Purani will also act as convener of the Committee. The Committee will draw up proper schemes for the introduction of physical education in primary and secondary schools with special reference to the following terms of reference:—

(i) to suggest measures for the improvement and development of physical education in the Presidency e.g.,—

(a) the appointment of a number of trained experts throughout the Presidency,

(b) to build up a cadre of trained teachers—both for Primary and Secondary schools.

(c) the provision of equipment, reference books and syllabuses for Primary and Secondary schools.

(d) encouragement and help to local gymnasia and athletic associations.

(ii) To draw up an actual scheme of Physical Education for Primary and Secondary schools of this Presidency with particular reference to the following points—

(a) the type of physical education required for children of varying ages,

(b) how far it is practicable to introduce compulsion,

(c) to make recommendations with regard to the provision of playing-fields in Municipal and rural areas,

(d) the probable cost to Government on such a scheme.

The Committee are instructed to advise Government as to how a beginning should be made on the lines of their schemes with the sum of Rs. 10,000 provided for the purpose in the current year's budget.

The public are requested to send in their suggestions to the Secretary of the Committee before October 18.

The Committee have been asked to submit their report within one month of their first sitting.

BANS ON MORE BOOKS LIFTED

The Government of Bombay have cancelled the orders declaring the following publications to be forfeited:—

(1) The Gujarati translation of Bepin Chandra Pal's speeches by Mr. B. F. Karbhari;

(2) The Marathi translation of Bepin Chandra Pal's speeches by Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar;

(3) Speeches delivered at Madras by Bepin Chandra Pal printed in Marathi and published by Mr. M. V. Joshi;

(4) Pictorial India of To-day by Mr. H. R. Bhagwat;

(5) Abhinava Bharat Mala Nos. 6 and 7 by "Govind".

CONGRESS ALONE CAN SERVE MASSES

Appeal To Join National Organisation

POONA, Sept. 28.

Mr. Keshavrao Bagade, an ex-M.L.A., and Mr. Shankarrao More, President of the Poona District Local Board—two prominent non-Brahmin leaders of Maharashtra—have enrolled themselves as Congress members to-day.

In a lengthy statement, they declare that the Congress programme alone will bring about the uplift of peasants, workers, Harijans and the down-trodden. They appeal that masses should throw all their weight in favour of the Congress to achieve success in the struggle for freedom.—United Press.

HON. MR. PATIL AT BARSI

Overhauling Of Local Bodies

BARSI, Sept. 28.

Many important changes in the administration of local bodies were envisaged by Mr. L. M. Patil, Minister for Local Self-Government and Industries, replying to a civic address presented to him by the Barsi Municipality this afternoon. The Minister arrived here from Poona and was given a rousing reception by the Citizens. An address of welcome was presented by the Municipality.

Mr Patil said that Government had under consideration an exhaustive scheme of reform with a view to overhauling all the Acts relating to Local Bodies and that the requisite Bills would be introduced in the next session of the Legislature. He made an earnest appeal to purge the Municipal Administration of its present abuses and declared that they should take their work in a spirit of service and high sense of responsibility. Civic administration should be worthy of the high ideals of the Congress.

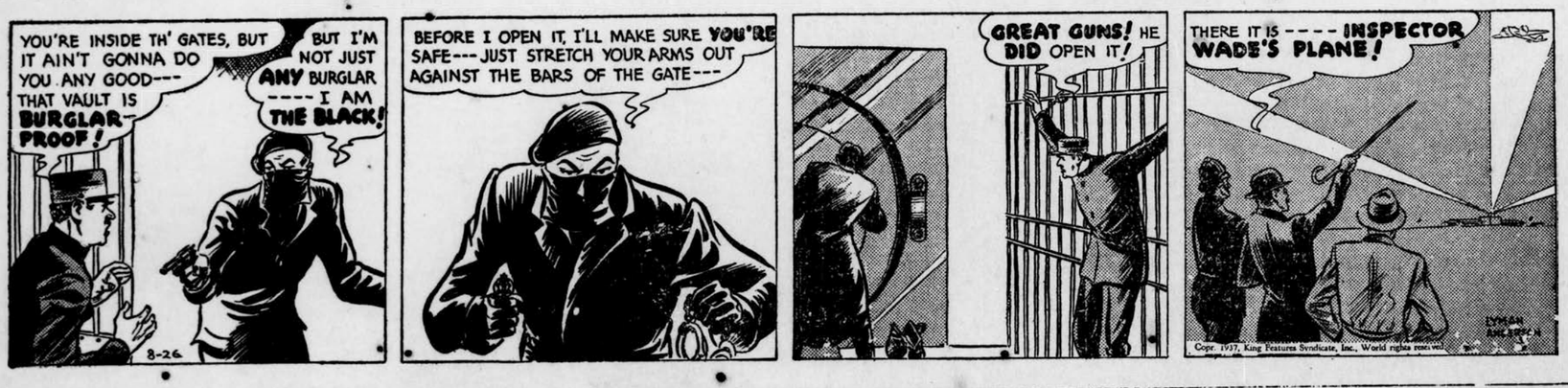
Mr. Patil also touched upon the Government schemes to help small-scale industries and outlined the proposals regarding tanning, paper-making and spinning which Government intended to bring into effect without delay.

"En-route" the Minister alighted at Kurduwadi where he was presented with another address by the Village Panchayat Mr. Patil left for Poona after visiting the Municipal Offices and School and the Jain Hostel.—A. P.

It is reliably understood that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President, will be visiting Panch-Mahals in the middle of October A meeting of the Panch-Mahals District Congress Committee will be held at Dhrol on October 4 to chalk out a suitable programme.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — "THE BLACK"


YOU'RE INSIDE TH' GATES, BUT IT AIN'T GONNA DO YOU ANY GOOD--- THAT VAULT IS BURGLAR-PROOF!
BUT I'M NOT JUST ANY BURGLAR ---- I AM THE BLACK!
8-26
BEFORE I OPEN IT, I'LL MAKE SURE YOU'RE SAFE---JUST STRETCH YOUR ARMS OUT AGAINST THE BARS OF THE GATE---
GREAT GUNS! HE DID OPEN IT!
THERE IT IS ---- INSPECTOR WADE'S PLANE!
Copr. 1937, King Features Syndicate, Inc., World rights reserved.

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, Fort, Bombay.